

Converting Colors

RGB(134, 144, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(134, 144, 108) contains.

RGB(134, 144, 108)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(134, 144, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86906C
RGB	134, 144, 108
RGB Percent	53%, 56%, 42%
CMY	0.4745, 0.4353, 0.5765
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.25, 0.44
HSL	77°, 14%, 49%
HSV	77°, 25%, 56%
XYZ	22.5115, 26.0976, 18.0382
YIQ	136.9060, 5.5960, -13.3160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

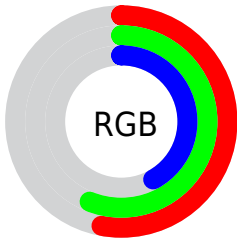
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 144, 118
Decimal	8818796
CIE _{Lab}	58.13, -10.17, 17.97
CIE _{LCh}	58, 20.644, 119.507
Yxy	26.0976, 0.3378, 0.3916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287008876 (0xFF86906C)
YUV	136.9060, -14.2507, -2.5486
Hunter-Lab	51.0858, -10.7420, 14.8250

Details

The RGB color **134, 144, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **118, 108, 144**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 198, 160**, and **84, 94, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 144, 94**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138, 144, 122**.

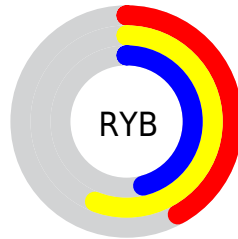
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (56%)

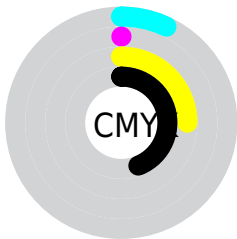
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (46%)

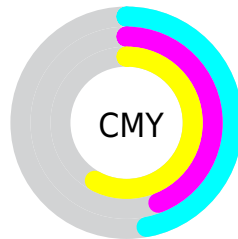


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 134, 144, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 134, 144, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 134, 144, 108

255, 255, 255

■ 187, 198, 160

■ 215, 226, 187

■ 244, 254, 214

■ 255, 255, 243

■ 134, 144, 108

■ 130, 144, 94

■ 126, 144, 79

■ 134, 144, 108

■ 109, 118, 84

■ 84, 94, 60

■ 60, 70, 38

■ 38, 48, 17

■ 18, 27, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 134, 144, 108

■ 138, 144, 122

■ 142, 144, 137

122, 144, 65

146, 144, 151

118, 144, 50

150, 144, 166

114, 144, 36

154, 144, 180

110, 144, 22

158, 144, 194

106, 144, 7

162, 144, 209

104, 144, 0

166, 144, 223

170, 144, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 138, 104



134, 144, 108



113, 148, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 144, 108



96, 146, 170



175, 127, 141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 144, 108



118, 108, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 130, 158



134, 144, 108



117, 141, 175

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 144, 108



87, 149, 157



142, 135, 171



176, 128, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 144, 108



101, 150, 133



142, 135, 171



172, 127, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 144, 108



182, 186, 171



144, 118, 108



92, 94, 85



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 144, 108



171, 186, 130



116, 144, 108



69, 71, 64



98, 135, 0



6, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118, 108, 144



146, 130, 186



136, 108, 144



66, 64, 71



38, 0, 135



2, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 144, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

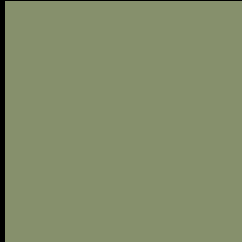
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 144, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

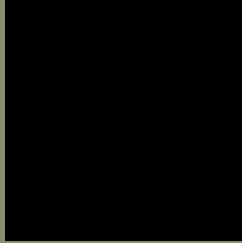
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

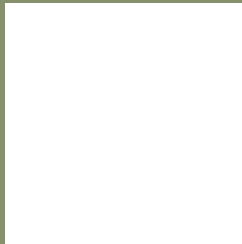
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 134, 144, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 144, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 144, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


134, 144, 108

Protanopia

149, 139, 106

Deuteranopia

163, 134, 110



Tritanopia

140, 139, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

134, 144, 108

Protanomaly

144, 141, 107

Deuteranomaly

152, 138, 109

Tritanomaly

138, 141, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

134, 144, 108

Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137

Achromatomaly

136, 140, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 144, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 144, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 144, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 144, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 144, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 134, 144, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 144, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 144, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 144, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 144, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 144, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 144,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 134, 144, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 144, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
144, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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