

Converting Colors

RGB(12, 172, 12)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(12, 172, 12) contains.

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Color

RGB(12, 172, 12)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	0CAC0C
RGB	12, 172, 12
RGB Percent	5%, 67%, 5%
CMY	0.9529, 0.3255, 0.9529
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.93, 0.33
HSL	120°, 87%, 36%
HSV	120°, 93%, 67%
XYZ	14.9705, 29.6098, 5.2741
YIQ	105.9200, -44.0000, -83.6800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

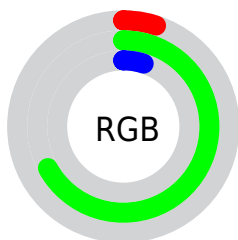
Format	Color
RYB	12, 172, 172
Decimal	830476
CIELab	61.32, -63.23, 60.40
CIELCh	61, 87.445, 136.314
Yxy	29.6098, 0.3003, 0.5939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279020556 (0xFF0CAC0C)
YUV	105.9200, -46.3026, -82.3678
Hunter-Lab	54.4148, -46.1174, 32.3438

Details

The RGB color **12, 172, 12** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **172, 12, 172**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 229, 78**, and **0, 118, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 172, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 172, 29**.

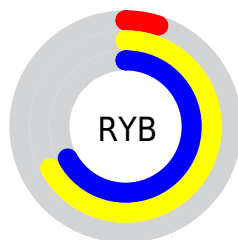
Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (67%)

Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

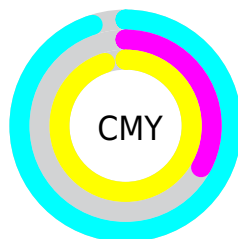


Cyan (93%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 12, 172, 12 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 12, 172, 12 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12, 172, 12

 12, 172, 12

255, 255, 255

 0, 145, 0

 98, 229, 78

 0, 118, 0

 129, 255, 106

 0, 92, 0

 160, 255, 133

 0, 67, 0

 190, 255, 161

 0, 43, 0

 220, 255, 190


 0, 9, 0

 251, 255, 219

 0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 248


 12, 172, 12


 12, 172, 12

 0, 172, 0

 29, 172, 29


 46, 172, 46


 64, 172, 64

 81, 172, 81

 98, 172, 98

 115, 172, 115

 132, 172, 132

 150, 172, 150

 167, 172, 167

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140, 157, 0



12, 172, 12



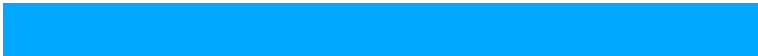
0, 179, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12, 172, 12



0, 168, 255



255, 46, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 172, 12



172, 12, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 54, 187



12, 172, 12



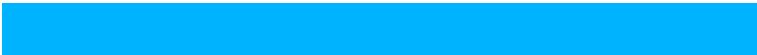
0, 143, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12, 172, 12



0, 179, 255



202, 104, 255



255, 92, 33

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 172, 12



0, 181, 163



202, 104, 255



255, 38, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 172, 12



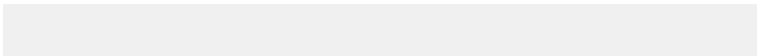
162, 224, 162



172, 172, 12



74, 112, 74



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 172, 12



0, 224, 0



12, 172, 92



78, 87, 78



0, 150, 0



0, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 12, 172



224, 0, 224



172, 12, 92



87, 78, 87



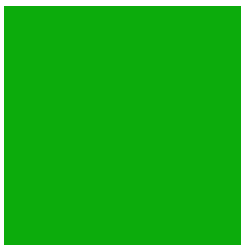
150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 172, 12 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

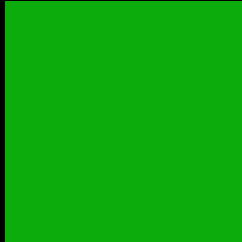
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 12, 172, 12 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

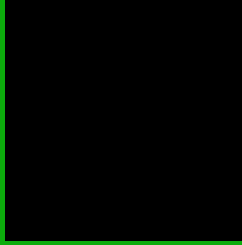
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 12, 172, 12 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 172, 12.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 12, 172, 12.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12, 172, 12

Protanopia

166, 147, 0

Deuteranopia

185, 139, 39



Tritanopia

73, 160, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color

12, 172, 12



Protanomaly

110, 156, 4



Deuteranomaly

122, 151, 29



Tritanomaly

51, 164, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

12, 172, 12



Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106



Achromatomaly

72, 130, 72

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 12, 172, 12 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 172, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 172, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 172, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 172, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 12, 172, 12 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 172, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 172, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 172, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 172, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 172, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 172,  
12) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 12, 172, 12 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 172, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 172,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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