

Converting Colors

RGB(130, 122, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(130, 122, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(130, 122, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	827A91
RGB	130, 122, 145
RGB Percent	51%, 48%, 57%
CMY	0.4902, 0.5216, 0.4314
CMYK	0.10, 0.16, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	261°, 9%, 52%
HSV	261°, 16%, 57%
XYZ	21.2763, 20.7092, 29.6640
YIQ	127.0140, -2.6150, 8.8490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

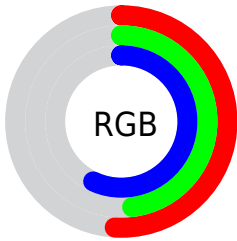
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 122, 145
Decimal	8551057
CIE Lab	52.63, 7.77, -11.33
CIE LCh	53, 13.738, 304.460
Yxy	20.7092, 0.2969, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286741137 (0xFF827A91)
YUV	127.0140, 8.8671, 2.6187
Hunter-Lab	45.5074, 3.8170, -6.7930

Details

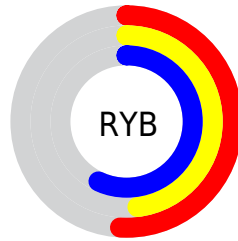
The RGB color **130, 122, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **137, 145, 122**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 174, 199**, and **81, 73, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121, 108, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 137, 145**.

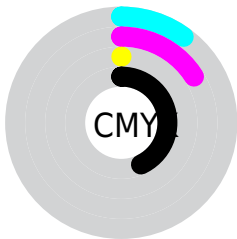
Distribution



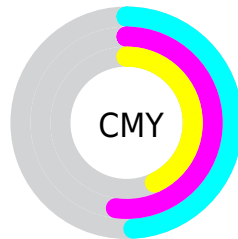
- Red (51%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 130, 122, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 130, 122, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 130, 122, 145

255, 255, 255

■ 183, 174, 199

■ 211, 202, 227

■ 239, 230, 255

■ 130, 122, 145

■ 105, 97, 119

■ 81, 73, 95

■ 57, 51, 71

■ 36, 30, 48

■ 16, 5, 28

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 130, 122, 145

■ 121, 108, 145

■ 111, 93, 145

■ 130, 122, 145

■ 139, 137, 145

■ 149, 151, 145

102, 79, 145

158, 166, 145

92, 64, 145

168, 180, 145

83, 50, 145

177, 195, 145

73, 35, 145

187, 209, 145

64, 21, 145

196, 224, 145

54, 6, 145

206, 238, 145

50, 0, 145

215, 253, 145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115, 126, 149



130, 122, 145



143, 119, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 122, 145



144, 121, 105



97, 133, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 122, 145



137, 145, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107, 131, 115



130, 122, 145



133, 125, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 122, 145



150, 118, 113



120, 129, 106



94, 132, 138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 122, 145



148, 118, 128



120, 129, 106



100, 132, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 122, 145



183, 179, 189



122, 137, 145



91, 89, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 122, 145



165, 153, 189



141, 122, 145



67, 64, 71



47, 0, 135



3, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 122, 137



189, 153, 176



126, 145, 122



71, 64, 69



135, 0, 88



8, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 122, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 122, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

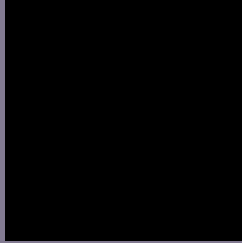
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 130, 122, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 122, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 122, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

130, 122, 145

Protanopia

121, 125, 147

Deuteranopia

129, 122, 145



Tritanopia
128, 124, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

130, 122, 145

Protanomaly

124, 124, 146

Deuteranomaly

129, 122, 145

Tritanomaly

129, 123, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

130, 122, 145

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

128, 125, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 130, 122, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(130, 122, 145) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 122, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 122, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 122, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 130, 122, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 122, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 122, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 122, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 122, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 122, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 122,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 130, 122, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 122, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
122, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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