

Converting Colors

RGB(125, 108, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(125, 108, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(125, 108, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D6C86
RGB	125, 108, 134
RGB Percent	49%, 42%, 53%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5765, 0.4745
CMYK	0.07, 0.19, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	279°, 11%, 47%
HSV	279°, 19%, 53%
XYZ	18.1231, 16.8063, 24.8430
YIQ	116.0470, 1.7860, 11.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

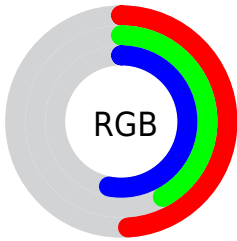
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 108, 134
Decimal	8219782
CIE _{Lab}	48.02, 11.86, -11.84
CIE _{LCh}	48, 16.757, 315.042
Yxy	16.8063, 0.3032, 0.2812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286409862 (0xFF7D6C86)
YUV	116.0470, 8.8508, 7.8518
Hunter-Lab	40.9955, 7.1682, -7.2325

Details

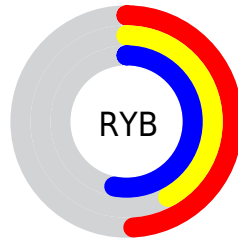
The RGB color **125, 108, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **117, 134, 108**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 159, 187**, and **76, 61, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 95, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 121, 134**.

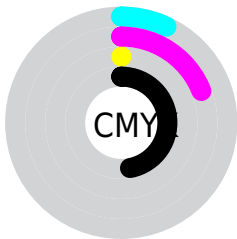
Distribution



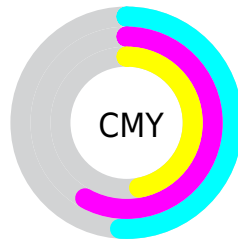
- Red (49%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 125, 108, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 125, 108, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 125, 108, 134

255, 255, 255

 178, 159, 187

 205, 186, 215

 234, 214, 243

 255, 243, 255

 125, 108, 134

 120, 95, 134


 116, 81, 134

 125, 108, 134

 100, 84, 109

 76, 61, 84


 53, 39, 61


 31, 18, 39

 0, 0, 18

 0, 0, 0

 125, 108, 134

 130, 121, 134

 134, 135, 134

■ 111, 68, 134

■ 139, 148, 134

■ 106, 54, 134

■ 144, 162, 134

■ 102, 41, 134

■ 148, 175, 134

■ 97, 28, 134

■ 153, 188, 134

■ 93, 14, 134

■ 157, 202, 134

■ 88, 1, 134

■ 162, 215, 134

■ 88, 0, 134

■ 167, 229, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 113, 141



125, 108, 134



138, 105, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125, 108, 134



131, 111, 87



75, 122, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125, 108, 134



117, 134, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86, 121, 106



125, 108, 134



117, 115, 87

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125, 108, 134



140, 106, 95



101, 119, 94



76, 121, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125, 108, 134



142, 104, 112



101, 119, 94



78, 122, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125, 108, 134



170, 163, 173



108, 117, 134



85, 81, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125, 108, 134



160, 134, 173



134, 108, 130



64, 60, 66



85, 0, 130



2, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 108, 117



173, 134, 147



108, 134, 112



66, 60, 62



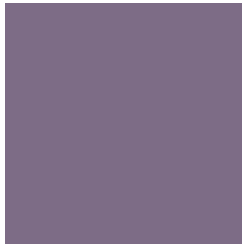
130, 0, 45



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 108, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 108, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

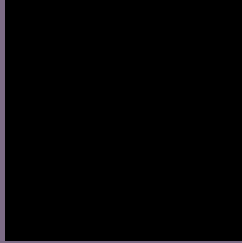
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 125, 108, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 108, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 108, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125, 108, 134

Protanopia

109, 113, 137

Deuteranopia

116, 111, 133



Tritanopia
123, 111, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

125, 108, 134

Protanomaly

115, 111, 136

Deuteranomaly

119, 110, 133

Tritanomaly

124, 110, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

125, 108, 134

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

119, 113, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 125, 108, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 108, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 108, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 108, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 108, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 125, 108, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 108, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 108, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 108, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 108, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 108, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 108,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 125, 108, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 108, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
108, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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