

Converting Colors

RGB(12, 133, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(12, 133, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(12, 133, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C85FF
RGB	12, 133, 255
RGB Percent	5%, 52%, 100%
CMY	0.9529, 0.4784, 0.0000
CMYK	0.95, 0.48, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 52%
HSV	210°, 95%, 100%
XYZ	26.5891, 24.0732, 97.8529
YIQ	110.7290, -111.2780, 12.2900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

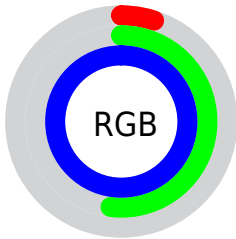
Format	Color
R_{YB}	12, 93, 255
Decimal	820735
CIE _{Lab}	56.16, 15.97, -68.59
CIE _{LCh}	56, 70.424, 283.106
Yxy	24.0732, 0.1790, 0.1621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279010815 (0xFF0C85FF)
YUV	110.7290, 71.1256, -86.5853
Hunter-Lab	49.0645, 10.8704, -83.9014

Details

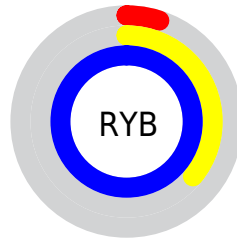
The RGB color **12, 133, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **255, 134, 12**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114, 185, 255**, and **0, 85, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 127, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 146, 255**.

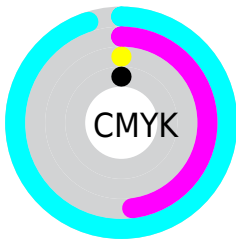
Distribution



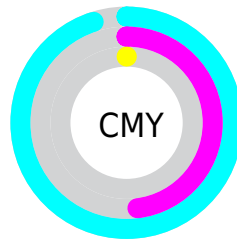
- Red (5%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




















- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 12, 133, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 12, 133, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12, 133, 255	 12, 133, 255
 255, 255, 255	 0, 108, 226
 114, 185, 255	 0, 85, 197
 148, 213, 255	 0, 63, 169
 181, 241, 255	 0, 42, 142
 213, 255, 255	 0, 25, 116
 244, 255, 255	 0, 13, 90
	 0, 7, 66
	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 21

■ 12, 133, 255

■ 12, 133, 255

■ 0, 127, 255

■ 38, 146, 255

■ 63, 159, 255

■ 89, 171, 255

■ 114, 184, 255

■ 140, 197, 255

■ 165, 210, 255

■ 191, 223, 255

■ 216, 235, 255

■ 242, 248, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 151, 252



12, 133, 255



170, 105, 225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12, 133, 255



228, 90, 52



0, 160, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 133, 255



255, 134, 12

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64, 153, 32



12, 133, 255



190, 119, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12, 133, 255



242, 67, 111



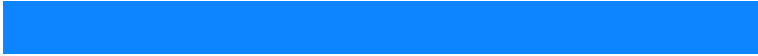
137, 140, 0



0, 162, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 133, 255



212, 84, 191



137, 140, 0



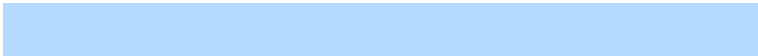
0, 158, 76

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 133, 255



181, 218, 255



12, 255, 134



83, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 133, 255



0, 127, 255



12, 12, 255



115, 121, 128



0, 95, 191



0, 32, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 12, 133



255, 0, 127



255, 255, 12



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 95



64, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 133, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

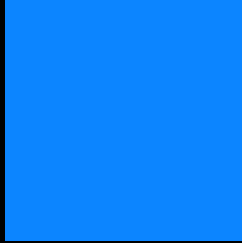
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 133, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

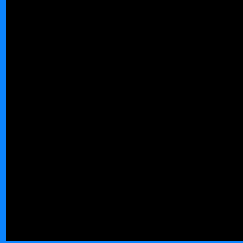
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

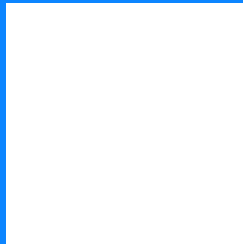
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 12, 133, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 133, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 133, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



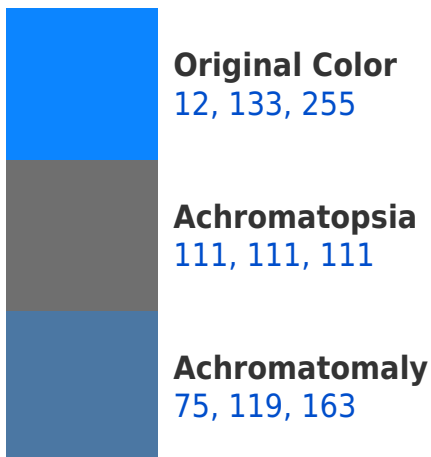


Tritanopia
0, 149, 158

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 12, 133, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 133, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 133, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 133, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 133, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 12, 133, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 133, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 133, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(12, 133, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 133, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 133, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 133,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 12, 133, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 133, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 133,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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