

Converting Colors

RGB(127, 114, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(127, 114, 101) contains.

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Color

RGB(127, 114, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7265
RGB	127, 114, 101
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 40%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5529, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.20, 0.50
HSL	30°, 11%, 45%
HSV	30°, 20%, 50%
XYZ	17.1187, 17.4862, 14.7848
YIQ	116.4050, 11.9210, -1.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

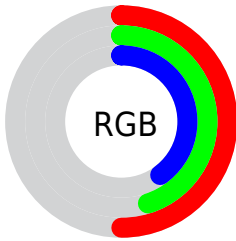
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 127, 101
Decimal	8352357
CIE _{Lab}	48.87, 2.77, 9.04
CIE _{LCh}	49, 9.456, 72.979
Yxy	17.4862, 0.3466, 0.3540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286542437 (0xFF7F7265)
YUV	116.4050, -7.5947, 9.2918
Hunter-Lab	41.8166, -0.1054, 8.3087

Details

The RGB color **127, 114, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **101, 114, 127**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 166, 152**, and **78, 66, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 108, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 120, 114**.

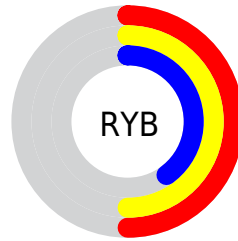
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (45%)

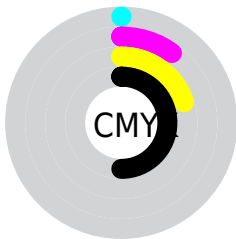
Blue (40%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (40%)

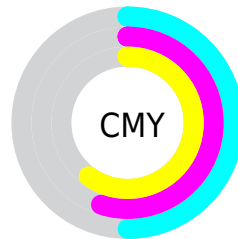


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 127, 114, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 127, 114, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 127, 114, 101

255, 255, 255

■ 180, 166, 152

■ 208, 193, 179

■ 236, 221, 206

■ 255, 249, 234

■ 127, 114, 101

■ 102, 90, 77

■ 78, 66, 54

■ 55, 44, 33

■ 33, 24, 10

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 127, 114, 101

■ 127, 108, 88

■ 127, 101, 76

■ 127, 95, 63

■ 127, 114, 101

■ 127, 120, 114

■ 127, 127, 126

■ 127, 133, 139

■ 127, 89, 50

■ 127, 139, 152

■ 127, 82, 37

■ 127, 146, 164

■ 127, 76, 25

■ 127, 152, 177

■ 127, 70, 12

■ 127, 158, 190

■ 127, 64, 0

■ 127, 165, 203

■ 127, 171, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

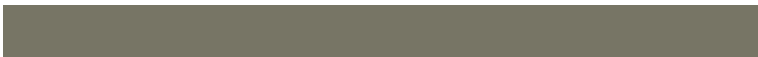
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 112, 106



127, 114, 101



119, 117, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127, 114, 101



96, 121, 119



122, 113, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127, 114, 101



101, 114, 127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112, 116, 132



127, 114, 101



97, 120, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127, 114, 101



101, 120, 111



102, 118, 131



130, 111, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127, 114, 101



113, 118, 103



102, 118, 131



119, 114, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127, 114, 101



166, 161, 156



127, 101, 114



84, 81, 78



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127, 114, 101



166, 145, 124



127, 127, 101



64, 61, 57



128, 64, 0



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 114, 127



124, 145, 166



101, 101, 127



57, 61, 64



0, 64, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 127, 114, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 127, 114, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

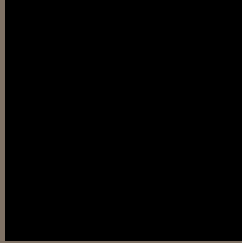
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 127, 114, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 127, 114, 101.

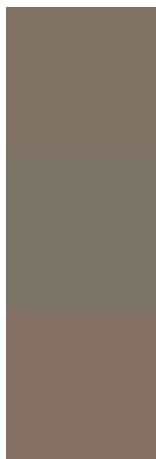


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 127, 114, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


127, 114, 101

Protanopia

122, 116, 102

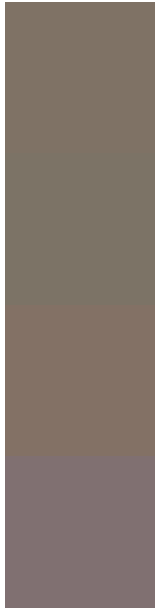
Deuteranopia

133, 112, 101



Tritanopia
129, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

127, 114, 101

Protanomaly

124, 115, 102

Deuteranomaly

131, 113, 101

Tritanomaly

128, 112, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

127, 114, 101

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

120, 115, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 127, 114, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(127, 114, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 114, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 114, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 114, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 127, 114, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 114, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 114, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 114, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 114, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 114, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 114,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 127, 114, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 114, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
114, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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