

Converting Colors

RGB(131, 128, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(131, 128, 194) contains.

RGB(131, 128, 194)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(131, 128, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8380C2
RGB	131, 128, 194
RGB Percent	51%, 50%, 76%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4980, 0.2392
CMYK	0.32, 0.34, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	243°, 35%, 63%
HSV	243°, 34%, 76%
XYZ	26.8168, 24.1587, 54.2886
YIQ	136.4210, -19.3980, 21.1620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

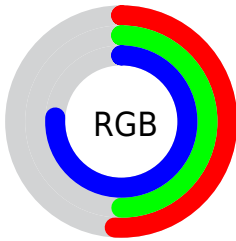
Format	Color
RYB	131, 128, 194
Decimal	8618178
CIELab	56.25, 16.53, -34.03
CIELCh	56, 37.832, 295.912
Yxy	24.1587, 0.2548, 0.2295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286808258 (0xFF8380C2)
YUV	136.4210, 28.3864, -4.7542
Hunter-Lab	49.1515, 11.3738, -31.0808

Details

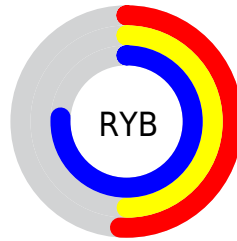
The RGB color **131, 128, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 194, 128**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 181, 251**, and **79, 79, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 109, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 147, 194**.

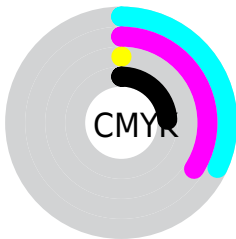
Distribution



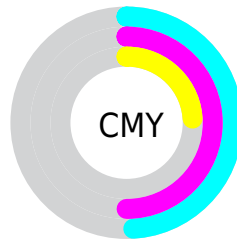
- Red (51%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 131, 128, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 131, 128, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 131, 128, 194

255, 255, 255

 186, 181, 251

 214, 208, 255

 243, 237, 255

 131, 128, 194

 105, 103, 167


 79, 79, 140

 53, 56, 114


 27, 35, 89

 0, 15, 66

 0, 3, 43

 0, 1, 21

 0, 0, 0

 131, 128, 194

 131, 128, 194

■ 112, 109, 194

■ 150, 147, 194

■ 94, 89, 194

■ 168, 167, 194

■ 75, 70, 194

■ 187, 186, 194

■ 57, 50, 194

■ 205, 206, 194

■ 38, 31, 194

■ 224, 225, 194

■ 20, 12, 194

■ 242, 244, 194

■ 9, 0, 194

■ 255, 255, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71, 140, 200



131, 128, 194



172, 116, 172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 128, 194



184, 120, 81



27, 152, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 128, 194



191, 194, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 148, 97



131, 128, 194



159, 131, 68

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 128, 194



197, 110, 108



126, 142, 74



0, 152, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 128, 194



188, 110, 152



126, 142, 74



53, 151, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 128, 194



228, 227, 252



128, 192, 194



113, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 128, 194



154, 149, 252



163, 128, 194



88, 87, 97



7, 0, 161



2, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 128, 191



252, 149, 248



159, 194, 128



97, 87, 96



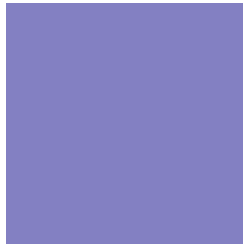
161, 0, 153



33, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 128, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

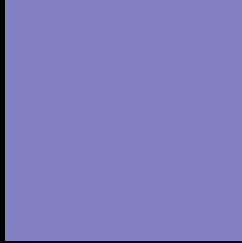
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 128, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

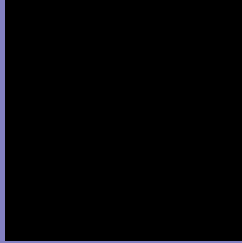
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 131, 128, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 128, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 128, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131, 128, 194

Protanopia

113, 133, 198

Deuteranopia

113, 134, 193



Tritanopia

121, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color
131, 128, 194

Protanomaly
120, 131, 197

Deuteranomaly
120, 132, 193

Tritanomaly
125, 134, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color
131, 128, 194

Achromatopsia
136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly
134, 133, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 131, 128, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 128, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 128, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 128, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 128, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 131, 128, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 128, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 128, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 128, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 128, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 128, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 128,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 128, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 128, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
128, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor