

Converting Colors

RGB(134, 101, 195)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(134, 101, 195) contains.

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Color

RGB(134, 101, 195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8665C3
RGB	134, 101, 195
RGB Percent	53%, 40%, 76%
CMY	0.4745, 0.6039, 0.2353
CMYK	0.31, 0.48, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	261°, 44%, 58%
HSV	261°, 48%, 76%
XYZ	24.3355, 18.3158, 53.8824
YIQ	121.5830, -10.5060, 36.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

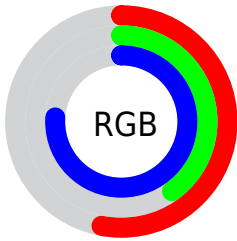
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 101, 195
Decimal	8807875
CIE _{Lab}	49.88, 33.54, -44.61
CIE _{LCh}	50, 55.817, 306.938
Yxy	18.3158, 0.2521, 0.1897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286997955 (0xFF8665C3)
YUV	121.5830, 36.1946, 10.8897
Hunter-Lab	42.7970, 26.6052, -44.6896

Details

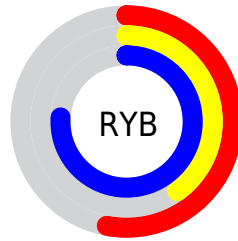
The RGB color `134, 101, 195` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9966CC`. A complement of this color would be `162, 195, 101`, and the grayscale version is `121, 121, 121`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `190, 153, 252`, and `81, 53, 141` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `121, 81, 195`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `147, 121, 195`.

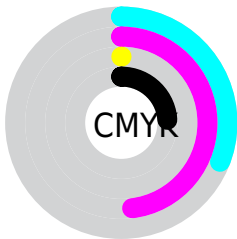
Distribution



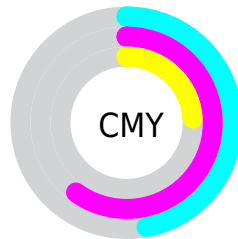
- Red (53%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 134, 101, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 134, 101, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 134, 101, 195

255, 255, 255

 190, 153, 252

 218, 180, 255

 247, 207, 255

 255, 236, 255

 134, 101, 195

 107, 77, 167

 81, 53, 141

 54, 30, 115


 25, 8, 90


 3, 0, 66


 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 21

 0, 0, 0

 134, 101, 195

 134, 101, 195


 121, 81, 195

 147, 121, 195

 109, 62, 195


 159, 140, 195

 96, 43, 195

 172, 159, 195

 83, 23, 195

 185, 179, 195

 71, 4, 195

 197, 198, 195

 68, 0, 195

 210, 218, 195

 223, 238, 195

 235, 255, 195

 248, 255, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 121, 213



134, 101, 195



184, 80, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 101, 195



171, 102, 24



0, 141, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 101, 195



162, 195, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 138, 79



134, 101, 195



132, 120, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 101, 195



197, 82, 64



81, 132, 35



0, 140, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 101, 195



200, 71, 126



81, 132, 35



0, 140, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 101, 195



230, 217, 252



101, 162, 195



113, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 101, 195



157, 106, 252



181, 101, 195



91, 87, 97



56, 0, 161



12, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 101, 162



252, 106, 201



115, 195, 101



97, 87, 93



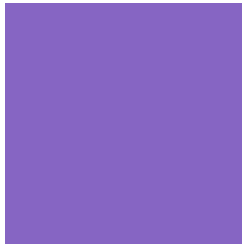
161, 0, 104



33, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 101, 195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 101, 195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

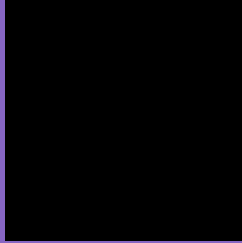
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 134, 101, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 101, 195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 101, 195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
134, 101, 195

Protanopia
76, 116, 209

Deuteranopia
76, 119, 191



Tritanopia
120, 117, 126

Trichromacy



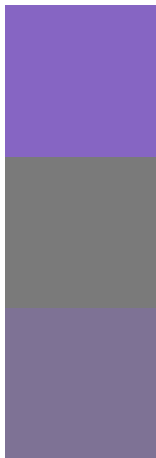
Original Color
134, 101, 195

Protanomaly
97, 111, 204

Deuteranomaly
97, 112, 192

Tritanomaly
125, 111, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color
134, 101, 195

Achromatopsia
122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly
126, 114, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 101, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 101, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 101, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 101, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 101, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 134, 101, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 101, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 101, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 101, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 101, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 101, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 101,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 134, 101, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 101, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
101, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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