

Converting Colors

RGB(132, 85, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(132, 85, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(132, 85, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	845569
RGB	132, 85, 105
RGB Percent	52%, 33%, 41%
CMY	0.4824, 0.6667, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.20, 0.48
HSL	334°, 22%, 43%
HSV	334°, 36%, 52%
XYZ	15.3140, 12.4225, 14.9552
YIQ	101.3330, 21.5920, 16.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

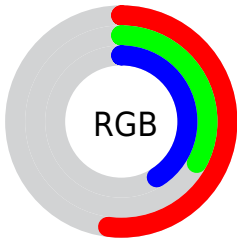
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 85, 105
Decimal	8672617
CIE _{Lab}	41.88, 22.59, -3.40
CIE _{LCh}	42, 22.846, 351.446
Yxy	12.4225, 0.3587, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286862697 (0xFF845569)
YUV	101.3330, 1.8078, 26.8950
Hunter-Lab	35.2455, 15.8779, -0.4859

Details

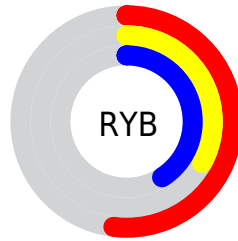
The RGB color **132, 85, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **85, 132, 112**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 135, 156**, and **81, 39, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 72, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 98, 113**.

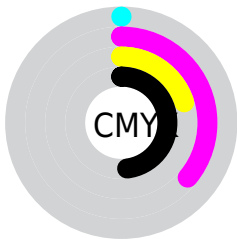
Distribution



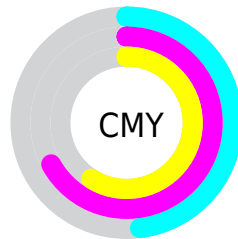
- Red (52%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 132, 85, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 132, 85, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



132, 85, 105



132, 85, 105

255, 255, 255



106, 61, 81



186, 135, 156



81, 39, 58



214, 162, 183



57, 16, 36



243, 189, 211



37, 0, 15



255, 217, 239



0, 0, 0



255, 245, 255



132, 85, 105



132, 85, 105



132, 72, 97



132, 98, 113



132, 59, 90



132, 111, 120

■ 132, 45, 82

■ 132, 125, 128

■ 132, 32, 75

■ 132, 138, 135

■ 132, 19, 67

■ 132, 151, 143

■ 132, 6, 60

■ 132, 164, 150

■ 132, 0, 56

■ 132, 177, 158

■ 132, 191, 166

■ 132, 204, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 89, 122



132, 85, 105



136, 85, 86

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 85, 105



98, 102, 63



38, 107, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 85, 105



85, 132, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34, 109, 112



132, 85, 105



76, 106, 75

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 85, 105



117, 96, 62



53, 109, 93



64, 102, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 85, 105



133, 88, 75



53, 109, 93



33, 108, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 85, 105



171, 152, 160



112, 85, 132



87, 75, 80



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 85, 105



171, 97, 129



132, 88, 85



66, 60, 62



130, 0, 55



3, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 85, 105



171, 97, 129



85, 129, 132



66, 60, 62



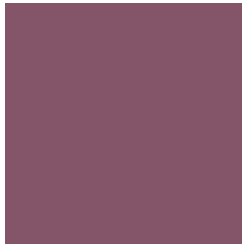
130, 0, 55



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 85, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

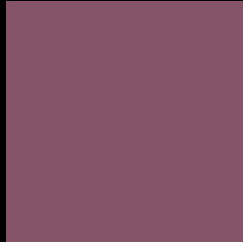
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 85, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

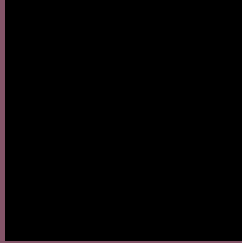
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 132, 85, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 85, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 85, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

132, 85, 105

Protanopia

97, 98, 113

Deuteranopia

107, 96, 103



Tritanopia
131, 87, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

132, 85, 105

Protanomaly

110, 93, 110

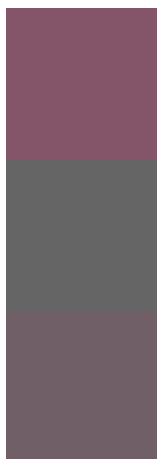
Deuteranomaly

116, 92, 104

Tritanomaly

131, 86, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color

132, 85, 105

Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly

112, 95, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 132, 85, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(132, 85, 105) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 85, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 85, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 85, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 132, 85, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 85, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 85, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 85, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 85, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 85, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 85,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 132, 85, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 85, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 85,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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