

# Converting Colors

RGB(127, 90, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(127, 90, 175) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(127, 90, 175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F5AAF
RGB	127, 90, 175
RGB Percent	50%, 35%, 69%
CMY	0.5020, 0.6471, 0.3137
CMYK	0.27, 0.49, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	266°, 35%, 52%
HSV	266°, 49%, 69%
XYZ	20.1464, 14.9195, 42.3754
YIQ	110.7530, -5.2330, 34.2790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

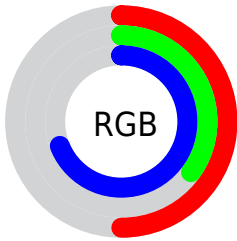
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 90, 175
Decimal	8346287
CIE Lab	45.52, 32.93, -39.95
CIE LCh	46, 51.769, 309.502
Yxy	14.9195, 0.2602, 0.1927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286536367 (0xFF7F5AAF)
YUV	110.7530, 31.6738, 14.2486
Hunter-Lab	38.6258, 25.5069, -38.0075

# Details

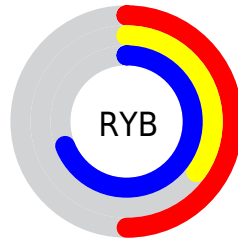
The RGB color **127, 90, 175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **138, 175, 90**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182, 141, 231**, and **75, 43, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 73, 175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 108, 175**.

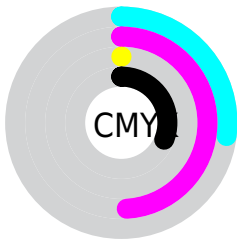
# Distribution



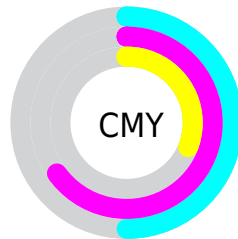
- Red (50%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 127, 90, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 127, 90, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





127, 90, 175



127, 90, 175

255, 255, 255



101, 66, 148



182, 141, 231



75, 43, 122



210, 168, 255



49, 20, 97



239, 195, 255



23, 0, 72



255, 223, 255



0, 0, 49



255, 252, 255



0, 1, 27



0, 0, 0



127, 90, 175



127, 90, 175



117, 73, 175



137, 108, 175

 107, 55, 175


 147, 125, 175


 97, 38, 175


 157, 143, 175


 87, 20, 175

 167, 160, 175

 78, 3, 175

 176, 178, 175

 76, 0, 175

 186, 195, 175

 196, 213, 175

 206, 230, 175

 216, 248, 175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30, 108, 194



127, 90, 175



170, 71, 139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127, 90, 175



153, 95, 19



0, 128, 121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127, 90, 175



138, 175, 90

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 126, 76



127, 90, 175



116, 110, 2

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127, 90, 175



178, 76, 55



69, 120, 35



0, 127, 162

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127, 90, 175



183, 65, 110



69, 120, 35



0, 128, 106



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127, 90, 175



208, 193, 227



90, 138, 175



103, 94, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127, 90, 175



153, 95, 227



169, 90, 175



82, 78, 87



65, 0, 150



10, 0, 23



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 90, 138



227, 95, 170



96, 175, 90



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 85

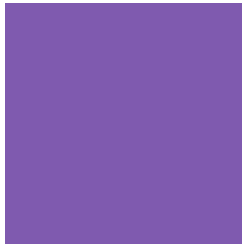


23, 0, 13



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 127, 90, 175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 127, 90, 175 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 127, 90, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 127, 90, 175.

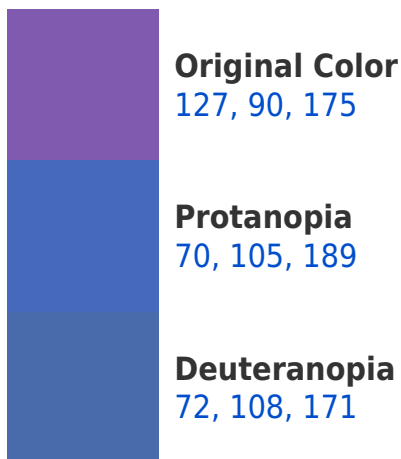



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 127, 90, 175.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
116, 105, 113

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

127, 90, 175

**Protanomaly**

91, 100, 184

**Deuteranomaly**

92, 101, 172

**Tritanomaly**

120, 100, 136

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

127, 90, 175

**Achromatopsia**

111, 111, 111

**Achromatomaly**

117, 103, 134

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 127, 90, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 90, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 90, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 90, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 90, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 127, 90, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 90, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 90, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 90, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 90, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 90, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 90,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 127, 90, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 90, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 90,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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