

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 144, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 144, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 144, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E9091
RGB	126, 144, 145
RGB Percent	49%, 56%, 57%
CMY	0.5059, 0.4353, 0.4314
CMYK	0.13, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	183°, 8%, 53%
HSV	183°, 13%, 57%
XYZ	23.6883, 26.4265, 30.6404
YIQ	138.7320, -11.0490, -3.5050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

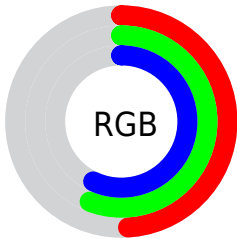
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 135, 145
Decimal	8294545
CIE _{Lab}	58.44, -6.21, -2.72
CIE _{LCh}	58, 6.774, 203.647
Yxy	26.4265, 0.2933, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286484625 (0xFF7E9091)
YUV	138.7320, 3.0901, -11.1660
Hunter-Lab	51.4067, -7.7086, 0.6455

Details

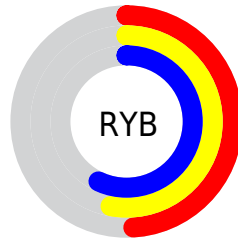
The RGB color `126, 144, 145` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `145, 127, 126`, and the grayscale version is `139, 139, 139`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `179, 198, 199`, and `77, 94, 95` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `112, 143, 145`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `141, 145, 145`.

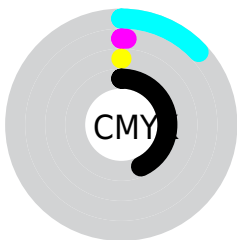
Distribution



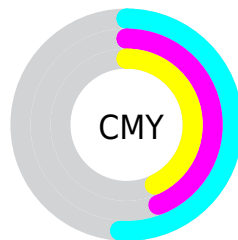
- Red (49%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 144, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 144, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 126, 144, 145


255, 255, 255

 179, 198, 199

 206, 226, 227

 235, 254, 255


 126, 144, 145

 101, 118, 119

 77, 94, 95

 54, 70, 71


 32, 48, 49


 11, 27, 28


 0, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 126, 144, 145

 112, 143, 145

 126, 144, 145

 141, 145, 145

97, 142, 145

155, 146, 145

83, 142, 145

170, 146, 145

68, 141, 145

184, 147, 145

54, 140, 145

198, 148, 145

39, 139, 145

213, 149, 145

25, 139, 145

228, 149, 145

10, 138, 145

242, 150, 145

0, 137, 145

255, 151, 145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 144, 139



126, 144, 145



128, 143, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 144, 145



147, 138, 148



147, 140, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 144, 145



145, 127, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152, 138, 131



126, 144, 145



152, 137, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 144, 145



140, 139, 151



154, 137, 136



140, 142, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 144, 145



131, 142, 152



154, 137, 136



149, 139, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 144, 145



181, 188, 189



126, 145, 127



90, 94, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 144, 145



159, 187, 189



126, 135, 145



64, 71, 71



0, 128, 135



0, 7, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 126, 144



189, 159, 187



145, 136, 126



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 128



8, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 144, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 144, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

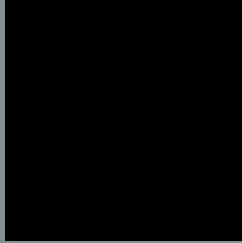
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

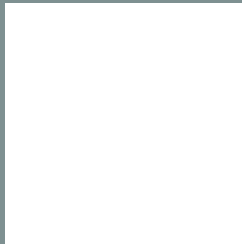
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 144, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 144, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 144, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

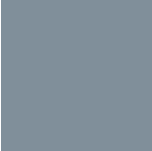
Dichromacy



Original Color
126, 144, 145

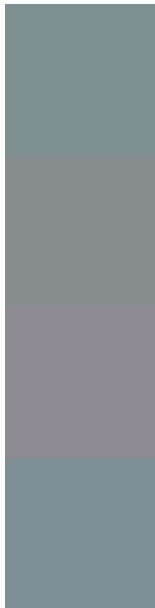
Protanopia
142, 140, 142

Deuteranopia
151, 136, 147



Tritanopia
128, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 144, 145

Protanomaly

136, 141, 143

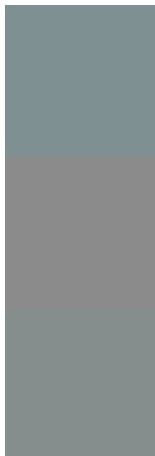
Deuteranomaly

142, 139, 146

Tritanomaly

127, 143, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 144, 145

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

134, 141, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 144, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 144, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 144, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 144, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 144, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 144, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 144, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 144, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 144, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 144, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 144, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 144,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 144, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 144, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
144, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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