

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 106, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 106, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 106, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	7E6A7B
RGB	126, 106, 123
RGB Percent	49%, 42%, 48%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5843, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.02, 0.51
HSL	309°, 9%, 45%
HSV	309°, 16%, 49%
XYZ	17.3334, 16.1737, 20.9472
YIQ	113.9180, 6.4630, 9.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

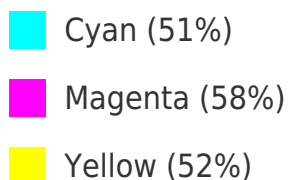
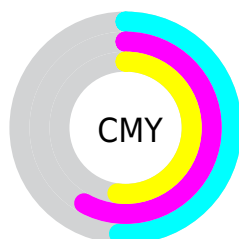
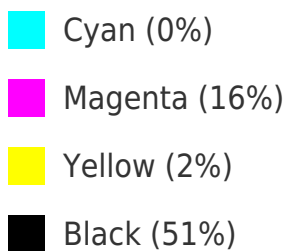
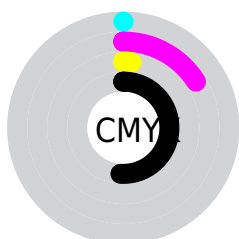
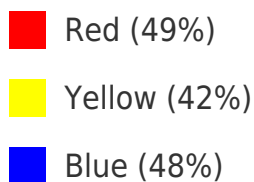
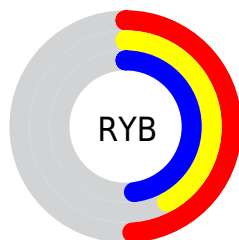
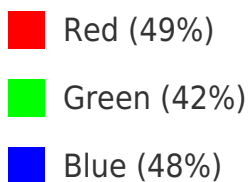
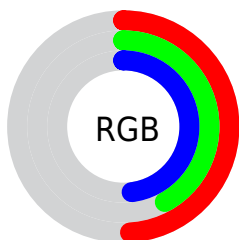
Format	Color
RYB	126, 106, 123
Decimal	8284795
CIELab	47.20, 11.12, -6.49
CIELCh	47, 12.876, 329.742
Yxy	16.1737, 0.3183, 0.2970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286474875 (0xFF7E6A7B)
YUV	113.9180, 4.4774, 10.5959
Hunter-Lab	40.2166, 6.5545, -2.7301

Details

The RGB color **126, 106, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 126, 109**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 157, 175**, and **77, 59, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 93, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 119, 125**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 106, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 106, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 126, 106, 123

255, 255, 255


 179, 157, 175

 206, 184, 203


 235, 212, 231

 255, 240, 255

 126, 106, 123


 101, 82, 98

 77, 59, 74

 54, 37, 52

 32, 17, 31


 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

 126, 106, 123

 126, 93, 121

 126, 81, 119


 126, 106, 123

 126, 119, 125

 126, 131, 127

 126, 68, 117

 126, 144, 129


 126, 56, 115


 126, 156, 131

 126, 43, 114


 126, 169, 132

 126, 30, 112

 126, 182, 134

 126, 18, 110

 126, 194, 136

 126, 5, 108

 126, 207, 138

 126, 0, 107

 126, 219, 140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 109, 131



126, 106, 123



133, 104, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 106, 123



121, 111, 90



83, 118, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 106, 123



106, 126, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 118, 111



126, 106, 123



109, 115, 93

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 106, 123



130, 108, 94



96, 117, 101



88, 116, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 106, 123



135, 105, 105



96, 117, 101



83, 118, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 106, 123



163, 155, 162



109, 106, 126



82, 77, 81



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 106, 123



163, 132, 159



126, 106, 113



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 108



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 106, 123



163, 132, 159



106, 126, 119



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 108



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 106, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

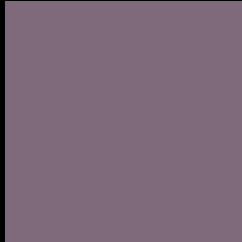
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 106, 123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

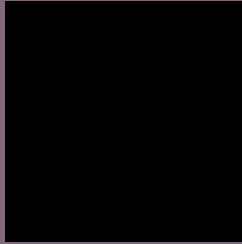
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 106, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 106, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 106, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

126, 106, 123

Protanopia

110, 111, 126

Deuteranopia

118, 109, 122



Tritanopia

125, 107, 116

Trichromacy



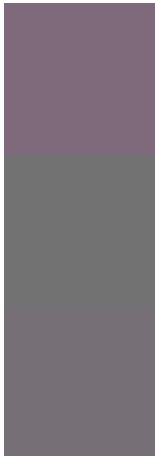
Original Color
126, 106, 123

Protanomaly
116, 109, 125

Deuteranomaly
121, 108, 122

Tritanomaly
125, 107, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color
126, 106, 123

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
118, 111, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 106, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(126, 106, 123) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 106, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 106, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 106, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 106, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 106, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 106, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 106, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 106, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 106, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 106,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 106, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 106, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
106, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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