

Converting Colors

RGB(12, 167, 196)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(12, 167, 196) contains.

RGB(12, 167, 196)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(12, 167, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0CA7C4
RGB	12, 167, 196
RGB Percent	5%, 65%, 77%
CMY	0.9529, 0.3451, 0.2314
CMYK	0.94, 0.15, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	189°, 88%, 41%
HSV	189°, 94%, 77%
XYZ	23.9341, 31.7011, 57.0820
YIQ	123.9610, -101.6890, -23.8410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

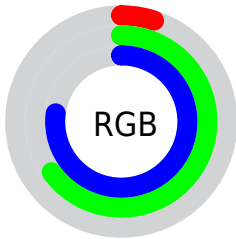
Format	Color
R _{YB}	12, 96, 196
Decimal	829380
CIE Lab	63.10, -25.19, -24.90
CIE LCh	63, 35.414, 224.666
Yxy	31.7011, 0.2123, 0.2812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279019460 (0xFF0CA7C4)
YUV	123.9610, 35.5152, -98.1898
Hunter-Lab	56.3037, -22.6530, -20.6969

Details

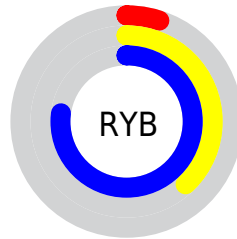
The RGB color **12, 167, 196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **196, 41, 12**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102, 222, 253**, and **0, 115, 142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 165, 196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 170, 196**.

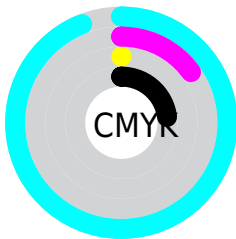
Distribution



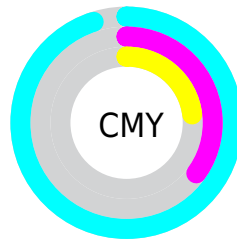
- Red (5%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



















- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 12, 167, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 12, 167, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12, 167, 196	 12, 167, 196
 255, 255, 255	 0, 140, 169
 102, 222, 253	 0, 115, 142
 134, 251, 255	 0, 90, 117
 165, 255, 255	 0, 66, 92
 195, 255, 255	 0, 43, 68
 226, 255, 255	 0, 21, 46
	 0, 1, 25
	 0, 0, 0

 12, 167, 196  12, 167, 196

■ 0, 165, 196

■ 32, 170, 196

■ 51, 173, 196

■ 71, 176, 196

■ 90, 179, 196

■ 110, 182, 196

■ 130, 186, 196

■ 149, 189, 196

■ 169, 192, 196

■ 188, 195, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33, 170, 168



12, 167, 196



77, 161, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12, 167, 196



204, 130, 170



158, 156, 91

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 167, 196



196, 41, 12

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 145, 92



12, 167, 196



214, 128, 138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12, 167, 196



176, 139, 198



208, 135, 110



123, 164, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 167, 196



115, 154, 215



208, 135, 110



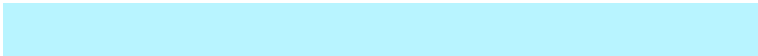
169, 152, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 167, 196



184, 244, 255



12, 196, 40



84, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



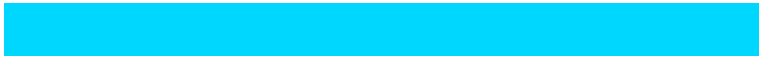
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 167, 196



0, 215, 255



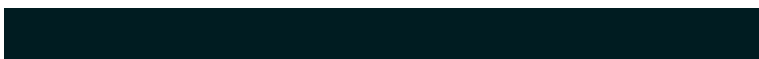
12, 76, 196



87, 95, 97



0, 135, 161



0, 28, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 12, 167



255, 0, 215



196, 132, 12



97, 87, 95



161, 0, 135



33, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 167, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

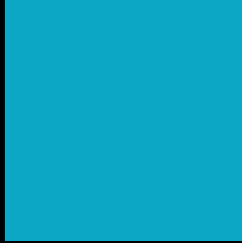
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 167, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 12, 167, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 167, 196.

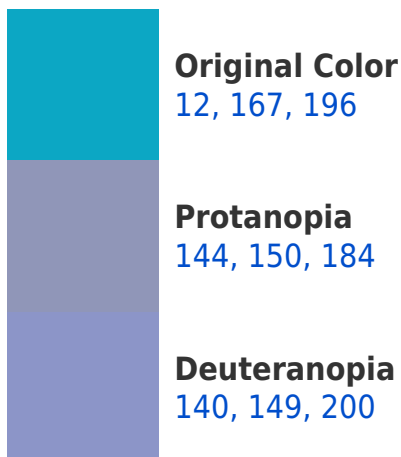


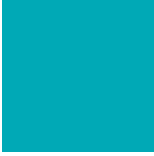
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 167, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color

12, 167, 196



Protanomaly

96, 156, 188



Deuteranomaly

93, 156, 199



Tritanomaly

4, 168, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

12, 167, 196



Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124



Achromatomaly

83, 140, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 12, 167, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 167, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 167, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 167, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 167, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 12, 167, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 167, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 167, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(12, 167, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 167, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 167, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 167,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 12, 167, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 167, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 167,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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