

Converting Colors

RGB(128, 211, 237)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(128, 211, 237) contains.

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Color

RGB(128, 211, 237)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80D3ED
RGB	128, 211, 237
RGB Percent	50%, 83%, 93%
CMY	0.4980, 0.1725, 0.0706
CMYK	0.46, 0.11, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	194°, 75%, 72%
HSV	194°, 46%, 93%
XYZ	47.4824, 57.2922, 88.6767
YIQ	189.1470, -57.8140, -9.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

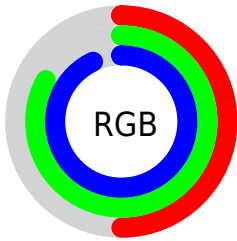
Format	Color
RYB	128, 175, 237
Decimal	8442861
CIELab	80.34, -18.54, -20.66
CIELCh	80, 27.760, 228.102
Yxy	57.2922, 0.2454, 0.2962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286632941 (0xFF80D3ED)
YUV	189.1470, 23.5915, -53.6259
Hunter-Lab	75.6916, -20.4846, -16.4772

Details

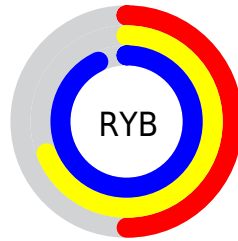
The RGB color **128, 211, 237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **237, 154, 128**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 255, 255**, and **69, 156, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104, 205, 237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 217, 237**.

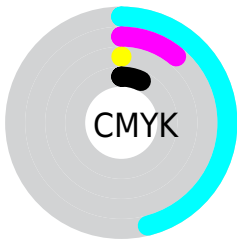
Distribution



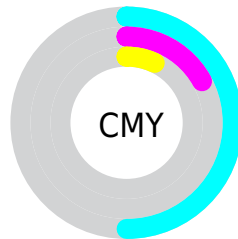
- Red (50%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 128, 211, 237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 128, 211, 237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 211, 237


255, 255, 255


 186, 255, 255


 215, 255, 255

 245, 255, 255

 128, 211, 237

 99, 183, 209

 69, 156, 181

 35, 130, 154

 0, 105, 128

 0, 81, 103

 0, 57, 79

 0, 36, 56

 0, 5, 35

 0, 0, 10

■ 128, 211, 237

■ 128, 211, 237

■ 104, 205, 237

■ 152, 217, 237

■ 81, 200, 237

■ 175, 222, 237

■ 57, 194, 237

■ 199, 228, 237

■ 33, 188, 237

■ 223, 234, 237

■ 9, 183, 237

■ 246, 239, 237

■ 0, 180, 237

■ 255, 245, 237

■ 255, 251, 237

■ 255, 255, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 214, 214



128, 211, 237



154, 205, 249

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 211, 237



245, 182, 211



202, 203, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 211, 237



237, 154, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 194, 149



128, 211, 237



252, 181, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 211, 237



222, 187, 234



246, 186, 162



173, 209, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 211, 237



177, 199, 250



246, 186, 162



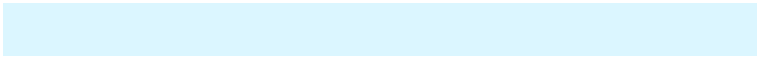
211, 200, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 211, 237



219, 246, 255



128, 237, 153



106, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



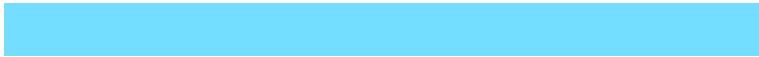
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 211, 237



115, 222, 255



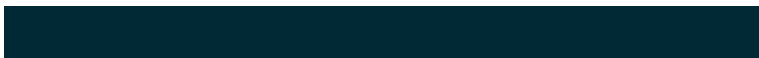
128, 157, 237



106, 115, 117



0, 138, 181



0, 41, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 128, 211



255, 115, 222



237, 208, 128



117, 106, 115



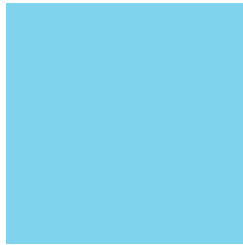
181, 0, 138



54, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 211, 237 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

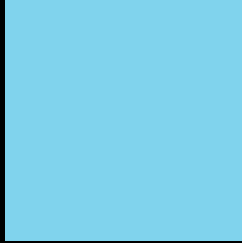
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 128, 211, 237 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 128, 211, 237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 211, 237.

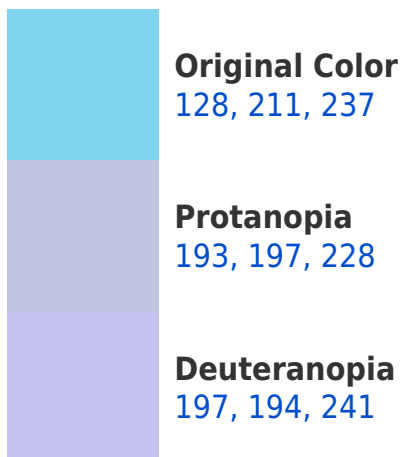


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 211, 237.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



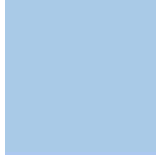


Tritanopia
126, 212, 229

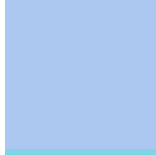
Trichromacy



Original Color
128, 211, 237



Protanomaly
169, 202, 231



Deuteranomaly
172, 200, 240

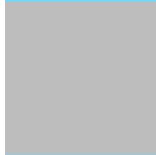


Tritanomaly
127, 212, 232

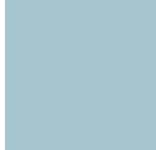
Monochromacy



Original Color
128, 211, 237



Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189



Achromatomaly
167, 197, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 128, 211, 237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 211, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 211, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 211, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 211, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 128, 211, 237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 211, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 211, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 211, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 211, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 211, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 211,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 128, 211, 237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 211, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
211, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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