

Converting Colors

RGB(133, 7, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(133, 7, 101) contains.

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Color

RGB(133, 7, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	850765
RGB	133, 7, 101
RGB Percent	52%, 3%, 40%
CMY	0.4784, 0.9725, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.95, 0.24, 0.48
HSL	315°, 90%, 27%
HSV	315°, 95%, 52%
XYZ	12.0978, 6.0781, 12.8475
YIQ	55.3900, 44.9220, 55.9460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

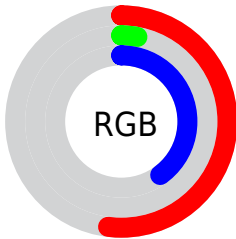
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 7, 101
Decimal	8718181
CIE _{Lab}	29.61, 54.92, -19.46
CIE _{LCh}	30, 58.269, 340.490
Yxy	6.0781, 0.3900, 0.1959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286908261 (0xFF850765)
YUV	55.3900, 22.4857, 68.0640
Hunter-Lab	24.6538, 44.4473, -13.6393

Details

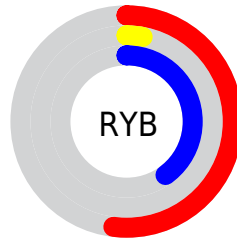
The RGB color **133, 7, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **7, 133, 39**, and the grayscale version is **55, 55, 55**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 74, 152**, and **79, 0, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133, 0, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 20, 104**.

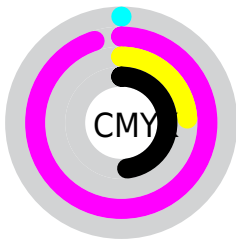
Distribution



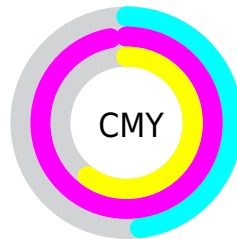
- Red (52%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 133, 7, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 133, 7, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 133, 7, 101

 133, 7, 101

255, 255, 255

 106, 0, 77

 190, 74, 152

 79, 0, 54

 219, 102, 179

 55, 0, 33

 248, 129, 207

 21, 0, 4

 255, 157, 235

 0, 0, 0

 255, 185, 255

 255, 213, 255

 255, 243, 255

 133, 7, 101

 133, 7, 101

■ 133, 0, 99

■ 133, 20, 104

■ 133, 34, 108

■ 133, 47, 111

■ 133, 60, 115

■ 133, 74, 118

■ 133, 87, 121

■ 133, 100, 125

■ 133, 113, 128

■ 133, 127, 131

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 48, 140



133, 7, 101



146, 0, 56

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133, 7, 101



72, 73, 0



0, 88, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133, 7, 101



7, 133, 39

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 88, 85



133, 7, 101



9, 82, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133, 7, 101



110, 56, 0



0, 87, 37



0, 83, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133, 7, 101



142, 13, 27



0, 87, 37



0, 88, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133, 7, 101



173, 125, 161



39, 7, 133



87, 57, 79



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133, 7, 101



173, 0, 129



133, 7, 39



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 97



3, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 7, 101



173, 0, 129



7, 133, 102



66, 60, 65



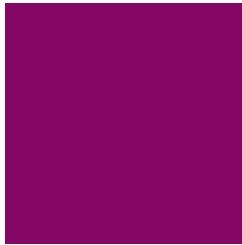
130, 0, 97



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 133, 7, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

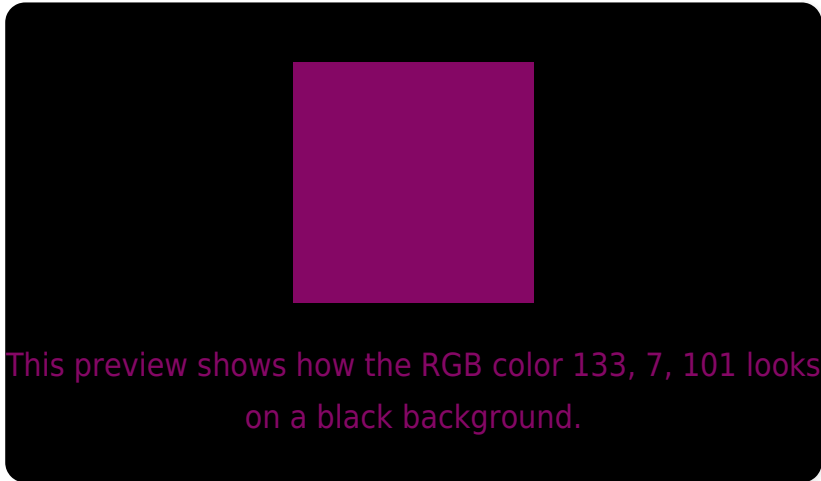
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 133, 7, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 133, 7, 101.

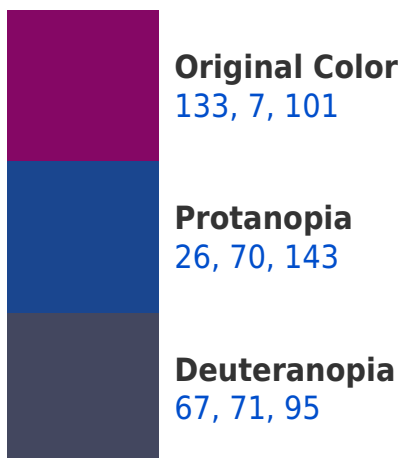


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 133, 7, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
128, 40, 42

Trichromacy



Original Color
133, 7, 101

Protanomaly
65, 47, 128

Deuteranomaly
91, 48, 97

Tritanomaly
130, 28, 63

Monochromacy



Original Color
133, 7, 101

Achromatopsia
55, 55, 55

Achromatomaly
83, 38, 72

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 133, 7, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 7, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 7, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 7, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 7, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 133, 7, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 7, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 7, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 7, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 7, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 7, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 7,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 133, 7, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 7, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 7,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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