

# Converting Colors

RGB(126, 74, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(126, 74, 176) contains.

<b>RGB(126, 74, 176)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**RGB(126, 74, 176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E4AB0
RGB	126, 74, 176
RGB Percent	49%, 29%, 69%
CMY	0.5059, 0.7098, 0.3098
CMYK	0.28, 0.58, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	271°, 41%, 49%
HSV	271°, 58%, 69%
XYZ	18.8894, 12.4678, 42.4852
YIQ	101.1760, -1.7500, 42.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

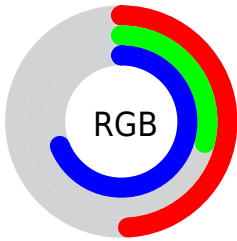
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	126, 74, 176
Decimal	8276656
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.95, 42.00, -46.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 62.462, 312.254
Yxy	12.4678, 0.2558, 0.1688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286466736 (0xFF7E4AB0)
YUV	101.1760, 36.8882, 21.7706
Hunter-Lab	35.3097, 33.6991, -46.6219

# Details

The RGB color **126, 74, 176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **124, 176, 74**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181, 125, 232**, and **73, 25, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 56, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 92, 176**.

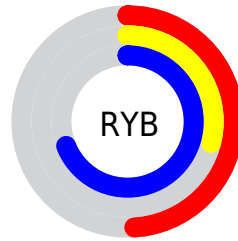
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (29%)

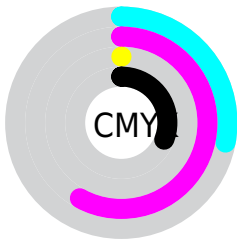
Blue (69%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (69%)

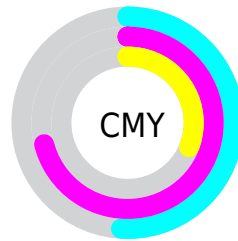


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 74, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 74, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





126, 74, 176



126, 74, 176

255, 255, 255



99, 49, 149



181, 125, 232



73, 25, 123



210, 151, 255



46, 0, 97



239, 179, 255



21, 0, 73



255, 207, 255



0, 0, 49



255, 235, 255



0, 1, 27



0, 0, 0



126, 74, 176



126, 74, 176



117, 56, 176



135, 92, 176

■ 109, 39, 176

■ 143, 109, 176

■ 100, 21, 176

■ 152, 127, 176

■ 91, 4, 176

■ 161, 144, 176

■ 90, 0, 176

■ 169, 162, 176

■ 178, 180, 176

■ 186, 197, 176

■ 195, 215, 176

■ 204, 232, 176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 98, 201



126, 74, 176



174, 44, 132

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 74, 176



145, 85, 0



0, 121, 119

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 74, 176



124, 176, 74

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 119, 65



126, 74, 176



101, 103, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 74, 176



176, 59, 31



37, 114, 2



0, 120, 168

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 74, 176



187, 33, 97



37, 114, 2



0, 121, 102



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 74, 176



210, 190, 230



74, 125, 176



103, 92, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 74, 176



151, 69, 230



176, 74, 176



85, 80, 89



78, 0, 153



13, 0, 26



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 74, 124



230, 69, 148



74, 176, 74



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 75

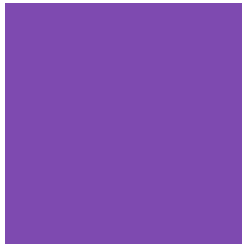


26, 0, 13



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 74, 176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 74, 176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

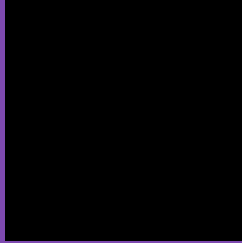
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 126, 74, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 74, 176.

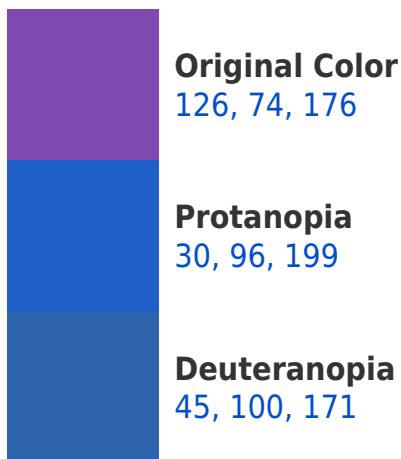


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 74, 176.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
113, 94, 102

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

126, 74, 176



**Protanomaly**

65, 88, 191



**Deuteranomaly**

74, 91, 173



**Tritanomaly**

118, 87, 129

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

126, 74, 176



**Achromatopsia**

101, 101, 101



**Achromatomaly**

110, 91, 128

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 74, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 74, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 74, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 74, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 74, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 74, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 74, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 74, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 74, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 74, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 74, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 74,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 74, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 74, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 74,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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