

Converting Colors

RGB(124, 230, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(124, 230, 183) contains.

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Color

RGB(124, 230, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CE6B7
RGB	124, 230, 183
RGB Percent	49%, 90%, 72%
CMY	0.5137, 0.0980, 0.2824
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.20, 0.10
HSL	153°, 68%, 69%
HSV	153°, 46%, 90%
XYZ	45.1562, 64.2976, 54.8304
YIQ	192.9480, -48.0890, -37.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

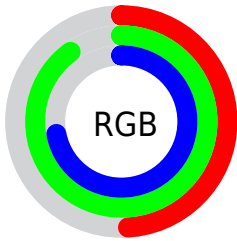
Format	Color
RYB	124, 192, 230
Decimal	8185527
CIELab	84.12, -41.41, 13.50
CIElCh	84, 43.552, 161.936
Yxy	64.2976, 0.2749, 0.3914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286375607 (0xFF7CE6B7)
YUV	192.9480, -4.9044, -60.4674
Hunter-Lab	80.1858, -39.8037, 15.5880

Details

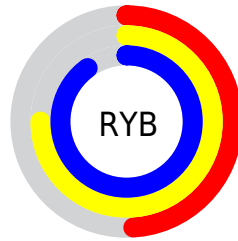
The RGB color **124, 230, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **230, 124, 171**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181, 255, 239**, and **66, 174, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101, 230, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 230, 193**.

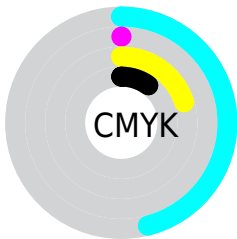
Distribution



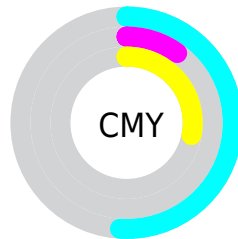
- Red (49%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 230, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 230, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 124, 230, 183

255, 255, 255


 181, 255, 239


 211, 255, 255


 240, 255, 255

 124, 230, 183

 95, 202, 156

 66, 174, 130

 31, 147, 105

 0, 120, 81

 0, 95, 57

 0, 70, 36

 0, 47, 15

 0, 23, 0

 0, 0, 0

 124, 230, 183

 124, 230, 183

 101, 230, 173

 147, 230, 193

 78, 230, 163

 170, 230, 203

 55, 230, 152

 193, 230, 214

 32, 230, 142

 216, 230, 224

 9, 230, 132

 239, 230, 234

 0, 230, 128

 255, 230, 244

 255, 230, 254

 255, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 223, 147



124, 230, 183



66, 232, 225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 230, 183



177, 208, 255



255, 185, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 230, 183



230, 124, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 178, 195



124, 230, 183



236, 193, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 230, 183



107, 221, 255



255, 181, 236



255, 199, 132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 230, 183



36, 231, 252



255, 181, 236



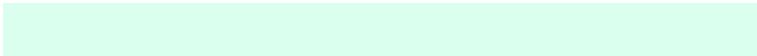
255, 182, 168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 230, 183



219, 255, 239



172, 230, 124



106, 128, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 230, 183



115, 255, 193



124, 225, 230



103, 115, 110



0, 179, 99



0, 51, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 124, 171



255, 115, 177



230, 129, 124



115, 103, 108



179, 0, 79



51, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 230, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

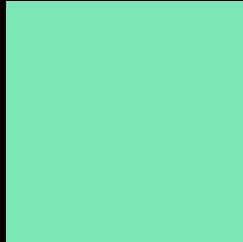
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 230, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 124, 230, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 230, 183.

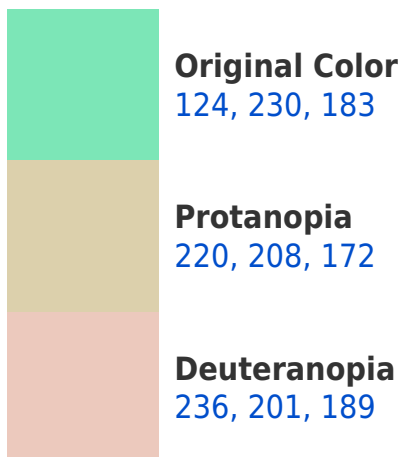


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 230, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 222, 240

Trichromacy



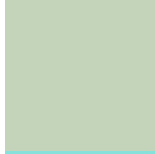
Original Color

124, 230, 183



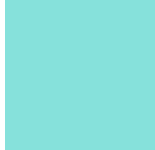
Protanomaly

185, 216, 176



Deuteranomaly

195, 212, 187



Tritanomaly

134, 225, 219

Monochromacy



Original Color

124, 230, 183



Achromatopsia

193, 193, 193



Achromatomaly

168, 206, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 230, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 230, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 230, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 230, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 230, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 230, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 230, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 230, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 230, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 230, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 230, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 230,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 230, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 230, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
230, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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