

Converting Colors

RGB(130, 106, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(130, 106, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(130, 106, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	826A82
RGB	130, 106, 130
RGB Percent	51%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.4902, 0.5843, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 10%, 46%
HSV	300°, 18%, 51%
XYZ	18.3892, 16.6656, 23.3667
YIQ	115.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

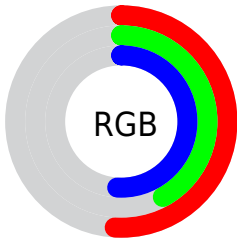
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 106, 130
Decimal	8546946
CIE _{Lab}	47.84, 14.03, -9.68
CIE _{LCh}	48, 17.046, 325.403
Yxy	16.6656, 0.3148, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286737026 (0xFF826A82)
YUV	115.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552
Hunter-Lab	40.8235, 8.9653, -5.3601

Details

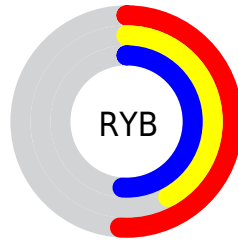
The RGB color **130, 106, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 130, 106**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 157, 183**, and **80, 59, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 93, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 119, 130**.

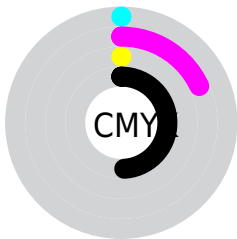
Distribution



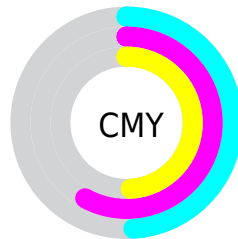
- Red (51%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 130, 106, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 130, 106, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 130, 106, 130


255, 255, 255

 183, 157, 183

 211, 184, 211

 239, 212, 239

 255, 240, 255

 130, 106, 130

 105, 82, 105


 80, 59, 81

 57, 37, 58


 35, 16, 36


 5, 0, 14

 0, 0, 0


 130, 106, 130

 130, 93, 130

 130, 80, 130

 130, 106, 130

 130, 119, 130

 130, 132, 130

130, 67, 130

130, 145, 130

130, 54, 130

130, 158, 130

130, 41, 130

130, 171, 130

130, 28, 130

130, 184, 130

130, 15, 130

130, 197, 130

130, 2, 130

130, 210, 130

130, 0, 130

130, 223, 130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 111, 139



130, 106, 130



141, 103, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 106, 130



126, 112, 85



73, 121, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 106, 130



106, 130, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80, 122, 111



130, 106, 130



111, 116, 87

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 106, 130



138, 107, 90



95, 120, 97



77, 119, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 106, 130



143, 103, 107



95, 120, 97



74, 122, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 106, 130



168, 158, 168



106, 106, 130



84, 78, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 106, 130



168, 131, 168



130, 106, 118



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 106, 130



168, 131, 168



106, 130, 118



64, 57, 64



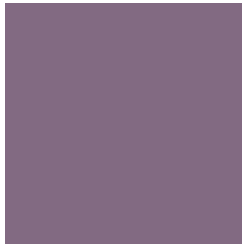
128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 106, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

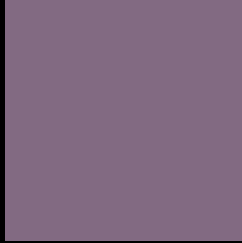
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 106, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

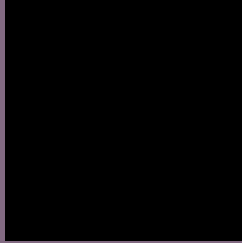
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 130, 106, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 106, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 106, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


130, 106, 130

Protanopia

109, 113, 134

Deuteranopia

117, 111, 129



Tritanopia
128, 108, 117

Trichromacy



Original Color

130, 106, 130

Protanomaly

117, 110, 133

Deuteranomaly

122, 109, 129

Tritanomaly

129, 107, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color

130, 106, 130

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

121, 112, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 130, 106, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 106, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 106, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 106, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 106, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 130, 106, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 106, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 106, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 106, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 106, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 106, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 106,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 130, 106, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 106, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
106, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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