

Converting Colors

RGB(129, 144, 143)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(129, 144, 143) contains.

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Color

RGB(129, 144, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81908F
RGB	129, 144, 143
RGB Percent	51%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4941, 0.4353, 0.4392
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	176°, 6%, 54%
HSV	176°, 10%, 56%
XYZ	23.9844, 26.5968, 29.8562
YIQ	139.4010, -8.6190, -3.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

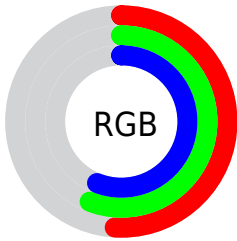
Format	Color
R _Y B	129, 137, 144
Decimal	8491151
CIE Lab	58.60, -5.59, -1.31
CIE LCh	59, 5.740, 193.236
Yxy	26.5968, 0.2982, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286681231 (0xFF81908F)
YUV	139.4010, 1.7743, -9.1217
Hunter-Lab	51.5721, -7.2368, 1.7762

Details

The RGB color `129, 144, 143` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `144, 129, 130`, and the grayscale version is `139, 139, 139`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `182, 198, 197`, and `80, 94, 93` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `115, 144, 142`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `143, 144, 144`.

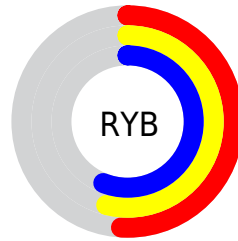
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (56%)

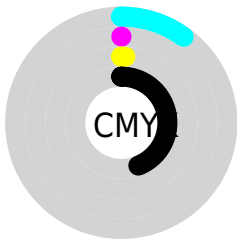
Blue (56%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (56%)

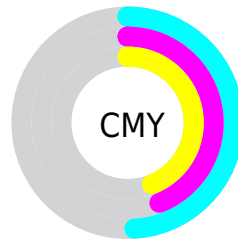


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 129, 144, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 129, 144, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 129, 144, 143

255, 255, 255

■ 182, 198, 197

■ 210, 226, 225

■ 238, 254, 253

■ 129, 144, 143

■ 104, 118, 117

■ 80, 94, 93

■ 57, 70, 69

■ 35, 48, 47

■ 14, 27, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 129, 144, 143

■ 115, 144, 142

■ 100, 144, 141

■ 129, 144, 143

■ 143, 144, 144

■ 158, 144, 145

86, 144, 140

172, 144, 146

71, 144, 139

187, 144, 147

57, 144, 138

201, 144, 148

43, 144, 137

215, 144, 149

28, 144, 136

230, 144, 150

14, 144, 135

244, 144, 151

0, 144, 134

255, 144, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 144, 138



129, 144, 143



129, 143, 148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 144, 143



145, 139, 148



148, 140, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 144, 143



144, 129, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 138, 134



129, 144, 143



150, 138, 144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 144, 143



139, 141, 151



152, 138, 139



143, 141, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 144, 143



131, 143, 150



152, 138, 139



149, 139, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 144, 143



181, 186, 186



130, 144, 129



91, 94, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 144, 143



162, 186, 185



129, 138, 144



64, 71, 71



0, 135, 126



0, 8, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 129, 130



186, 162, 164



144, 136, 129



71, 64, 65



135, 0, 9



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 144, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

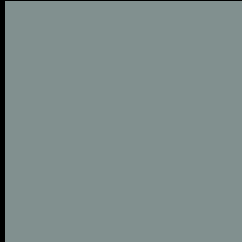
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 144, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

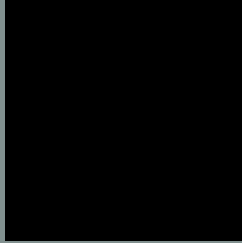
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

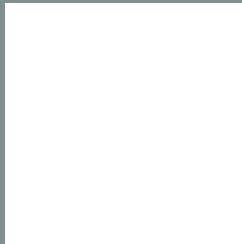
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 129, 144, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 144, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 144, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[129](#), [144](#), [143](#)

Protanopia

[143](#), [140](#), [141](#)

Deuteranopia

[153](#), [136](#), [145](#)



Tritanopia

131, 142, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

129, 144, 143

Protanomaly

138, 141, 142

Deuteranomaly

144, 139, 144

Tritanomaly

130, 143, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

129, 144, 143

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

135, 141, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 129, 144, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 144, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 144, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 144, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 144, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 129, 144, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 144, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 144, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 144, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 144, 143); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 144, 143); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 144, 143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 129, 144, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 144, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
144, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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