

Converting Colors

RGB(132, 92, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(132, 92, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(132, 92, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	845C7B
RGB	132, 92, 123
RGB Percent	52%, 36%, 48%
CMY	0.4824, 0.6392, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.07, 0.48
HSL	314°, 18%, 44%
HSV	314°, 30%, 52%
XYZ	16.9180, 13.9899, 20.5475
YIQ	107.4940, 13.8890, 18.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

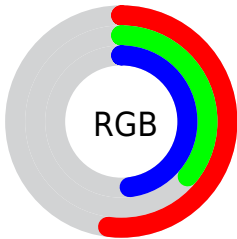
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 92, 123
Decimal	8674427
CIE _{Lab}	44.22, 21.70, -10.89
CIE _{LCh}	44, 24.278, 333.342
Yxy	13.9899, 0.3288, 0.2719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286864507 (0xFF845C7B)
YUV	107.4940, 7.6445, 21.4918
Hunter-Lab	37.4031, 15.2831, -6.3891

Details

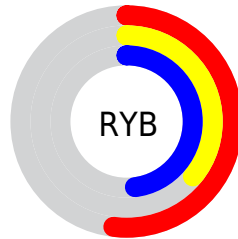
The RGB color **132, 92, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **92, 132, 101**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 143, 175**, and **82, 45, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 79, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 105, 126**.

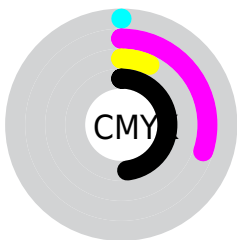
Distribution



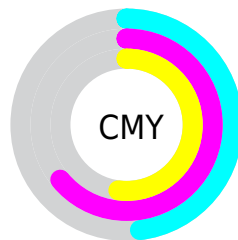
- Red (52%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 132, 92, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 132, 92, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



132, 92, 123



132, 92, 123

255, 255, 255



106, 68, 98



186, 143, 175



82, 45, 74



214, 169, 203



58, 23, 52



242, 197, 231



37, 0, 31



255, 225, 255



0, 0, 2

255, 254, 255



0, 0, 0



132, 92, 123



132, 92, 123



132, 79, 120



132, 105, 126



132, 66, 117



132, 118, 129

■ 132, 52, 114

■ 132, 132, 132

■ 132, 39, 111

■ 132, 145, 135

■ 132, 26, 108

■ 132, 158, 138

■ 132, 13, 105

■ 132, 171, 141

■ 132, 0, 102

■ 132, 184, 144

■ 132, 198, 147

■ 132, 211, 150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 99, 138



132, 92, 123



143, 89, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 92, 123



116, 104, 64



31, 115, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 92, 123



92, 132, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 115, 106



132, 92, 123



95, 110, 70

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 92, 123



133, 97, 69



70, 114, 86



48, 111, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 92, 123



144, 90, 90



70, 114, 86



33, 115, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 92, 123



171, 155, 167



101, 92, 132



87, 77, 85



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 92, 123



171, 109, 157



132, 92, 103



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 101



3, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 92, 123



171, 109, 157



92, 132, 121



66, 60, 65



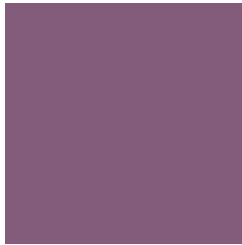
130, 0, 101



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 92, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

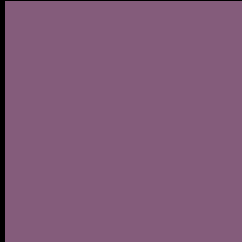
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 132, 92, 123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

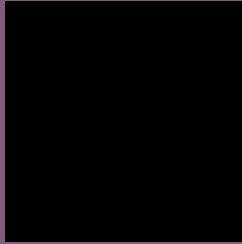
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 132, 92, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 92, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 132, 92, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

132, 92, 123

Protanopia

98, 104, 131

Deuteranopia

107, 102, 121



Tritanopia
129, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color

132, 92, 123

Protanomaly

110, 100, 128

Deuteranomaly

116, 98, 122

Tritanomaly

130, 95, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

132, 92, 123

Achromatopsia

107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly

116, 102, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 132, 92, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(132, 92, 123) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 92, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 92, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 92, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 132, 92, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 92, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 92, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 92, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 92, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 92, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 92,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 132, 92, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 92, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 92,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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