

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 73, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 73, 182) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 73, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E49B6
RGB	126, 73, 182
RGB Percent	49%, 29%, 71%
CMY	0.5059, 0.7137, 0.2863
CMYK	0.31, 0.60, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	269°, 43%, 50%
HSV	269°, 60%, 71%
XYZ	19.4302, 12.5781, 45.6597
YIQ	101.2730, -3.4010, 45.1350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

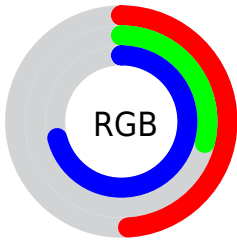
Format	Color
R _Y B	126, 73, 182
Decimal	8276406
CIE Lab	42.12, 44.02, -49.49
CIE LCh	42, 66.239, 311.654
Yxy	12.5781, 0.2502, 0.1619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286466486 (0xFF7E49B6)
YUV	101.2730, 39.7984, 21.6856
Hunter-Lab	35.4656, 35.7283, -51.5061

Details

The RGB color **126, 73, 182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **129, 182, 73**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182, 124, 239**, and **72, 23, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 55, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 91, 182**.

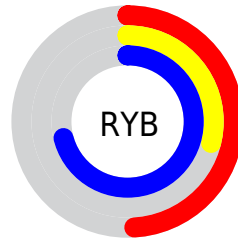
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (29%)

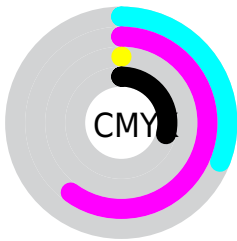
Blue (71%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (71%)

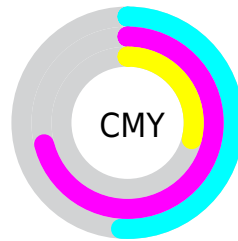


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 73, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 73, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



126, 73, 182



126, 73, 182

255, 255, 255



99, 48, 155



182, 124, 239



72, 23, 128



210, 151, 255



44, 0, 103



240, 178, 255



17, 0, 78



255, 206, 255



0, 0, 54



255, 234, 255



0, 2, 32



0, 0, 3



0, 0, 0



126, 73, 182



126, 73, 182

■ 117, 55, 182

■ 135, 91, 182

■ 107, 37, 182

■ 145, 109, 182

■ 98, 18, 182

■ 154, 128, 182

■ 89, 0, 182

■ 163, 146, 182

■ 88, 0, 182

■ 173, 164, 182

■ 182, 182, 182

■ 191, 200, 182

■ 201, 219, 182

■ 210, 237, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 99, 208



126, 73, 182



178, 38, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 73, 182



148, 84, 0



0, 123, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 73, 182



129, 182, 73

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 121, 63



126, 73, 182



102, 104, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 73, 182



181, 55, 28



32, 115, 0



0, 122, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 73, 182



192, 20, 99



32, 115, 0



0, 122, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 73, 182



215, 194, 237



73, 129, 182



106, 93, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 73, 182



149, 66, 237



180, 73, 182



87, 83, 92



76, 0, 156



14, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 73, 129



237, 66, 154



75, 182, 73



92, 83, 87



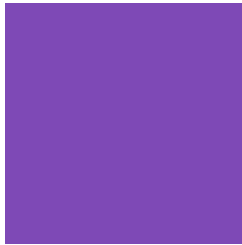
156, 0, 80



28, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 73, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 73, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

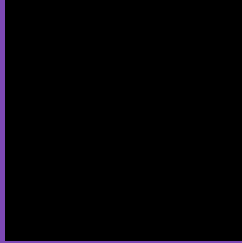
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 73, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 73, 182.

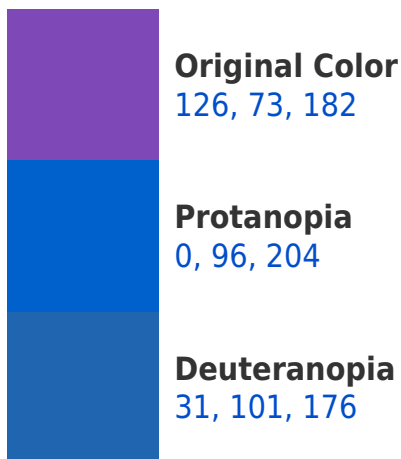



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 73, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
111, 95, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 73, 182



Protanomaly

46, 88, 196



Deuteranomaly

66, 91, 178



Tritanomaly

116, 87, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 73, 182



Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101



Achromatomaly

110, 91, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 73, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 73, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 73, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 73, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 73, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 73, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 73, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 73, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 73, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 73, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 73, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 73,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 73, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 73, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 73,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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