

# Converting Colors

RGB(132, 125, 81)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(132, 125, 81) contains.

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**Color**

**RGB(132, 125, 81)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	847D51
RGB	132, 125, 81
RGB Percent	52%, 49%, 32%
CMY	0.4824, 0.5098, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.39, 0.48
HSL	52°, 24%, 42%
HSV	52°, 39%, 52%
XYZ	18.3345, 20.1668, 10.7108
YIQ	122.0770, 18.2960, -12.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

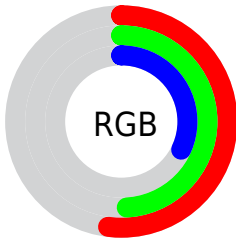
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	89, 132, 81
Decimal	8682833
CIELab	52.03, -4.31, 24.96
CIElCh	52, 25.330, 99.803
Yxy	20.1668, 0.3726, 0.4098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286872913 (0xFF847D51)
YUV	122.0770, -20.2510, 8.7025
Hunter-Lab	44.9075, -5.7114, 17.2941

# Details

The RGB color **132, 125, 81** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **81, 88, 132**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 177, 131**, and **81, 76, 35** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 123, 68**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 127, 94**.

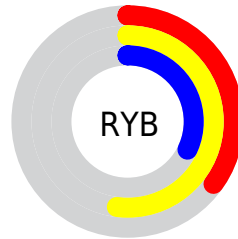
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (49%)

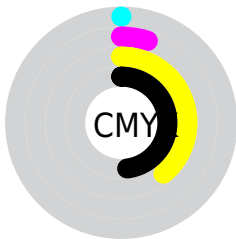
Blue (32%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (32%)

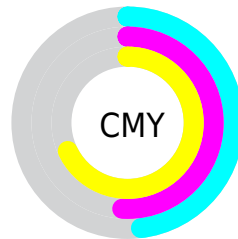


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (51%)





















Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 132, 125, 81 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 132, 125, 81 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 132, 125, 81	 132, 125, 81
 255, 255, 255	 106, 100, 58
 186, 177, 131	 81, 76, 35
 214, 205, 157	 57, 54, 13
 243, 233, 184	 36, 32, 0
 255, 255, 212	 0, 10, 0
 255, 255, 240	 0, 0, 0
 132, 125, 81	 132, 125, 81
 132, 123, 68	 132, 127, 94
 132, 121, 55	 132, 129, 107

■ 132, 120, 41

■ 132, 130, 121

■ 132, 118, 28

■ 132, 132, 134

■ 132, 116, 15

■ 132, 134, 147

■ 132, 114, 2

■ 132, 136, 160

■ 132, 114, 0

■ 132, 138, 173

■ 132, 139, 187

■ 132, 141, 200

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 118, 84



132, 125, 81



108, 131, 90

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 125, 81



52, 135, 151



157, 110, 140

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 125, 81



81, 88, 132

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 116, 157



132, 125, 81



73, 130, 164

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 125, 81



59, 136, 131



106, 124, 167



167, 108, 118

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 125, 81



91, 134, 102



106, 124, 167



152, 111, 146



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 125, 81



171, 168, 150



132, 81, 89



87, 85, 75



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 125, 81



171, 160, 92



114, 132, 81



66, 65, 60



130, 112, 0



3, 2, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 88, 132



92, 103, 171



99, 81, 132



60, 61, 66



0, 18, 130



0, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 125, 81 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 125, 81 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

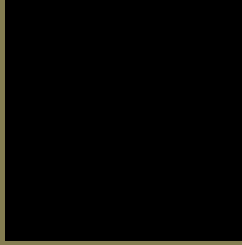
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 132, 125, 81 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 125, 81.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 125, 81.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


132, 125, 81

### Protanopia

135, 124, 81

### Deuteranopia

149, 119, 82



**Tritanopia**  
137, 119, 128

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

132, 125, 81

**Protanomaly**

134, 124, 81

**Deuteranomaly**

143, 121, 82

**Tritanomaly**

135, 121, 111

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

132, 125, 81

**Achromatopsia**

122, 122, 122

**Achromatomaly**

126, 123, 107

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 132, 125, 81 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 125, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 125, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 125, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 125, 81) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 132, 125, 81 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 125, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 125, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 125, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 125, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 125, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 125,  
81) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 132, 125, 81 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 125, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
125, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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