

Converting Colors

RGB(132, 171, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(132, 171, 171) contains.

RGB(132, 171, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(132, 171, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84ABAB
RGB	132, 171, 171
RGB Percent	52%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.4824, 0.3294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	180°, 19%, 59%
HSV	180°, 23%, 67%
XYZ	31.4293, 36.9716, 44.0078
YIQ	159.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

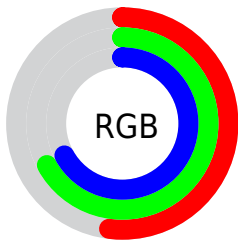
Format	Color
RYB	132, 152, 171
Decimal	8694699
CIELab	67.26, -13.11, -4.33
CIELCh	67, 13.802, 198.275
Yxy	36.9716, 0.2796, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286884779 (0xFF84ABAB)
YUV	159.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	60.8043, -14.1421, -0.3488

Details

The RGB color **132, 171, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **171, 132, 132**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 226, 226**, and **81, 119, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 171, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 171, 171**.

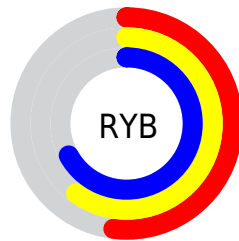
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (67%)

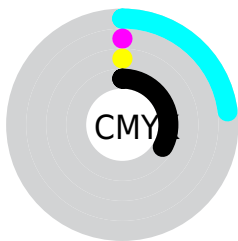
Blue (67%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (67%)

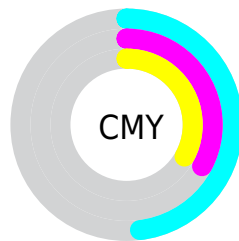


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 132, 171, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 132, 171, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 132, 171, 171

255, 255, 255


 186, 226, 226

 214, 255, 255

 243, 255, 255

 132, 171, 171

 106, 144, 145

 81, 119, 119

 57, 94, 94

 33, 70, 71


 8, 48, 48

 0, 27, 27

 0, 0, 0

 132, 171, 171

 115, 171, 171

 132, 171, 171

 149, 171, 171

■ 98, 171, 171

■ 166, 171, 171

■ 81, 171, 171

■ 183, 171, 171

■ 64, 171, 171

■ 200, 171, 171

■ 47, 171, 171

■ 218, 171, 171

■ 29, 171, 171

■ 235, 171, 171

■ 12, 171, 171

■ 252, 171, 171

■ 0, 171, 171

■ 255, 171, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 171, 158



132, 171, 171



134, 169, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 171, 171



175, 158, 180



179, 161, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 171, 171



171, 132, 132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 158, 146



132, 171, 171



186, 156, 169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 171, 171



160, 162, 187



190, 155, 156



166, 165, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 171, 171



140, 167, 186



190, 155, 156



182, 160, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 171, 171



206, 222, 222



132, 171, 132



103, 112, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 171, 171



162, 222, 222



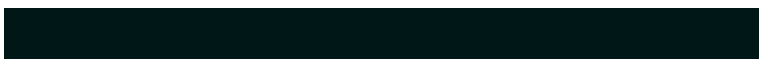
132, 151, 171



78, 87, 87



0, 150, 150



0, 23, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 132, 171



222, 162, 222



171, 151, 132



87, 78, 87



150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 171, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

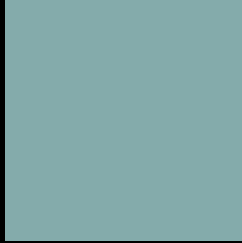
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 171, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

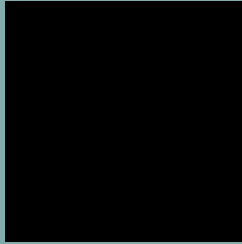
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 132, 171, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 171, 171.

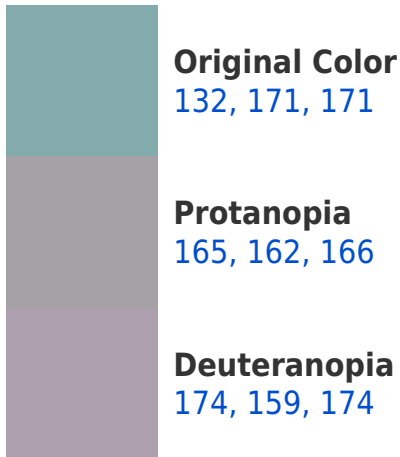



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 171, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

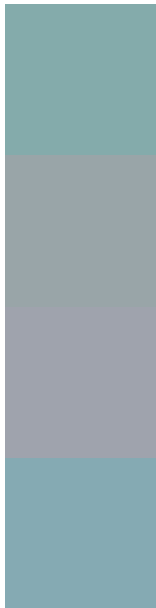
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 169, 183

Trichromacy



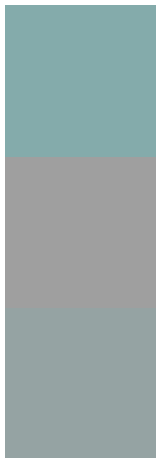
Original Color
132, 171, 171

Protanomaly
153, 165, 168

Deuteranomaly
159, 163, 173

Tritanomaly
133, 170, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color
132, 171, 171

Achromatopsia
159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly
149, 163, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 132, 171, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 171, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 132, 171, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 171, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 171,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 132, 171, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor