

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 239, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 239, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 239, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7EEFAB
RGB	126, 239, 171
RGB Percent	49%, 94%, 67%
CMY	0.5059, 0.0627, 0.3294
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.28, 0.06
HSL	144°, 78%, 72%
HSV	144°, 47%, 94%
XYZ	46.8214, 69.1089, 49.3997
YIQ	197.4610, -45.5200, -45.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

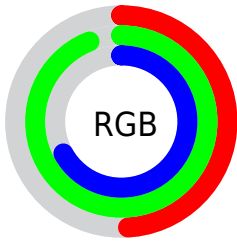
Format	Color
RYB	126, 207, 239
Decimal	8318891
CIELab	86.56, -47.17, 23.14
CIELCh	87, 52.545, 153.867
Yxy	69.1089, 0.2832, 0.4180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286508971 (0xFF7EEFAB)
YUV	197.4610, -13.0453, -62.6713
Hunter-Lab	83.1318, -44.9460, 22.9601

Details

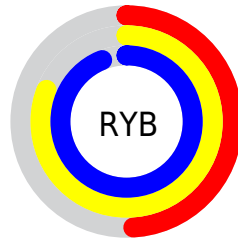
The RGB color **126, 239, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **239, 126, 194**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 255, 227**, and **67, 182, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 239, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 239, 185**.

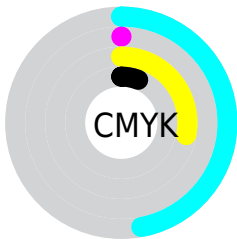
Distribution



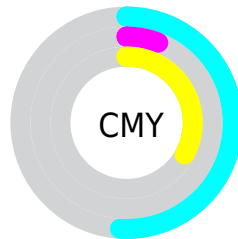
- Red (49%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 239, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 239, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 126, 239, 171

255, 255, 255

 184, 255, 227


 213, 255, 255


 243, 255, 255


 126, 239, 171

 97, 210, 144

 67, 182, 118

 31, 155, 93

 0, 128, 69

 0, 102, 46

 0, 77, 24

 0, 53, 0

 0, 31, 0

 0, 0, 0

 126, 239, 171

 126, 239, 171

 102, 239, 157

 150, 239, 185

 78, 239, 142

 174, 239, 200

 54, 239, 128

 198, 239, 214

 30, 239, 113

 222, 239, 229

 7, 239, 99

 246, 239, 243

 0, 239, 95

 255, 239, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 230, 131



126, 239, 171



0, 243, 222

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 239, 171



149, 220, 255



255, 182, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 239, 171



239, 126, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 176, 212



126, 239, 171



230, 201, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 239, 171



0, 233, 255



255, 184, 255



255, 198, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 239, 171



0, 242, 255



255, 184, 255



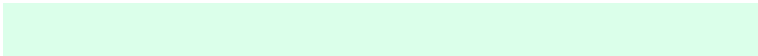
255, 179, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 239, 171



219, 255, 234



196, 239, 126



106, 128, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 239, 171



110, 255, 168



126, 239, 226



108, 120, 113



0, 184, 73



0, 56, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 126, 194



255, 110, 197



239, 126, 139



120, 108, 115



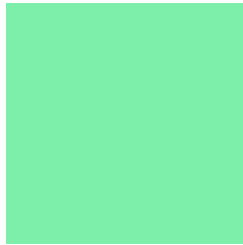
184, 0, 110



56, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 239, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 239, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

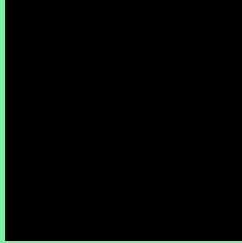
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 239, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 239, 171.

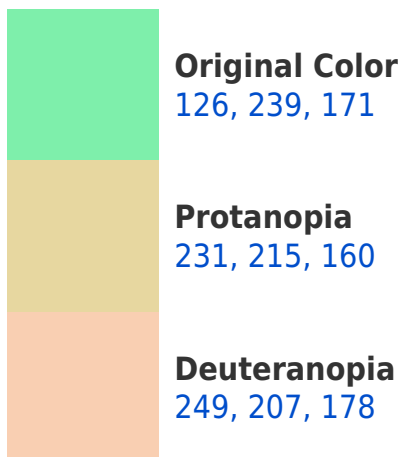


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 239, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





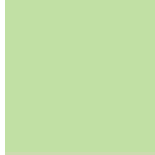
Tritanopia
145, 229, 248

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 239, 171



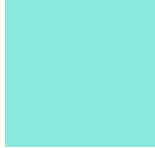
Protanomaly

193, 224, 164



Deuteranomaly

204, 219, 175



Tritanomaly

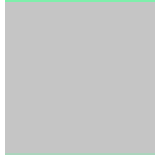
138, 233, 220

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 239, 171



Achromatopsia

197, 197, 197



Achromatomaly

171, 212, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 239, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 239, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 239, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 239, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 239, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 239, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 239, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 239, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 239, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 239, 171); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 239, 171); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 239, 171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 239, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 239, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
239, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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