

Converting Colors

RGB(125, 141, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(125, 141, 183) contains.

RGB(125, 141, 183)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(125, 141, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D8DB7
RGB	125, 141, 183
RGB Percent	49%, 55%, 72%
CMY	0.5098, 0.4471, 0.2824
CMYK	0.32, 0.23, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	223°, 29%, 60%
HSV	223°, 32%, 72%
XYZ	26.5296, 26.8286, 48.5799
YIQ	141.0040, -23.0180, 9.6700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

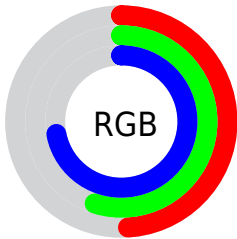
Format	Color
RYB	125, 138, 183
Decimal	8228279
CIELab	58.82, 4.28, -23.83
CIELCh	59, 24.215, 280.189
Yxy	26.8286, 0.2603, 0.2632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286418359 (0xFF7D8DB7)
YUV	141.0040, 20.7040, -14.0355
Hunter-Lab	51.7964, 0.7823, -19.3508

Details

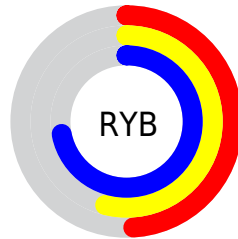
The RGB color `125, 141, 183` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be `183, 167, 125`, and the grayscale version is `141, 141, 141`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `179, 194, 239`, and `74, 91, 130` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `107, 128, 183`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `143, 154, 183`.

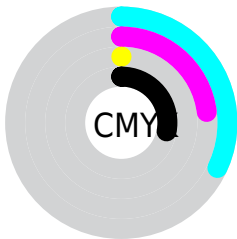
Distribution



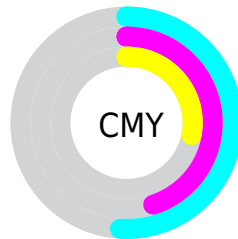
- Red (49%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 125, 141, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 125, 141, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 125, 141, 183

255, 255, 255

■ 179, 194, 239

■ 207, 222, 255

■ 235, 251, 255

■ 125, 141, 183

■ 99, 116, 156

■ 74, 91, 130

■ 49, 68, 105

■ 24, 46, 80

■ 0, 25, 57

■ 0, 2, 36

■ 0, 0, 11

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 125, 141, 183

■ 125, 141, 183

■ 107, 128, 183

■ 143, 154, 183

■ 88, 114, 183

■ 162, 168, 183

■ 70, 101, 183

■ 180, 181, 183

■ 52, 88, 183

■ 198, 194, 183

■ 33, 75, 183

■ 217, 207, 183

■ 15, 61, 183

■ 235, 221, 183

■ 0, 50, 183

■ 253, 234, 183

■ 255, 247, 183

■ 255, 255, 183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 148, 181



125, 141, 183



154, 134, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125, 141, 183



182, 129, 115



101, 152, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125, 141, 183



183, 167, 125

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 148, 109



125, 141, 183



169, 135, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125, 141, 183



184, 126, 135



149, 142, 100



81, 153, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125, 141, 183



169, 129, 163



149, 142, 100



109, 151, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125, 141, 183



213, 220, 237



125, 183, 167



105, 109, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125, 141, 183



147, 172, 237



138, 125, 183



83, 85, 92



0, 43, 156



0, 8, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 125, 141



237, 147, 172



170, 183, 125



92, 83, 85



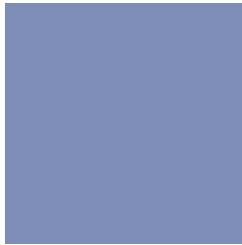
156, 0, 43



28, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 141, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

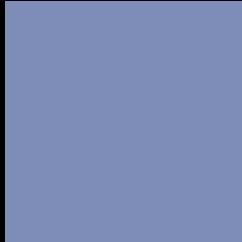
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 141, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

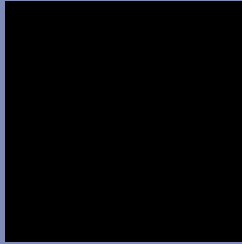
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

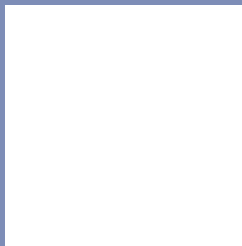
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 125, 141, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 141, 183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 141, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125, 141, 183

Protanopia

130, 140, 182

Deuteranopia

132, 139, 183



Tritanopia
119, 146, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color
125, 141, 183

Protanomaly
128, 140, 182

Deuteranomaly
129, 140, 183

Tritanomaly
121, 144, 166

Monochromacy



Original Color
125, 141, 183

Achromatopsia
141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly
135, 141, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 125, 141, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 141, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 141, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 141, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 141, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 125, 141, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 141, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 141, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 141, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 141, 183); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 141, 183); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 141, 183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 125, 141, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 141, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
141, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor