

Converting Colors

RGB(128, 144, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(128, 144, 147) contains.

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Color

RGB(128, 144, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	809093
RGB	128, 144, 147
RGB Percent	50%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4353, 0.4235
CMYK	0.13, 0.02, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	189°, 8%, 54%
HSV	189°, 13%, 58%
XYZ	24.1418, 26.6423, 31.4738
YIQ	139.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

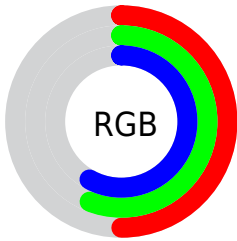
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 137, 147
Decimal	8425619
CIE _{Lab}	58.64, -5.08, -3.55
CIE _{LCh}	59, 6.196, 214.914
Yxy	26.6423, 0.2935, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286615699 (0xFF809093)
YUV	139.5580, 3.6689, -10.1364
Hunter-Lab	51.6162, -6.8407, -0.0218

Details

The RGB color `128, 144, 147` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `147, 131, 128`, and the grayscale version is `140, 140, 140`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `181, 198, 201`, and `79, 94, 97` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `113, 142, 147`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `143, 146, 147`.

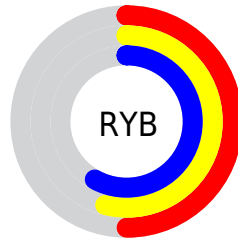
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (56%)

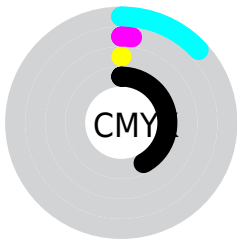
Blue (58%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (58%)

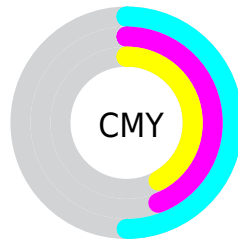


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 128, 144, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 128, 144, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 144, 147


255, 255, 255

 181, 198, 201

 209, 226, 229

 237, 254, 255

 128, 144, 147

 103, 118, 121

 79, 94, 97

 56, 70, 73

 34, 48, 50


 13, 27, 29

 0, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0

 128, 144, 147

 113, 142, 147

 128, 144, 147

 143, 146, 147

■ 99, 139, 147

■ 157, 149, 147

■ 84, 137, 147

■ 172, 151, 147

■ 69, 135, 147

■ 187, 153, 147

■ 55, 132, 147

■ 202, 156, 147

■ 40, 130, 147

■ 216, 158, 147

■ 25, 128, 147

■ 231, 160, 147

■ 10, 125, 147

■ 246, 163, 147

■ 0, 124, 147

■ 255, 165, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129, 144, 142



128, 144, 147



131, 143, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 144, 147



149, 138, 146



145, 141, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 144, 147



147, 131, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150, 139, 131



128, 144, 147



153, 137, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 144, 147



143, 139, 150



153, 138, 135



138, 143, 132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 144, 147



135, 142, 152



153, 138, 135



147, 140, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 144, 147



184, 190, 191



128, 147, 131



92, 96, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 144, 147



161, 186, 191



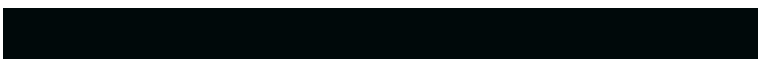
128, 135, 147



67, 73, 74



0, 116, 138



0, 9, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 128, 144



191, 161, 186



147, 140, 128



74, 67, 73



138, 0, 116



10, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 144, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

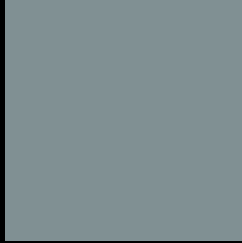
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 144, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

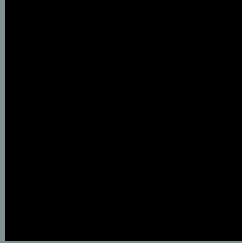
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

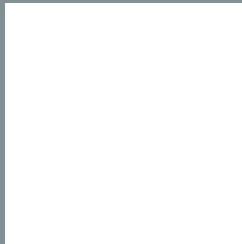
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 128, 144, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 144, 147.

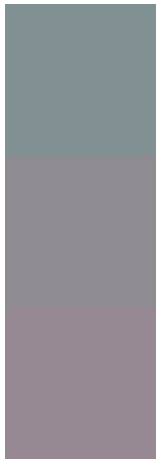


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 144, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

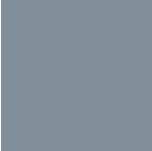
Dichromacy



Original Color
128, 144, 147

Protanopia
142, 140, 145

Deuteranopia
151, 137, 148



Tritanopia
129, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 144, 147

Protanomaly

137, 141, 146

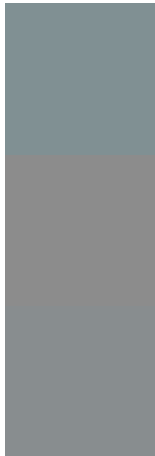
Deuteranomaly

143, 140, 148

Tritanomaly

129, 143, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 144, 147

Achromatopsia

140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly

136, 141, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 128, 144, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 144, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 144, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 144, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 144, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 128, 144, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 144, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 144, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 144, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 144, 147); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 144, 147); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 144, 147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 128, 144, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 144, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
144, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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