

Converting Colors

RGB(133, 147, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(133, 147, 147) contains.

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Color

RGB(133, 147, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	859393
RGB	133, 147, 147
RGB Percent	52%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4235, 0.4235
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 6%, 55%
HSV	180°, 10%, 58%
XYZ	25.3730, 27.9606, 31.6634
YIQ	142.8140, -8.3440, -2.9680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

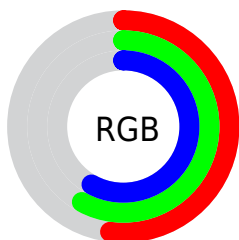
Format	Color
RYB	133, 140, 147
Decimal	8754067
CIELab	59.85, -5.01, -1.72
CIELCh	60, 5.296, 198.983
Yxy	27.9606, 0.2985, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286944147 (0xFF859393)
YUV	142.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069
Hunter-Lab	52.8778, -6.8840, 1.5114

Details

The RGB color **133, 147, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 133, 133**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 201, 201**, and **83, 96, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 147, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148, 147, 147**.

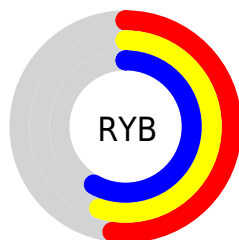
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (58%)

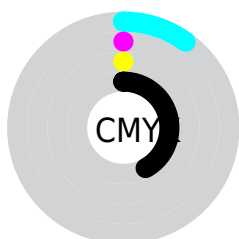
Blue (58%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (58%)

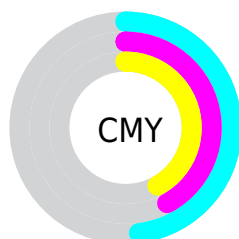


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation

Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 133, 147, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 133, 147, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 133, 147, 147

255, 255, 255

 186, 201, 201


 214, 229, 229


 242, 255, 255

 133, 147, 147

 108, 121, 121

 83, 96, 97

 60, 73, 73

 38, 50, 50

 18, 29, 29

 0, 0, 4


 0, 0, 0


 133, 147, 147


 118, 147, 147

 133, 147, 147


 148, 147, 147

 104, 147, 147


 162, 147, 147


 89, 147, 147


 177, 147, 147


 74, 147, 147


 192, 147, 147


 60, 147, 147


 207, 147, 147


 45, 147, 147

 221, 147, 147

 30, 147, 147

 236, 147, 147

 15, 147, 147

 251, 147, 147

 1, 147, 147

 255, 147, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135, 147, 142



133, 147, 147



134, 146, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133, 147, 147



149, 142, 150



150, 143, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133, 147, 147



147, 133, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154, 142, 137



133, 147, 147



153, 141, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133, 147, 147



143, 144, 153



155, 141, 141



145, 145, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133, 147, 147



136, 146, 153



155, 141, 141



151, 143, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133, 147, 147



186, 191, 191



133, 147, 133



93, 97, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133, 147, 147



170, 191, 191



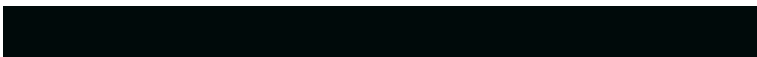
133, 140, 147



67, 74, 74



0, 138, 138



0, 10, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 133, 147



191, 170, 191



147, 140, 133



74, 67, 74



138, 0, 138



10, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 133, 147, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

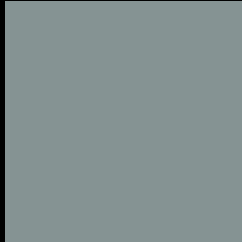
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 133, 147, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

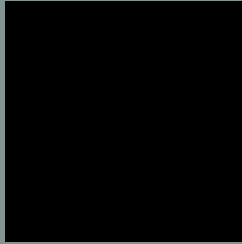
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

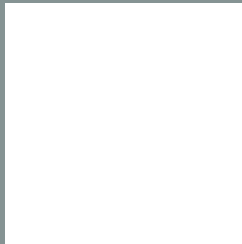
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 133, 147, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 133, 147, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 133, 147, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
133, 147, 147

Protanopia
146, 143, 145

Deuteranopia
156, 140, 148



Tritanopia

135, 145, 157

Trichromacy

	Original Color 133, 147, 147
	Protanomaly 141, 144, 146
	Deuteranomaly 148, 143, 148
	Tritanomaly 134, 146, 153

Monochromacy

	Original Color 133, 147, 147
	Achromatopsia 143, 143, 143
	Achromatomaly 139, 144, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 133, 147, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(133, 147, 147) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 147, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 147, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 147, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 133, 147, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 147, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 147, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 147, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 147, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 147, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 147,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 133, 147, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 147, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
147, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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