

Converting Colors

RGB(131, 72, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(131, 72, 95) contains.

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Color

RGB(131, 72, 95)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83485F
RGB	131, 72, 95
RGB Percent	51%, 28%, 37%
CMY	0.4863, 0.7176, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.27, 0.49
HSL	337°, 29%, 40%
HSV	337°, 45%, 51%
XYZ	13.7430, 10.2862, 12.0876
YIQ	92.2630, 27.7810, 19.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

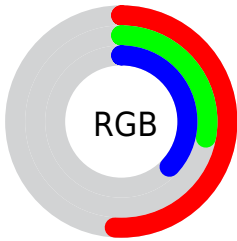
Format	Color
RYB	131, 72, 95
Decimal	8603743
CIELab	38.35, 28.16, -2.41
CIElCh	38, 28.263, 355.103
Yxy	10.2862, 0.3805, 0.2848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286793823 (0xFF83485F)
YUV	92.2630, 1.3493, 33.9723
Hunter-Lab	32.0722, 20.3613, 0.1049

Details

The RGB color **131, 72, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **72, 131, 108**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 122, 145**, and **79, 25, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 59, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 85, 103**.

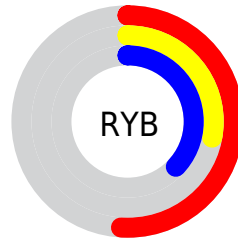
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (28%)

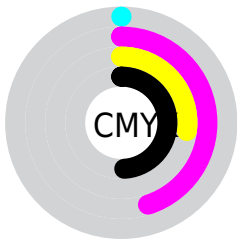
Blue (37%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (37%)

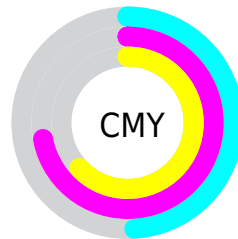


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 131, 72, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 131, 72, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



131, 72, 95



131, 72, 95

255, 255, 255



105, 48, 71



186, 122, 145



79, 25, 49



214, 148, 172



55, 2, 28



243, 175, 199



35, 0, 1



255, 203, 227



0, 0, 0



255, 231, 255



131, 72, 95



131, 72, 95



131, 59, 87



131, 85, 103





131, 46, 79





131, 98, 111


 131, 33, 71


 131, 111, 119


 131, 20, 63


 131, 124, 127


 131, 7, 55


 131, 138, 135

 131, 0, 51

 131, 151, 143

 131, 164, 151

 131, 177, 159

 131, 190, 167

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115, 77, 117



131, 72, 95



134, 73, 72

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 72, 95



85, 95, 48



0, 99, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 72, 95



72, 131, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 102, 109



131, 72, 95



58, 100, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 72, 95



108, 88, 44



18, 102, 86



45, 94, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 72, 95



129, 77, 59



18, 102, 86



0, 100, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 72, 95



171, 147, 156



107, 72, 131



87, 72, 78



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 72, 95



171, 79, 115



131, 78, 72



66, 60, 62



130, 0, 51



3, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 72, 95



171, 79, 115



72, 125, 131



66, 60, 62



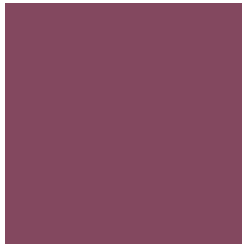
130, 0, 51



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 72, 95 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

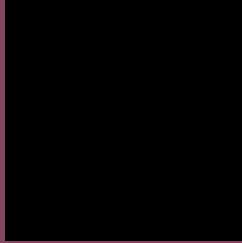
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 131, 72, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 72, 95.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 72, 95.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131, 72, 95

Protanopia

88, 90, 106

Deuteranopia

99, 88, 92



Tritanopia
130, 75, 80

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 72, 95

Protanomaly

104, 83, 102

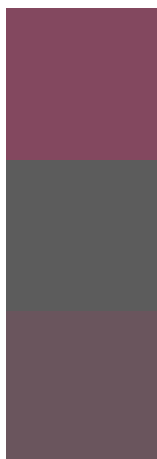
Deuteranomaly

111, 82, 93

Tritanomaly

130, 74, 85

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 72, 95

Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly

106, 85, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 131, 72, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 72, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 72, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 72, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 72, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 131, 72, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 72, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 72, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 72, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 72, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 72, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 72,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 72, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 72, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 72,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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