

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 154, 252)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 154, 252) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 154, 252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E9AFC
RGB	126, 154, 252
RGB Percent	49%, 60%, 99%
CMY	0.5059, 0.3961, 0.0118
CMYK	0.50, 0.39, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	227°, 95%, 74%
HSV	227°, 50%, 99%
XYZ	37.7305, 34.5751, 96.7805
YIQ	156.8000, -48.1460, 24.5420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

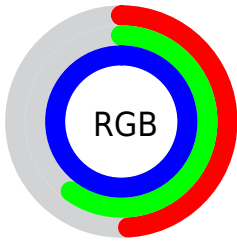
Format	Color
R _Y B	126, 149, 252
Decimal	8297212
CIE Lab	65.42, 16.54, -51.92
CIE LCh	65, 54.493, 287.665
Yxy	34.5751, 0.2231, 0.2045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286487292 (0xFF7E9AFC)
YUV	156.8000, 46.9336, -27.0116
Hunter-Lab	58.8006, 11.6367, -56.4256

Details

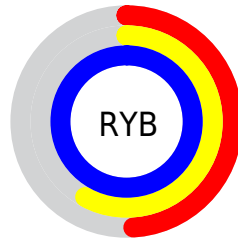
The RGB color **126, 154, 252** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **252, 224, 126**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 208, 255**, and **65, 103, 195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101, 134, 252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 174, 252**.

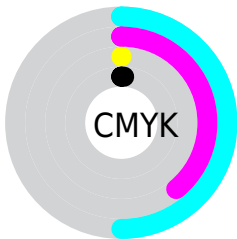
Distribution



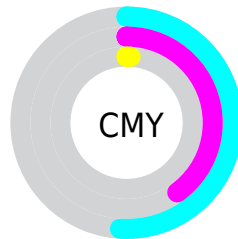
- Red (49%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 154, 252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 154, 252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 126, 154, 252


255, 255, 255


 184, 208, 255

 214, 236, 255

 244, 255, 255

 126, 154, 252


 96, 128, 223

 65, 103, 195

 26, 80, 167

 0, 57, 140

 0, 37, 114

 0, 17, 89

 0, 7, 65

 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 126, 154, 252

■ 126, 154, 252

■ 101, 134, 252

■ 151, 174, 252

■ 76, 115, 252

■ 176, 193, 252

■ 50, 95, 252

■ 202, 213, 252

■ 25, 76, 252

■ 227, 232, 252

■ 0, 56, 252

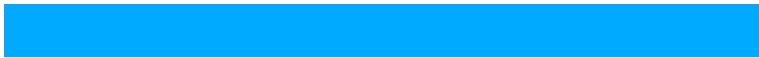
■ 252, 252, 252

■ 255, 255, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 170, 254



126, 154, 252



198, 134, 225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 154, 252



236, 131, 88



0, 182, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 154, 252



252, 224, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 176, 90



126, 154, 252



203, 149, 60

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 154, 252



249, 117, 132



158, 165, 60



0, 183, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 154, 252



228, 122, 197



158, 165, 60



40, 180, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 154, 252



217, 225, 255



126, 252, 223



105, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 154, 252



102, 136, 255



160, 126, 252



112, 115, 125



0, 42, 189



0, 14, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



252, 126, 154



255, 102, 136



218, 252, 126



125, 112, 115



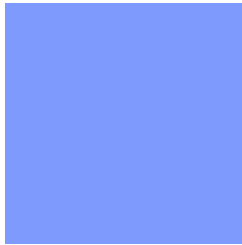
189, 0, 42



61, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 154, 252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

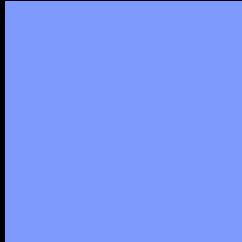
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 154, 252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 154, 252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 154, 252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 154, 252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
126, 154, 252

Protanopia
121, 155, 253

Deuteranopia
107, 158, 251



Tritanopia
104, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color
126, 154, 252

Protanomaly
123, 155, 253

Deuteranomaly
114, 157, 251

Tritanomaly
112, 164, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color
126, 154, 252

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
146, 156, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 154, 252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 154, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 154, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 154, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 154, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 154, 252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 154, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 154, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 154, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 154, 252); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 154, 252); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 154, 252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 154, 252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 154, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
154, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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