

Converting Colors

RGB(12, 111, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(12, 111, 208) contains.

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Color

RGB(12, 111, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C6FD0
RGB	12, 111, 208
RGB Percent	5%, 44%, 82%
CMY	0.9529, 0.5647, 0.1843
CMYK	0.94, 0.47, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	210°, 89%, 43%
HSV	210°, 94%, 82%
XYZ	17.2212, 16.0011, 61.8554
YIQ	92.4570, -90.1410, 9.1790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

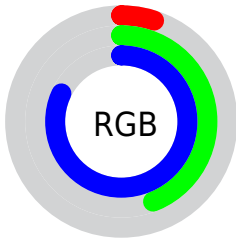
Format	Color
RYB	12, 78, 208
Decimal	815056
CIELab	46.98, 11.48, -57.06
CIELCh	47, 58.206, 281.377
Yxy	16.0011, 0.1811, 0.1683
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279005136 (0xFF0C6FD0)
YUV	92.4570, 56.9627, -70.5608
Hunter-Lab	40.0014, 6.8446, -63.6810

Details

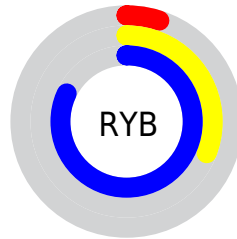
The RGB color **12, 111, 208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **208, 109, 12**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102, 162, 255**, and **0, 64, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 105, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 121, 208**.

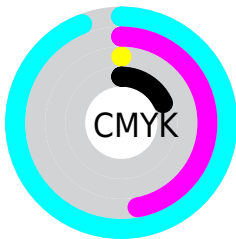
Distribution



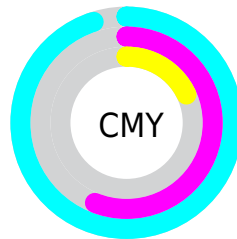
- Red (5%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




















- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 12, 111, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 12, 111, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12, 111, 208	 12, 111, 208
 255, 255, 255	 0, 87, 180
 102, 162, 255	 0, 64, 153
 134, 189, 255	 0, 44, 126
 165, 216, 255	 0, 25, 101
 195, 245, 255	 0, 9, 76
 226, 255, 255	 0, 4, 52
	 0, 2, 30
	 0, 0, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 12, 111, 208

■ 12, 111, 208

■ 0, 105, 208

■ 33, 121, 208

■ 54, 132, 208

■ 74, 142, 208

■ 95, 152, 208

■ 116, 162, 208

■ 137, 173, 208

■ 158, 183, 208

■ 178, 193, 208

■ 199, 204, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 125, 204



12, 111, 208



136, 89, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12, 111, 208



188, 76, 49



0, 132, 78

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 111, 208



208, 109, 12

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61, 126, 29



12, 111, 208



159, 98, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12, 111, 208



198, 59, 95



117, 115, 0



0, 134, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 111, 208



171, 73, 159



117, 115, 0



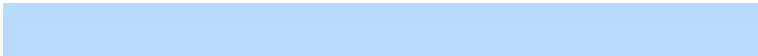
0, 130, 62

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 111, 208



184, 220, 255



12, 208, 107



84, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 111, 208



0, 129, 255



12, 15, 208



94, 99, 105



0, 85, 168



0, 21, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 12, 111



255, 0, 129



208, 205, 12



105, 94, 99



168, 0, 85



41, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 111, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 111, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

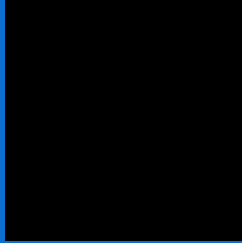
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

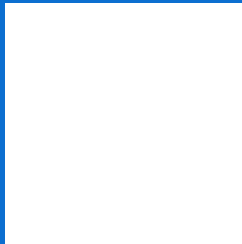
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 12, 111, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 111, 208.

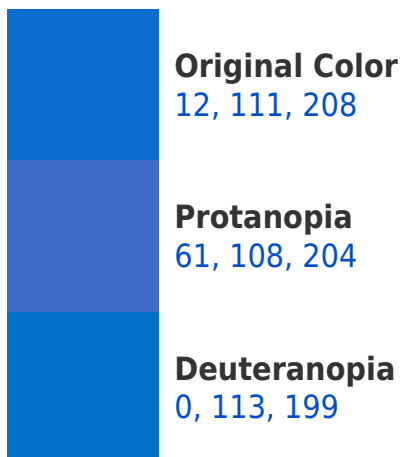


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 111, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 123, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

12, 111, 208

Protanomaly

43, 109, 205

Deuteranomaly

4, 112, 202

Tritanomaly

4, 119, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

12, 111, 208

Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly

63, 99, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 12, 111, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 111, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 111, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 111, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 111, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 12, 111, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 111, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 111, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(12, 111, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 111, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 111, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 111, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 12, 111, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 111, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 111,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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