

Converting Colors

RGB(132, 140, 139)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(132, 140, 139) contains.

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Color

RGB(132, 140, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 848C8B |
| RGB | 132, 140, 139 |
| RGB Percent | 52%, 55%, 55% |
| CMY | 0.4824, 0.4510, 0.4549 |
| CMYK | 0.06, 0.00, 0.01, 0.45 |
| HSL | 172°, 3%, 53% |
| HSV | 172°, 6%, 55% |
| XYZ | 23.5540, 25.5258, 28.1116 |
| YIQ | 137.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

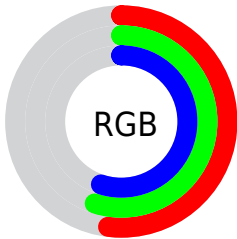
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 132, 136, 140 |
| Decimal | 8686731 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 57.58, -3.11, -0.48 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 58, 3.151, 188.812 |
| Yxy | 25.5258, 0.3051, 0.3307 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286876811 (0xFF848C8B) |
| YUV | 137.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182 |
| Hunter-Lab | 50.5230, -5.1981, 2.3765 |

Details

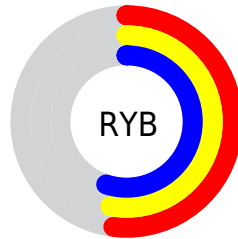
The RGB color **132, 140, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **140, 132, 133**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 194, 192**, and **83, 90, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 140, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 140, 141**.

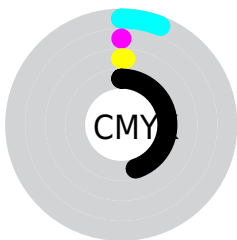
Distribution



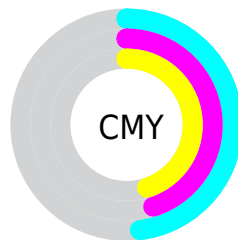
- Red (52%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 132, 140, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 132, 140, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 132, 140, 139


255, 255, 255

 185, 194, 192


 213, 221, 220

 241, 250, 249

 132, 140, 139

 107, 115, 114


 83, 90, 89


 60, 67, 66


 38, 44, 44

 17, 24, 23

 0, 0, 0

 132, 140, 139

 118, 140, 137

 104, 140, 135

 132, 140, 139

 146, 140, 141

 160, 140, 143

90, 140, 134

174, 140, 144

76, 140, 132

188, 140, 146

62, 140, 130

202, 140, 148

48, 140, 128

216, 140, 150

34, 140, 127

230, 140, 151

20, 140, 125

244, 140, 153

6, 140, 123

255, 140, 155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 140, 136



132, 140, 139



132, 140, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 140, 139



140, 137, 143



143, 137, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 140, 139



140, 132, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144, 137, 135



132, 140, 139



143, 137, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 140, 139



137, 138, 144



144, 136, 138



140, 138, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 140, 139



133, 139, 143



144, 136, 138



143, 137, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 140, 139



177, 181, 181



133, 140, 132



90, 92, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 140, 139



168, 181, 179



132, 137, 140



63, 69, 68



0, 133, 116



0, 5, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 132, 133



181, 168, 170



140, 135, 132



69, 63, 64



133, 0, 17



5, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 140, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

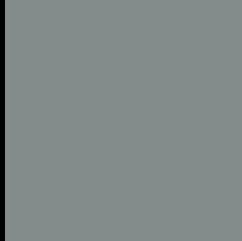
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 140, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

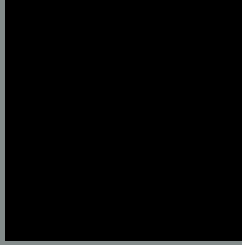
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

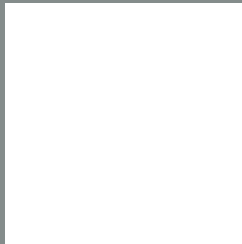
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 132, 140, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 140, 139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 140, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[132](#), [140](#), [139](#)

Protanopia
[141](#), [137](#), [138](#)

Deuteranopia
[150](#), [134](#), [140](#)



Tritanopia

134, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

132, 140, 139

Protanomaly

138, 138, 138

Deuteranomaly

143, 136, 140

Tritanomaly

133, 139, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

132, 140, 139

Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137

Achromatomaly

135, 138, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 132, 140, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(132, 140, 139) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 140, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 140, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 140, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 132, 140, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 140, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 140, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 140, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 140, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 140, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 140,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 132, 140, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 140, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
140, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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