

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 108, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 108, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 108, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E6C9A
RGB	126, 108, 154
RGB Percent	49%, 42%, 60%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5765, 0.3961
CMYK	0.18, 0.30, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	263°, 19%, 51%
HSV	263°, 30%, 60%
XYZ	19.7995, 17.4938, 32.9050
YIQ	118.6260, -4.0380, 18.1220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

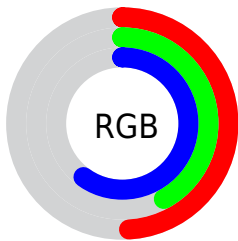
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 108, 154
Decimal	8285338
CIE _{Lab}	48.88, 16.76, -22.36
CIE _{LCh}	49, 27.942, 306.854
Yxy	17.4938, 0.2821, 0.2492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286475418 (0xFF7E6C9A)
YUV	118.6260, 17.4394, 6.4670
Hunter-Lab	41.8256, 11.3037, -17.3665

Details

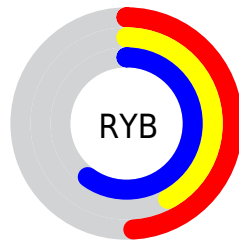
The RGB color **126, 108, 154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **136, 154, 108**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 160, 209**, and **76, 60, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 93, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 123, 154**.

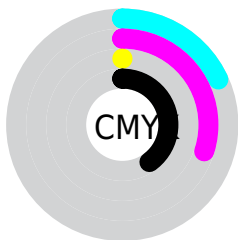
Distribution



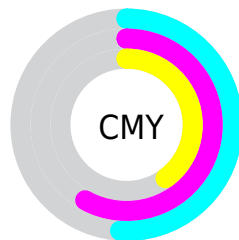
- Red (49%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 108, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 108, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 126, 108, 154

255, 255, 255

■ 179, 160, 209

■ 207, 187, 237

■ 235, 214, 255

■ 255, 243, 255

■ 126, 108, 154

■ 117, 93, 154

■ 126, 108, 154

■ 101, 84, 128

■ 76, 60, 103

■ 53, 38, 78

■ 30, 18, 55


■ 6, 0, 34

■ 0, 0, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 126, 108, 154

■ 135, 123, 154

 107, 77, 154

 145, 139, 154

 98, 62, 154


 154, 154, 154

 89, 46, 154


 163, 170, 154

 79, 31, 154


 173, 185, 154

 70, 16, 154

 182, 200, 154

 60, 0, 154

 192, 216, 154

 60, 0, 154

 201, 231, 154

 210, 247, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91, 117, 163



126, 108, 154



150, 101, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 108, 154



147, 108, 73



40, 129, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 108, 154



136, 154, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72, 127, 97



126, 108, 154



127, 116, 69

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 108, 154



160, 101, 89



101, 123, 77



19, 128, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 108, 154



159, 98, 120



101, 123, 77



51, 129, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 108, 154



190, 183, 201



108, 136, 154



95, 91, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 108, 154



157, 129, 201



149, 108, 154



72, 69, 77



55, 0, 140



5, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 108, 136



201, 129, 173



113, 154, 108



77, 69, 74



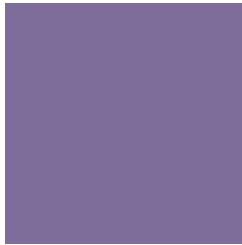
140, 0, 85



13, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 108, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 108, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

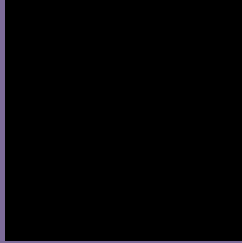
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 108, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 108, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 108, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
126, 108, 154

Protanopia
103, 115, 159

Deuteranopia
108, 114, 153



Tritanopia
121, 114, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color
126, 108, 154

Protanomaly
111, 112, 157

Deuteranomaly
115, 112, 153

Tritanomaly
123, 112, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color
126, 108, 154

Achromatopsia
119, 119, 119

Achromatomaly
122, 115, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 108, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 108, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 108, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 108, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 108, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 108, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 108, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 108, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 108, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 108, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 108, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 108,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 108, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 108, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
108, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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