

Converting Colors

RGB(131, 94, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(131, 94, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(131, 94, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	835E8E
RGB	131, 94, 142
RGB Percent	51%, 37%, 56%
CMY	0.4863, 0.6314, 0.4431
CMYK	0.08, 0.34, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	286°, 20%, 46%
HSV	286°, 34%, 56%
XYZ	18.2453, 14.7837, 27.4831
YIQ	110.5350, 6.6440, 22.7720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

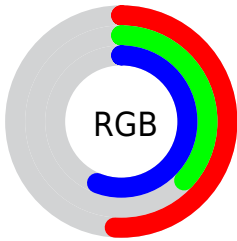
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 94, 142
Decimal	8609422
CIE _{Lab}	45.34, 24.05, -20.64
CIE _{LCh}	45, 31.693, 319.358
Yxy	14.7837, 0.3015, 0.2443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286799502 (0xFF835E8E)
YUV	110.5350, 15.5122, 17.9478
Hunter-Lab	38.4496, 17.4159, -15.4648

Details

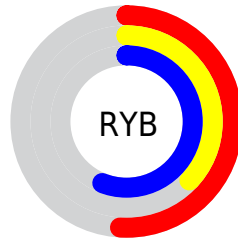
The RGB color **131, 94, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **105, 142, 94**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 145, 196**, and **81, 47, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 80, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 108, 142**.

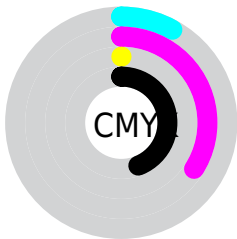
Distribution



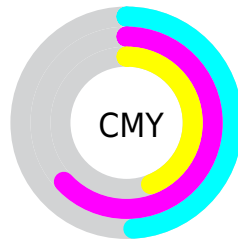
- Red (51%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 131, 94, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 131, 94, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



131, 94, 142



131, 94, 142

255, 255, 255



105, 70, 116



185, 145, 196



81, 47, 92



213, 172, 224



57, 25, 68



241, 199, 253



35, 2, 45



255, 227, 255



0, 0, 24



0, 0, 0



131, 94, 142



131, 94, 142



128, 80, 142




134, 108, 142





124, 66, 142




138, 122, 142

 121, 51, 142


 141, 137, 142


 118, 37, 142

 144, 151, 142


 115, 23, 142

 147, 165, 142

 111, 9, 142

 151, 179, 142

 109, 0, 142

 154, 193, 142

 157, 208, 142

 160, 222, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 104, 157



131, 94, 142



152, 87, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 94, 142



132, 103, 55



0, 121, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 94, 142



105, 142, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36, 120, 97



131, 94, 142



107, 111, 56

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 94, 142



150, 93, 68



76, 117, 72



0, 119, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 94, 142



158, 86, 100



76, 117, 72



0, 121, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 94, 142



179, 165, 184



94, 105, 142



89, 81, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 94, 142



166, 108, 184



142, 94, 129



70, 64, 71



104, 0, 135



6, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 94, 105



184, 108, 126



94, 142, 107



71, 64, 66



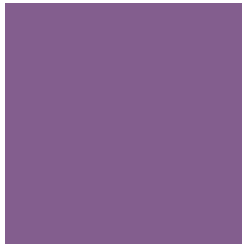
135, 0, 31



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 94, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

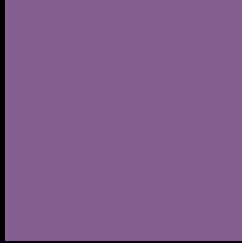
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 131, 94, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

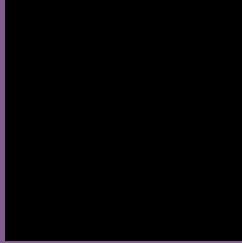
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 131, 94, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 94, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 131, 94, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


131, 94, 142

Protanopia

94, 106, 151

Deuteranopia

101, 106, 140



Tritanopia
126, 101, 109

Trichromacy



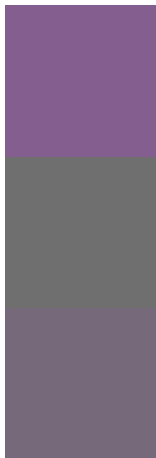
Original Color
131, 94, 142

Protanomaly
107, 102, 148

Deuteranomaly
112, 102, 141

Tritanomaly
128, 98, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color
131, 94, 142

Achromatopsia
111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly
118, 105, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 131, 94, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 94, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 94, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 94, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 94, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 131, 94, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 94, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 94, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 94, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 94, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 94, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 94,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 94, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 94, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 94,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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