

Converting Colors

RGB(130, 185, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(130, 185, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(130, 185, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82B991
RGB	130, 185, 145
RGB Percent	51%, 73%, 57%
CMY	0.4902, 0.2745, 0.4314
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.22, 0.27
HSL	136°, 28%, 62%
HSV	136°, 30%, 73%
XYZ	31.6657, 41.4881, 33.1271
YIQ	163.9950, -19.9400, -24.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

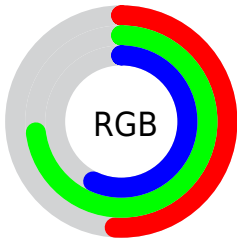
Format	Color
RYB	130, 173, 185
Decimal	8567185
CIELab	70.52, -26.30, 14.65
CIElCh	71, 30.102, 150.875
Yxy	41.4881, 0.2979, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286757265 (0xFF82B991)
YUV	163.9950, -9.3645, -29.8136
Hunter-Lab	64.4112, -24.9659, 14.5947

Details

The RGB color **130, 185, 145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **185, 130, 170**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 241, 199**, and **79, 132, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 185, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 185, 158**.

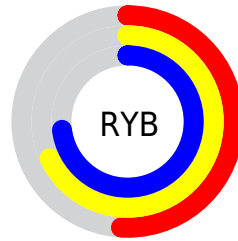
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (73%)

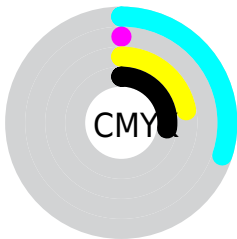
Blue (57%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (73%)

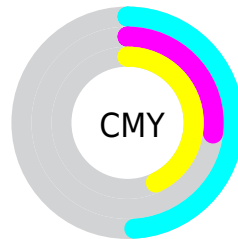


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 130, 185, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 130, 185, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 130, 185, 145


255, 255, 255

 184, 241, 199

 212, 255, 227

 241, 255, 255

 130, 185, 145

 104, 158, 119


 79, 132, 94

 54, 106, 71


 29, 82, 48

 0, 58, 27


 0, 36, 1

 0, 4, 0


 0, 0, 0

 130, 185, 145


 130, 185, 145

 112, 185, 132

 149, 185, 158

 93, 185, 118


 167, 185, 172


 74, 185, 105

 186, 185, 185


 56, 185, 91


 204, 185, 199

 38, 185, 78


 222, 185, 212

 19, 185, 64

 241, 185, 226

 1, 185, 51

 255, 185, 239

 0, 185, 50

 255, 185, 253

 255, 185, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 179, 125



130, 185, 145



100, 188, 172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 185, 145



138, 175, 227



226, 154, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 185, 145



185, 130, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225, 152, 173



130, 185, 145



177, 165, 219

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 185, 145



100, 182, 219



208, 156, 200



214, 162, 126

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 185, 145



87, 187, 191



208, 156, 200



227, 153, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 185, 145



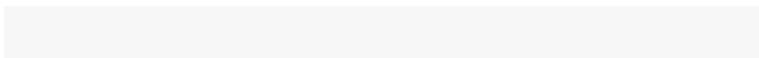
218, 240, 224



170, 185, 130



107, 120, 110



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 185, 145



153, 240, 177



130, 185, 172



83, 92, 85



0, 156, 42



0, 28, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 130, 170



240, 153, 216



185, 130, 143



92, 83, 89



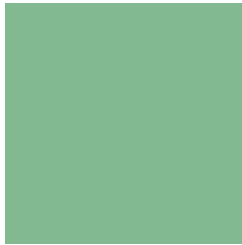
156, 0, 113



28, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 185, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

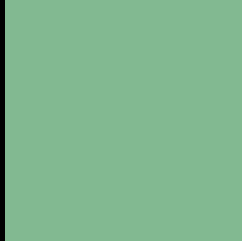
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 130, 185, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

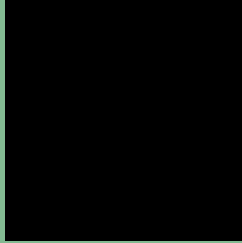
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 130, 185, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 185, 145.

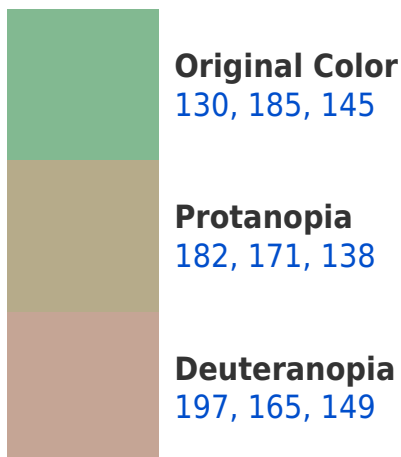


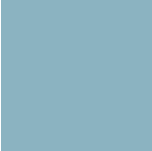
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 130, 185, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

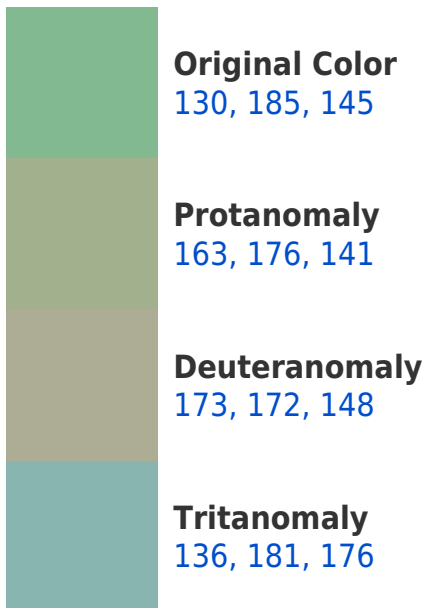
Dichromacy



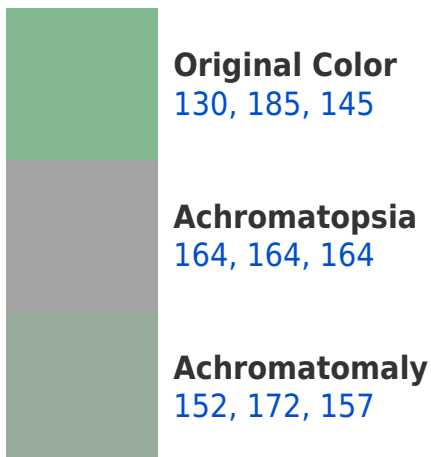


Tritanopia
139, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 130, 185, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 185, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 185, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 185, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 185, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 130, 185, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 185, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 185, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 185, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 185, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 185, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 185,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 130, 185, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 185, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
185, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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