

Converting Colors

RGB(125, 185, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(125, 185, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(125, 185, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DB984
RGB	125, 185, 132
RGB Percent	49%, 73%, 52%
CMY	0.5098, 0.2745, 0.4824
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.29, 0.27
HSL	127°, 30%, 61%
HSV	127°, 32%, 73%
XYZ	29.9713, 40.7238, 28.1106
YIQ	161.0180, -18.7470, -29.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

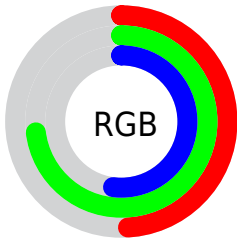
Format	Color
RYB	125, 179, 185
Decimal	8239492
CIELab	69.98, -30.29, 20.89
CIELCh	70, 36.796, 145.400
Yxy	40.7238, 0.3033, 0.4122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286429572 (0xFF7DB984)
YUV	161.0180, -14.3059, -31.5878
Hunter-Lab	63.8152, -27.8429, 18.5534

Details

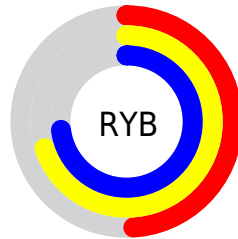
The RGB color **125, 185, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **185, 125, 178**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 241, 185**, and **73, 131, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106, 185, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 185, 148**.

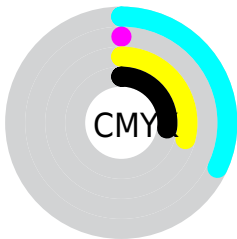
Distribution



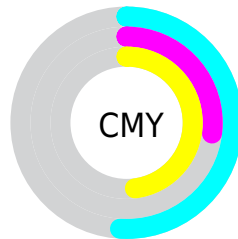
- Red (49%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 125, 185, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 125, 185, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 125, 185, 132


255, 255, 255

 179, 241, 185

 207, 255, 213


 236, 255, 242

 125, 185, 132

 99, 158, 107

 73, 131, 82

 48, 106, 59

 21, 81, 36

 0, 58, 15

 0, 36, 0

 0, 0, 0

 125, 185, 132

 106, 185, 116

 125, 185, 132

 144, 185, 148

■ 88, 185, 99

■ 162, 185, 165

■ 69, 185, 83

■ 181, 185, 181

■ 51, 185, 67

■ 199, 185, 197

■ 33, 185, 50

■ 218, 185, 214

■ 14, 185, 34

■ 236, 185, 230

■ 0, 185, 22

■ 254, 185, 246

■ 255, 185, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 178, 110



125, 185, 132



82, 189, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125, 185, 132



114, 176, 237



236, 147, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125, 185, 132



185, 125, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232, 146, 178



125, 185, 132



168, 164, 231

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125, 185, 132



58, 184, 225



208, 153, 209



223, 156, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125, 185, 132



52, 189, 188



208, 153, 209



237, 146, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125, 185, 132



216, 240, 219



178, 185, 125



105, 120, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125, 185, 132



146, 240, 157



125, 185, 162



83, 92, 84



0, 156, 18



0, 28, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 125, 178



240, 146, 229



185, 125, 148



92, 83, 91



156, 0, 137



28, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 185, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 185, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 125, 185, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 185, 132.

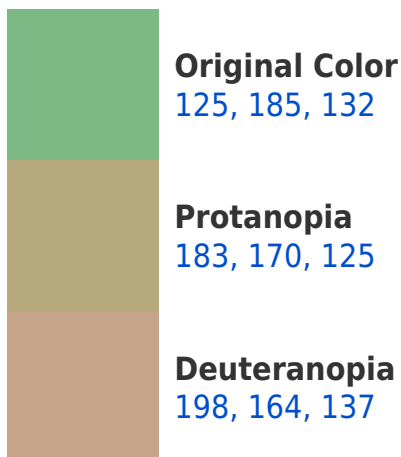


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 185, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
136, 177, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color

125, 185, 132



Protanomaly

162, 175, 128



Deuteranomaly

171, 172, 135



Tritanomaly

132, 180, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

125, 185, 132



Achromatopsia

161, 161, 161



Achromatomaly

148, 170, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 125, 185, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 185, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 185, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 185, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 185, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 125, 185, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 185, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 185, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 185, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 185, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 185, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 185,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 125, 185, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 185, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
185, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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