

Converting Colors

RGB(125, 94, 116)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(125, 94, 116) contains.

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Color

RGB(125, 94, 116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D5E74
RGB	125, 94, 116
RGB Percent	49%, 37%, 45%
CMY	0.5098, 0.6314, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.07, 0.51
HSL	317°, 14%, 43%
HSV	317°, 25%, 49%
XYZ	15.6125, 13.6263, 18.3303
YIQ	105.7770, 11.4140, 13.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

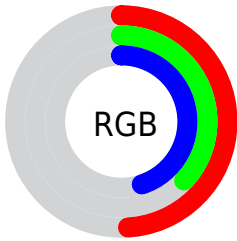
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 94, 116
Decimal	8216180
CIE Lab	43.69, 16.54, -7.52
CIE LCh	44, 18.164, 335.559
Yxy	13.6263, 0.3282, 0.2865
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286406260 (0xFF7D5E74)
YUV	105.7770, 5.0399, 16.8586
Hunter-Lab	36.9139, 10.8964, -3.6019

Details

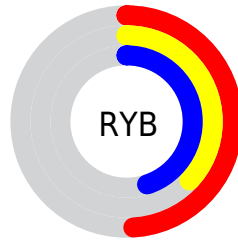
The RGB color **125, 94, 116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **94, 125, 103**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 145, 168**, and **76, 47, 68** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 82, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125, 107, 120**.

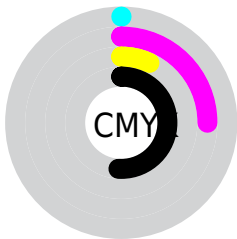
Distribution



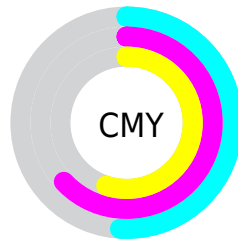
- Red (49%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 125, 94, 116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 125, 94, 116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



125, 94, 116



125, 94, 116

255, 255, 255



100, 70, 91



178, 145, 168



76, 47, 68



206, 171, 195



52, 26, 46



234, 199, 223



32, 1, 25



255, 227, 252



0, 0, 0



125, 94, 116



125, 94, 116



125, 82, 112



125, 107, 120



125, 69, 109



125, 119, 123



125, 57, 105



125, 132, 127

125, 44, 101

125, 144, 131

125, 32, 98

125, 157, 134

125, 19, 94

125, 169, 138

125, 7, 91

125, 182, 141

125, 0, 89

125, 194, 145

125, 207, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109, 98, 128



125, 94, 116



133, 92, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125, 94, 116



111, 103, 73



58, 111, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125, 94, 116



94, 125, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63, 112, 106



125, 94, 116



95, 108, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125, 94, 116



125, 98, 76



78, 111, 90



69, 108, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125, 94, 116



134, 93, 91



78, 111, 90



58, 111, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125, 94, 116



163, 152, 160



103, 94, 125



82, 75, 80



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125, 94, 116



163, 114, 149



125, 94, 101



64, 57, 62



128, 0, 90



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 94, 116



163, 114, 149



94, 125, 118



64, 57, 62



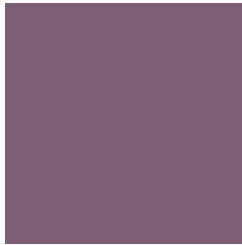
128, 0, 90



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 94, 116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 125, 94, 116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

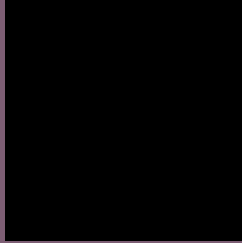
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 125, 94, 116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 94, 116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 125, 94, 116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[125, 94, 116](#)

Protanopia

[100, 103, 122](#)

Deuteranopia

[108, 101, 115](#)



Tritanopia
123, 96, 104

Trichromacy



Original Color

125, 94, 116

Protanomaly

109, 100, 120

Deuteranomaly

114, 98, 115

Tritanomaly

124, 95, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

125, 94, 116

Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly

113, 102, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 125, 94, 116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(125, 94, 116) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 94, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 94, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 94, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 125, 94, 116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 94, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 94, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 94, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 94, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 94, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 94, 116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 125, 94, 116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 94, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 94,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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