

# Converting Colors

RGB(129, 180, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(129, 180, 147) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(129, 180, 147)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81B493
RGB	129, 180, 147
RGB Percent	51%, 71%, 58%
CMY	0.4941, 0.2941, 0.4235
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.18, 0.29
HSL	141°, 25%, 61%
HSV	141°, 28%, 71%
XYZ	30.6410, 39.4162, 33.5969
YIQ	160.9890, -19.8030, -21.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

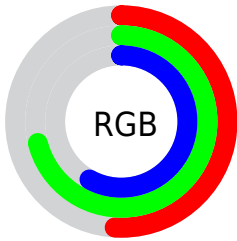
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	129, 167, 180
Decimal	8500371
CIELab	69.05, -23.76, 11.49
CIElCh	69, 26.396, 154.189
Yxy	39.4162, 0.2956, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286690451 (0xFF81B493)
YUV	160.9890, -6.8966, -28.0544
Hunter-Lab	62.7823, -22.7520, 12.2196

# Details

The RGB color **129, 180, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **180, 129, 162**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 236, 201**, and **78, 127, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 180, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 180, 159**.

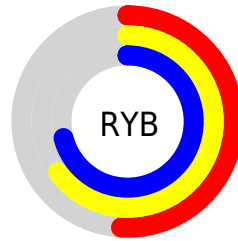
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (71%)

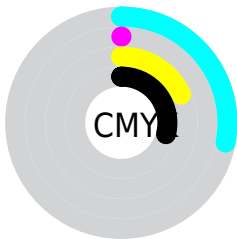
Blue (58%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (71%)

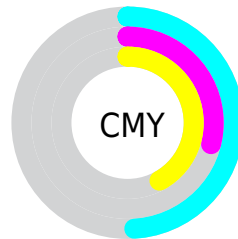


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 129, 180, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 129, 180, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 129, 180, 147


255, 255, 255

 183, 236, 201

 211, 255, 229

 240, 255, 255

 129, 180, 147

 103, 153, 121

 78, 127, 96

 53, 102, 73

 29, 77, 50

 2, 54, 29

 0, 33, 4


 0, 0, 0

 129, 180, 147


 111, 180, 135


 129, 180, 147


 147, 180, 159


 93, 180, 124

 165, 180, 170


 75, 180, 112


 183, 180, 182

 57, 180, 100


 201, 180, 194

 39, 180, 89


 219, 180, 205

 21, 180, 77

 237, 180, 217

 3, 180, 65

 255, 180, 229

 0, 180, 64

 255, 180, 240

 255, 180, 252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 175, 129



129, 180, 147



105, 182, 171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 180, 147



143, 170, 216



215, 153, 143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 180, 147



180, 129, 162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 151, 166



129, 180, 147



177, 161, 208

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 180, 147



112, 177, 211



202, 154, 190



203, 160, 126

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 180, 147



97, 182, 187



202, 154, 190



217, 152, 150



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 180, 147



213, 235, 221



162, 180, 129



104, 117, 109



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 180, 147



155, 235, 183



129, 180, 172



80, 89, 83



0, 153, 54



0, 26, 9



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 129, 162



235, 155, 206



180, 129, 137



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 99



26, 0, 17



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 180, 147 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

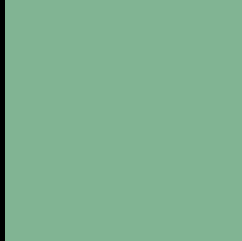
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 180, 147 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

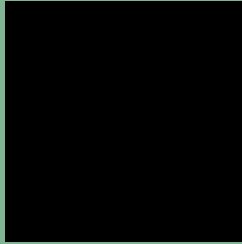
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 129, 180, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 180, 147.

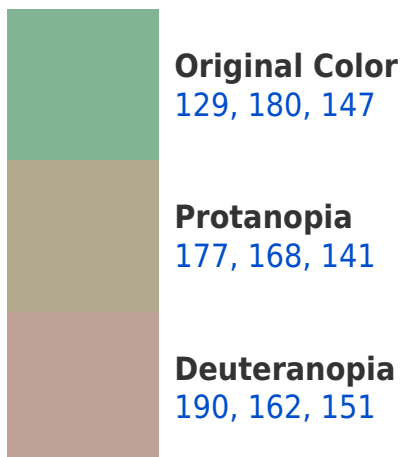


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 180, 147.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
137, 174, 188

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
129, 180, 147

**Protanomaly**  
160, 172, 143

**Deuteranomaly**  
168, 169, 150

**Tritanomaly**  
134, 176, 173

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
129, 180, 147

**Achromatopsia**  
161, 161, 161

**Achromatomaly**  
149, 168, 156

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 129, 180, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 180, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 180, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 180, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 180, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 129, 180, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 180, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 180, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 180, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 180, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 180, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 180,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 129, 180, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 180, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
180, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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