

Converting Colors

RGB(129, 76, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(129, 76, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(129, 76, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	814C84
RGB	129, 76, 132
RGB Percent	51%, 30%, 52%
CMY	0.4941, 0.7020, 0.4824
CMYK	0.02, 0.42, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	297°, 27%, 41%
HSV	297°, 42%, 52%
XYZ	15.8026, 11.5020, 23.2170
YIQ	98.2310, 13.6120, 28.6520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

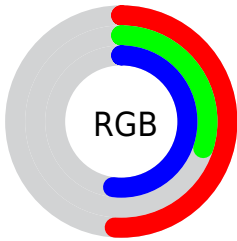
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 76, 132
Decimal	8473732
CIE _{Lab}	40.41, 31.78, -22.22
CIE _{LCh}	40, 38.774, 325.036
Yxy	11.5020, 0.3128, 0.2277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286663812 (0xFF814C84)
YUV	98.2310, 16.6481, 26.9844
Hunter-Lab	33.9145, 23.8221, -16.8482

Details

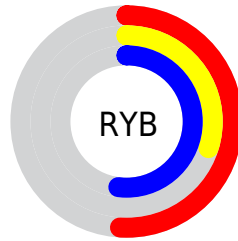
The RGB color **129, 76, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **79, 132, 76**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 126, 185**, and **78, 29, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 63, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 89, 132**.

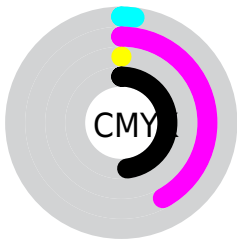
Distribution



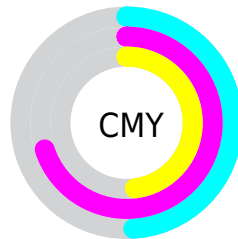
- Red (51%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 129, 76, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 129, 76, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 129, 76, 132

255, 255, 255

■ 183, 126, 185

■ 211, 153, 213

■ 240, 180, 241

■ 255, 208, 255

■ 255, 236, 255

■ 129, 76, 132

■ 103, 52, 107

■ 78, 29, 82

■ 54, 4, 59

■ 35, 0, 37

■ 0, 1, 14

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 129, 76, 132

■ 128, 63, 132


■ 128, 50, 132

■ 129, 76, 132

■ 130, 89, 132


■ 130, 102, 132


 127, 36, 132

 131, 116, 132

 126, 23, 132

 132, 129, 132

 125, 10, 132

 133, 142, 132

 125, 0, 132

 133, 155, 132

 134, 168, 132

 135, 182, 132

 135, 195, 132

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 89, 153



129, 76, 132



150, 67, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 76, 132



117, 92, 28



0, 111, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 76, 132



79, 132, 76

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 110, 89



129, 76, 132



87, 101, 34

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 76, 132



141, 80, 44



46, 108, 57



0, 107, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 76, 132



154, 67, 81



46, 108, 57



0, 111, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 76, 132



170, 149, 171



76, 80, 132



86, 73, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 76, 132



166, 84, 171



132, 76, 108



66, 60, 66



123, 0, 130



2, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 76, 79



171, 84, 88



76, 132, 100



66, 60, 60



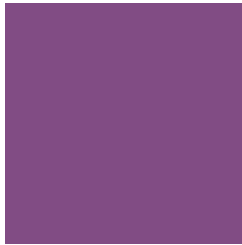
130, 0, 7



3, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 76, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 129, 76, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

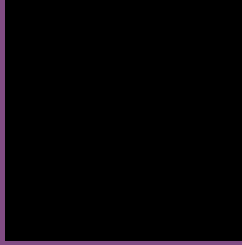
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 129, 76, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 76, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 129, 76, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
129, 76, 132

Protanopia
77, 94, 147

Deuteranopia
87, 94, 129



Tritanopia
124, 85, 91

Trichromacy



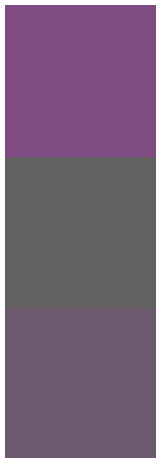
Original Color
129, 76, 132

Protanomaly
96, 87, 142

Deuteranomaly
102, 87, 130

Tritanomaly
126, 82, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color
129, 76, 132

Achromatopsia
98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly
109, 90, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 129, 76, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 76, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 76, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 76, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 76, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 129, 76, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 76, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 76, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 76, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 76, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 76, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 76,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 129, 76, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 76, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 76,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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