

Converting Colors

RGB(126, 91, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(126, 91, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(126, 91, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E5B7F
RGB	126, 91, 127
RGB Percent	49%, 36%, 50%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6431, 0.5020
CMYK	0.01, 0.28, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	298°, 17%, 43%
HSV	298°, 28%, 50%
XYZ	16.1760, 13.4501, 21.8222
YIQ	105.5690, 9.3040, 18.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

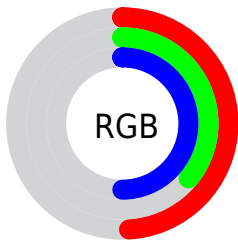
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 91, 127
Decimal	8280959
CIE _{Lab}	43.43, 20.91, -14.57
CIE _{LCh}	43, 25.482, 325.126
Yxy	13.4501, 0.3144, 0.2614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286471039 (0xFF7E5B7F)
YUV	105.5690, 10.5655, 17.9180
Hunter-Lab	36.6744, 14.5512, -9.6071

Details

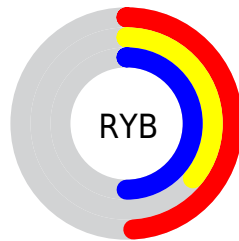
The RGB color **126, 91, 127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **92, 127, 91**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 142, 180**, and **76, 44, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 78, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 104, 127**.

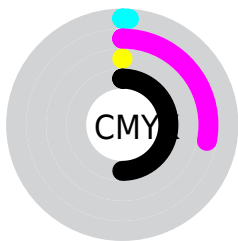
Distribution



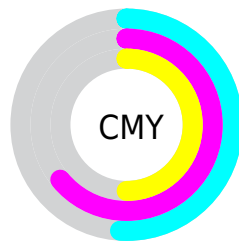
- Red (49%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 126, 91, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 126, 91, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



126, 91, 127



126, 91, 127

255, 255, 255



101, 67, 102



179, 142, 180



76, 44, 78



207, 168, 207



53, 23, 55



235, 195, 236



33, 0, 34



255, 224, 255



0, 0, 8



255, 252, 255



0, 0, 0



126, 91, 127



126, 91, 127



126, 78, 127



126, 104, 127



125, 66, 127



127, 116, 127

125, 53, 127

127, 129, 127

125, 40, 127

127, 142, 127

124, 27, 127

128, 155, 127

124, 15, 127

128, 167, 127

124, 2, 127

128, 180, 127

123, 0, 127

129, 193, 127

129, 205, 127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100, 98, 141



126, 91, 127



141, 87, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 91, 127



120, 100, 60



19, 114, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 91, 127



92, 127, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 114, 98



126, 91, 127



98, 107, 64

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 91, 127



136, 93, 69



74, 111, 78



30, 111, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 91, 127



144, 87, 93



74, 111, 78



27, 114, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 91, 127



165, 151, 166



91, 92, 127



84, 75, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 91, 127



164, 109, 166



127, 91, 110



64, 57, 64



124, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 91, 92



166, 109, 111



91, 127, 108



64, 57, 58



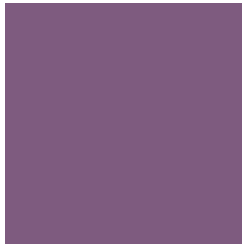
128, 0, 4



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 91, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

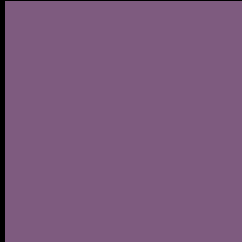
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 126, 91, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

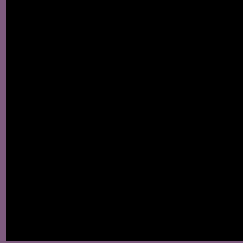
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 126, 91, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 91, 127.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 126, 91, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


126, 91, 127

Protanopia

94, 102, 135

Deuteranopia

102, 101, 125



Tritanopia
123, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color
126, 91, 127

Protanomaly
106, 98, 132

Deuteranomaly
111, 97, 126

Tritanomaly
124, 94, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color
126, 91, 127

Achromatopsia
106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly
113, 101, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 126, 91, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 91, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 91, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 91, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 91, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 126, 91, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 91, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 91, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 91, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 91, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 91, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 91,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 91, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 91, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 91,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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