

Converting Colors

RGB(131, 134, 156)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(131, 134, 156) contains.

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Color

RGB(131, 134, 156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83869C
RGB	131, 134, 156
RGB Percent	51%, 53%, 61%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4745, 0.3882
CMYK	0.16, 0.14, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	233°, 11%, 56%
HSV	233°, 16%, 61%
XYZ	23.8859, 24.2758, 34.8793
YIQ	135.6110, -8.8500, 6.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

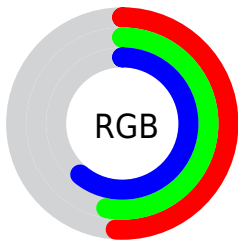
Format	Color
RYB	131, 134, 156
Decimal	8619676
CIELab	56.36, 3.62, -12.08
CIELCh	56, 12.613, 286.674
Yxy	24.2758, 0.2876, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286809756 (0xFF83869C)
YUV	135.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438
Hunter-Lab	49.2705, 0.3120, -7.4829

Details

The RGB color **131, 134, 156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **156, 153, 131**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 187, 211**, and **81, 85, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 120, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 148, 156**.

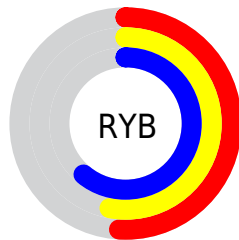
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (53%)

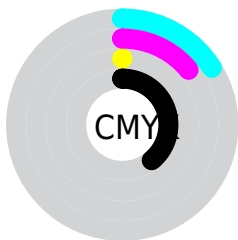
Blue (61%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (61%)

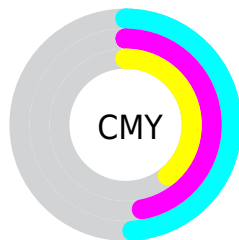


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 131, 134, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 131, 134, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 131, 134, 156

255, 255, 255

■ 184, 187, 211

■ 212, 215, 239

■ 240, 243, 255

■ 131, 134, 156

■ 106, 109, 130

■ 81, 85, 105

■ 58, 61, 81

■ 36, 40, 58

■ 15, 19, 36

■ 0, 1, 14

■ 0, 0, 0


■ 131, 134, 156

■ 115, 120, 156

■ 131, 134, 156

■ 147, 148, 156

 100, 107, 156

 162, 161, 156

 84, 93, 156

 178, 175, 156

 69, 79, 156

 193, 189, 156

 53, 65, 156

 209, 203, 156

 37, 52, 156


 225, 216, 156

 22, 38, 156

 240, 230, 156

 6, 24, 156

 255, 244, 156

 0, 19, 156

 255, 255, 156

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 138, 156



131, 134, 156



145, 130, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 134, 156



156, 130, 120



114, 141, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 134, 156



156, 153, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125, 139, 120



131, 134, 156



149, 133, 114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 134, 156



158, 128, 129



137, 136, 114



107, 142, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 134, 156



152, 129, 144



137, 136, 114



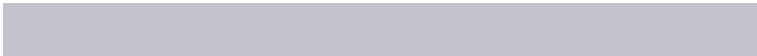
117, 141, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 134, 156



194, 195, 204



131, 156, 153



96, 97, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 134, 156



165, 170, 204



140, 131, 156



71, 72, 79



0, 17, 143



0, 2, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156, 131, 134



204, 165, 170



147, 156, 131



79, 71, 72



143, 0, 17



15, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 134, 156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

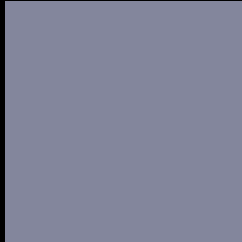
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 134, 156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

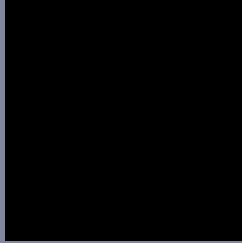
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

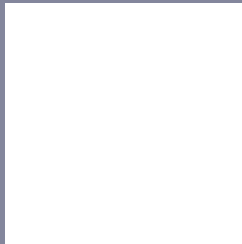
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 131, 134, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 134, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 134, 156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

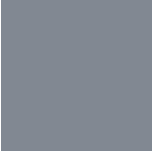
[131](#), [134](#), [156](#)

Protanopia

[131](#), [134](#), [156](#)

Deuteranopia

[138](#), [132](#), [156](#)



Tritanopia
129, 136, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 134, 156

Protanomaly

131, 134, 156

Deuteranomaly

135, 133, 156

Tritanomaly

130, 135, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 134, 156

Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly

134, 135, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 131, 134, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 134, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 134, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 134, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 134, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 131, 134, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 134, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 134, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 134, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 134, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 134, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 134,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 134, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 134, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
134, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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