

Converting Colors

RGB(131, 114, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(131, 114, 120) contains.

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Color

RGB(131, 114, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	837278
RGB	131, 114, 120
RGB Percent	51%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.4863, 0.5529, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.08, 0.49
HSL	339°, 7%, 48%
HSV	339°, 13%, 51%
XYZ	18.7676, 18.2160, 20.2962
YIQ	119.7670, 8.2060, 5.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

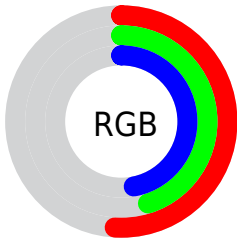
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 114, 120
Decimal	8614520
CIE Lab	49.76, 7.72, -0.87
CIE LCh	50, 7.770, 353.544
Yxy	18.2160, 0.3276, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286804600 (0xFF837278)
YUV	119.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513
Hunter-Lab	42.6802, 3.8006, 1.6813

Details

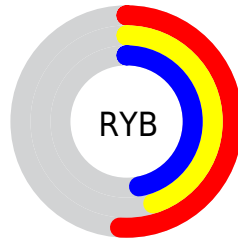
The RGB color **131, 114, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 131, 125**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 166, 172**, and **82, 66, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 101, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 127, 128**.

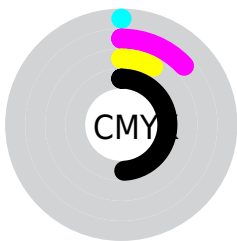
Distribution



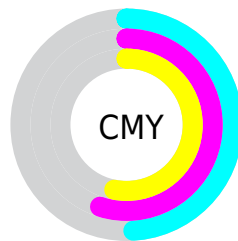
- Red (51%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 131, 114, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 131, 114, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 131, 114, 120


255, 255, 255


 184, 166, 172


 212, 193, 200


 240, 221, 228

 255, 249, 255

 131, 114, 120

 131, 101, 112

 131, 88, 103

 131, 114, 120

 106, 89, 95


 82, 66, 72


 58, 44, 49

 37, 23, 28

 16, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 131, 114, 120

 131, 127, 128

 131, 140, 137

131, 75, 95

131, 153, 145

131, 62, 86

131, 166, 154

131, 49, 78

131, 179, 162

131, 35, 69

131, 193, 171

131, 22, 61

131, 206, 179

131, 9, 52

131, 219, 188

131, 0, 46

131, 232, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 115, 126



131, 114, 120



133, 114, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 114, 120



118, 120, 106



104, 121, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 114, 120



114, 131, 125

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 122, 123



131, 114, 120



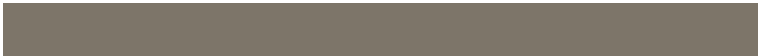
111, 121, 110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 114, 120



125, 117, 105



104, 122, 117



110, 119, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 114, 120



132, 115, 109



104, 122, 117



103, 122, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 114, 120



171, 164, 166



125, 114, 131



87, 82, 84



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 114, 120



171, 144, 153



131, 116, 114



66, 60, 62



130, 0, 46



3, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 114, 120



171, 144, 153



114, 129, 131



66, 60, 62



130, 0, 46



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 114, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 114, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

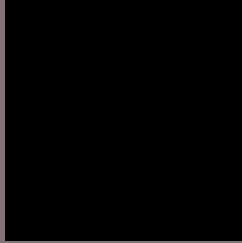
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 131, 114, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 114, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 114, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[131](#), [114](#), [120](#)

Protanopia

[119](#), [118](#), [122](#)

Deuteranopia

[129](#), [115](#), [120](#)



Tritanopia
131, 114, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 114, 120

Protanomaly

123, 117, 121

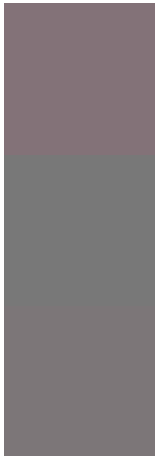
Deuteranomaly

130, 115, 120

Tritanomaly

131, 114, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 114, 120

Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120

Achromatomaly

124, 118, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 131, 114, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(131, 114, 120) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 114, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 114, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 114, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 131, 114, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 114, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 114, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 114, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 114, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 114, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 114,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 114, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 114, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
114, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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