

Converting Colors

RGB(134, 176, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(134, 176, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(134, 176, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86B0CC
RGB	134, 176, 204
RGB Percent	53%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.4745, 0.3098, 0.2000
CMYK	0.34, 0.14, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	204°, 41%, 66%
HSV	204°, 34%, 80%
XYZ	36.2559, 40.4786, 63.0290
YIQ	166.6340, -34.0200, -0.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

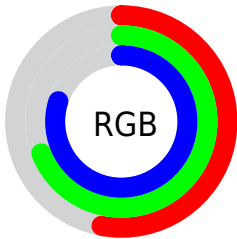
Format	Color
RYB	134, 160, 204
Decimal	8827084
CIELab	69.81, -7.25, -18.74
CIElCh	70, 20.089, 248.851
Yxy	40.4786, 0.2594, 0.2896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287017164 (0xFF86B0CC)
YUV	166.6340, 18.4214, -28.6200
Hunter-Lab	63.6228, -9.6204, -14.2007

Details

The RGB color **134, 176, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **204, 162, 134**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 232, 255**, and **81, 124, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 168, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 184, 204**.

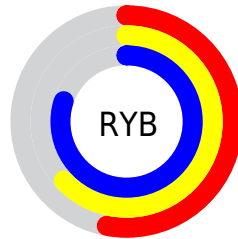
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (69%)

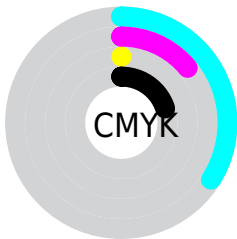
Blue (80%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (80%)

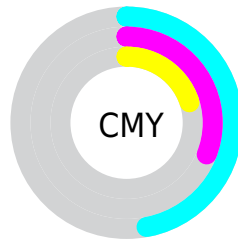


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (31%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 134, 176, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 134, 176, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 134, 176, 204


255, 255, 255


 189, 232, 255

 217, 255, 255

 246, 255, 255

 134, 176, 204


 107, 149, 177

 81, 124, 150

 55, 99, 124

 28, 75, 99

 0, 52, 75

 0, 31, 52

 0, 2, 31

 0, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0

■ 134, 176, 204

■ 134, 176, 204

■ 114, 168, 204

■ 154, 184, 204

■ 93, 160, 204

■ 175, 192, 204

■ 73, 152, 204

■ 195, 200, 204

■ 52, 143, 204

■ 216, 209, 204

■ 32, 135, 204

■ 236, 217, 204

■ 12, 127, 204

■ 255, 225, 204

■ 0, 122, 204

■ 255, 233, 204

■ 255, 241, 204

■ 255, 249, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 180, 193



134, 176, 204



157, 170, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 176, 204



208, 158, 166



158, 176, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 176, 204



204, 162, 134

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179, 171, 135



134, 176, 204



207, 160, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 176, 204



199, 159, 184



196, 165, 137



138, 180, 157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 176, 204



173, 166, 202



196, 165, 137



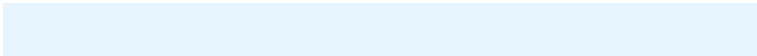
165, 175, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 176, 204



230, 245, 255



134, 204, 162



112, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



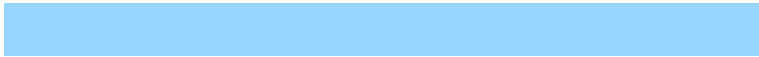
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 176, 204



150, 213, 255



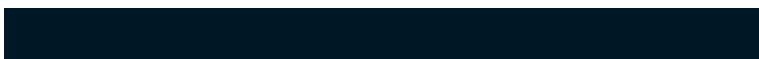
134, 141, 204



92, 98, 102



0, 99, 166



0, 23, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 134, 176



255, 150, 213



204, 197, 134



102, 92, 98



166, 0, 99



38, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 176, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

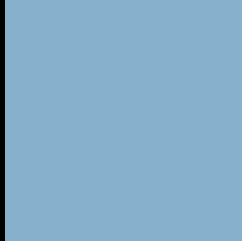
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 176, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

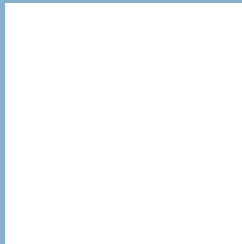
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 134, 176, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 176, 204.

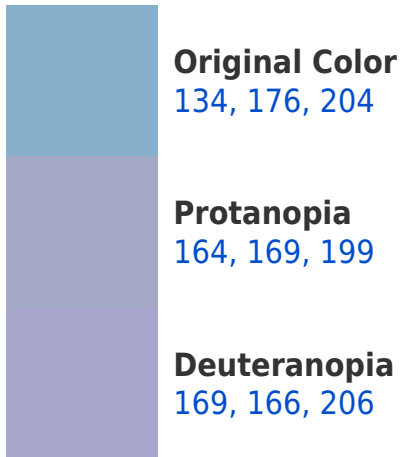


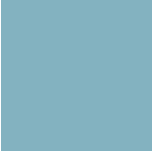
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 176, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

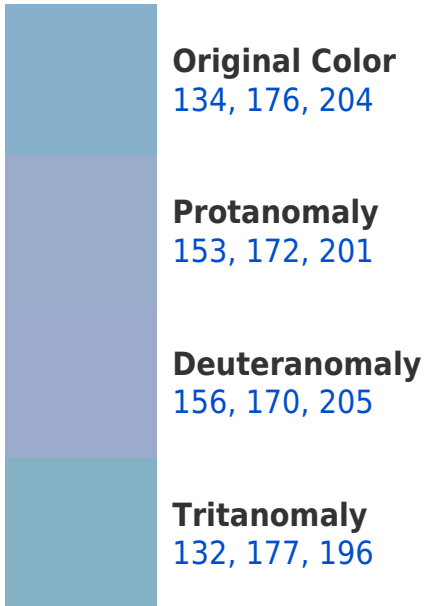
Dichromacy



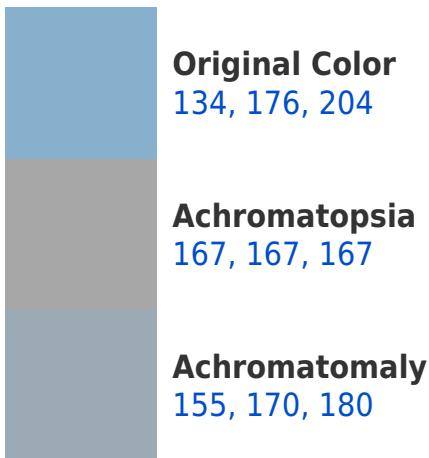


Tritanopia
131, 178, 192

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 176, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 176, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 176, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 176, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 176, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 134, 176, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 176, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 176, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 176, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 176, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 176, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 176,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 134, 176, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 176, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
176, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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