

Converting Colors

RGB(128, 104, 244)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(128, 104, 244) contains.

RGB(128, 104, 244)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(128, 104, 244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8068F4
RGB	128, 104, 244
RGB Percent	50%, 41%, 96%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5922, 0.0431
CMYK	0.48, 0.57, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	250°, 86%, 68%
HSV	250°, 57%, 96%
XYZ	30.1815, 21.0215, 88.0548
YIQ	127.1360, -30.6360, 48.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

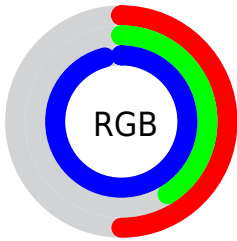
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 104, 244
Decimal	8415476
CIE _{Lab}	52.97, 43.82, -67.42
CIE _{LCh}	53, 80.406, 303.024
Yxy	21.0215, 0.2167, 0.1510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286605556 (0xFF8068F4)
YUV	127.1360, 57.6140, 0.7577
Hunter-Lab	45.8492, 37.2667, -81.7738

Details

The RGB color **128, 104, 244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **220, 244, 104**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 156, 255**, and **66, 56, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 80, 244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148, 128, 244**.

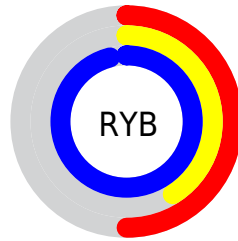
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (41%)

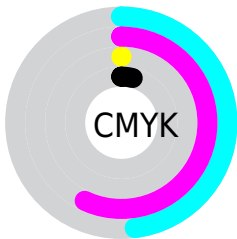
Blue (96%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (96%)

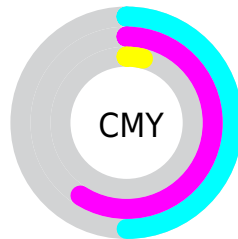


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 128, 104, 244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 128, 104, 244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 104, 244


255, 255, 255

 187, 156, 255

 217, 183, 255

 247, 211, 255


 255, 240, 255


 128, 104, 244

 98, 79, 215

 66, 56, 187

 26, 33, 159

 0, 10, 132

 0, 0, 106

 0, 0, 81

 0, 5, 57

 0, 2, 34

 0, 0, 9

■ 128, 104, 244

■ 128, 104, 244

■ 108, 80, 244

■ 148, 128, 244

■ 88, 55, 244

■ 168, 153, 244

■ 67, 31, 244

■ 189, 177, 244

■ 47, 6, 244

■ 209, 202, 244

■ 42, 0, 244

■ 229, 226, 244

■ 249, 250, 244

■ 255, 255, 244

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 134, 255



128, 104, 244



212, 60, 191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 104, 244



201, 98, 0



0, 155, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 104, 244



220, 244, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 152, 58



128, 104, 244



147, 126, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 104, 244



237, 56, 55



74, 143, 0



0, 155, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 104, 244



238, 27, 146



74, 143, 0



0, 155, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 104, 244



219, 212, 255



104, 221, 244



106, 102, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 104, 244



109, 79, 255



197, 104, 244



112, 110, 122



32, 0, 186



10, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 104, 220



255, 79, 225



151, 244, 104



122, 110, 120



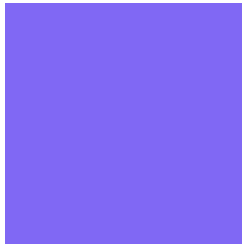
186, 0, 154



59, 0, 49

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 104, 244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

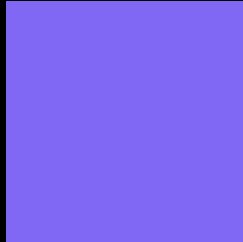
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 104, 244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

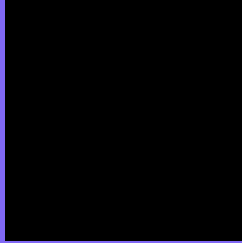
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 128, 104, 244 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 104, 244.

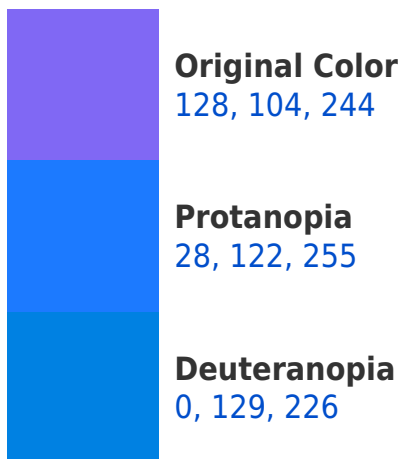



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 104, 244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
99, 131, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 104, 244



Protanomaly

64, 115, 251



Deuteranomaly

47, 120, 233



Tritanomaly

110, 121, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 104, 244



Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127



Achromatomaly

127, 119, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 128, 104, 244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 104, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 104, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 104, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 104, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 128, 104, 244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 104, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 104, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 104, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 104, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 104, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 104,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 128, 104, 244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 104, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
104, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor