

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 231, 138)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 231, 138) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 231, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7EE78A
RGB	126, 231, 138
RGB Percent	49%, 91%, 54%
CMY	0.5059, 0.0941, 0.4588
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.40, 0.09
HSL	127°, 69%, 70%
HSV	127°, 45%, 91%
XYZ	41.7675, 63.4224, 34.0851
YIQ	189.0030, -32.7270, -51.1830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

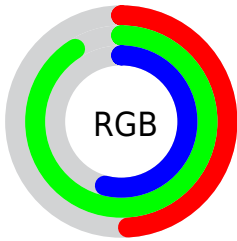
Format	Color
RYB	126, 220, 231
Decimal	8316810
CIELab	83.66, -49.45, 36.04
CIElCh	84, 61.189, 143.920
Yxy	63.4224, 0.2999, 0.4554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286506890 (0xFF7EE78A)
YUV	189.0030, -25.1445, -55.2536
Hunter-Lab	79.6382, -45.7496, 30.3706

Details

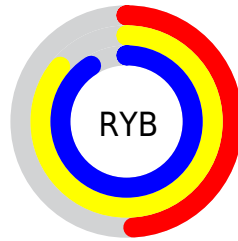
The RGB color **126, 231, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **231, 126, 219**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 255, 192**, and **68, 175, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103, 231, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 231, 158**.

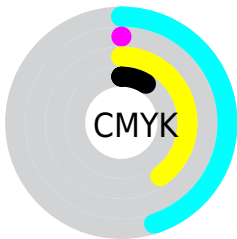
Distribution



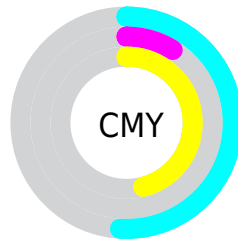
- Red (49%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 231, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 231, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 126, 231, 138

 126, 231, 138


255, 255, 255

 97, 202, 112


 183, 255, 192


 68, 175, 87

 213, 255, 221

 33, 147, 62

 242, 255, 249

 0, 121, 38

 0, 95, 11

 0, 70, 0

 0, 48, 0

 0, 21, 0

 0, 0, 0

 126, 231, 138

 126, 231, 138

 103, 231, 118

 149, 231, 158

 80, 231, 97

 172, 231, 179

 57, 231, 77

 195, 231, 199

 34, 231, 56

 218, 231, 220

 10, 231, 36

 242, 231, 240

 0, 231, 26

 255, 231, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196, 219, 98



126, 231, 138



0, 237, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 231, 138



54, 218, 255



255, 163, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 231, 138



231, 126, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 160, 223



126, 231, 138



193, 198, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 231, 138



0, 231, 255



255, 175, 255



255, 180, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 231, 138



0, 238, 234



255, 175, 255



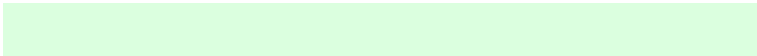
255, 160, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 231, 138



219, 255, 223



221, 231, 126



106, 128, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 231, 138



115, 255, 131



126, 231, 189



103, 115, 105



0, 179, 20



0, 51, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 126, 219



255, 115, 239



231, 126, 168



115, 103, 113



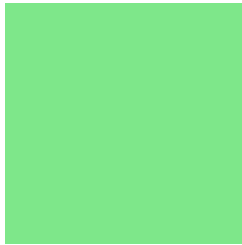
179, 0, 158



51, 0, 45

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 231, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 231, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 231, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 231, 138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 231, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
126, 231, 138

Protanopia
226, 207, 129

Deuteranopia
247, 198, 146



Tritanopia
147, 219, 237

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 231, 138



Protanomaly

190, 216, 132



Deuteranomaly

203, 210, 143



Tritanomaly

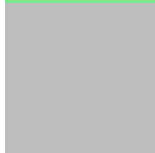
139, 223, 201

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 231, 138



Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189



Achromatomaly

166, 204, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 231, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 231, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 231, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 231, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 231, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 231, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

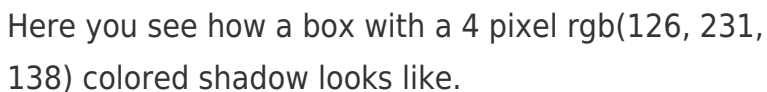
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 231, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 231, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 231, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 231, 138); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 231, 138); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 231, 138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 231, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 231, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
231, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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