

Converting Colors

RGB(134, 67, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(134, 67, 107) contains.

RGB(134, 67, 107)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(134, 67, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86436B
RGB	134, 67, 107
RGB Percent	53%, 26%, 42%
CMY	0.4745, 0.7373, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.20, 0.47
HSL	324°, 33%, 39%
HSV	324°, 50%, 53%
XYZ	14.4925, 10.1442, 15.1041
YIQ	91.5930, 27.0920, 26.6440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

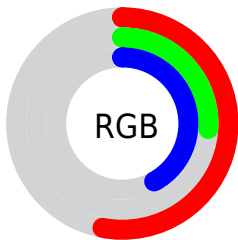
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 67, 107
Decimal	8799083
CIE _{Lab}	38.10, 33.93, -10.26
CIE _{LCh}	38, 35.446, 343.181
Yxy	10.1442, 0.3647, 0.2553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286989163 (0xFF86436B)
YUV	91.5930, 7.5957, 37.1909
Hunter-Lab	31.8499, 25.4846, -5.8220

Details

The RGB color **134, 67, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **67, 134, 94**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 117, 158**, and **82, 18, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134, 54, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 80, 112**.

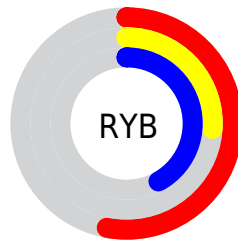
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (26%)

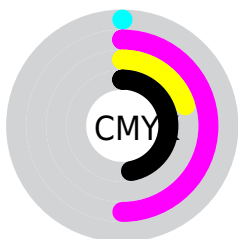
Blue (42%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (42%)

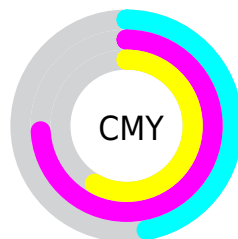


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 134, 67, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 134, 67, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



134, 67, 107



134, 67, 107

255, 255, 255



108, 43, 83



189, 117, 158



82, 18, 60



217, 144, 185



57, 0, 38



246, 171, 213



36, 0, 17



255, 198, 241



0, 0, 0



255, 227, 255



134, 67, 107



134, 67, 107



134, 54, 102



134, 80, 112



134, 40, 96




134, 94, 118

 134, 27, 91

 134, 107, 123


 134, 13, 85


 134, 121, 129

 134, 0, 80

 134, 134, 134

 134, 147, 139

 134, 161, 145

 134, 174, 150

 134, 188, 156

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 77, 132



134, 67, 107



143, 65, 78

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 67, 107



94, 92, 30



0, 102, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 67, 107



67, 134, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 104, 102



134, 67, 107



62, 99, 46

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 67, 107



119, 82, 33



1, 103, 72



0, 97, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 67, 107



140, 69, 60



1, 103, 72



0, 103, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 67, 107



173, 147, 163



94, 67, 134



87, 71, 80



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 67, 107



173, 69, 131



134, 67, 74



66, 60, 64



130, 0, 78



3, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 67, 107



173, 69, 131



67, 134, 127



66, 60, 64



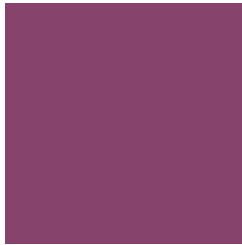
130, 0, 78



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 67, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

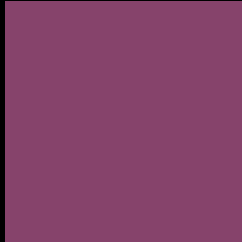
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 67, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

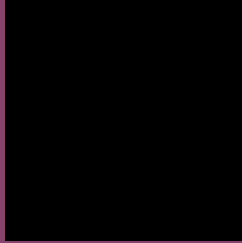
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 134, 67, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 67, 107.

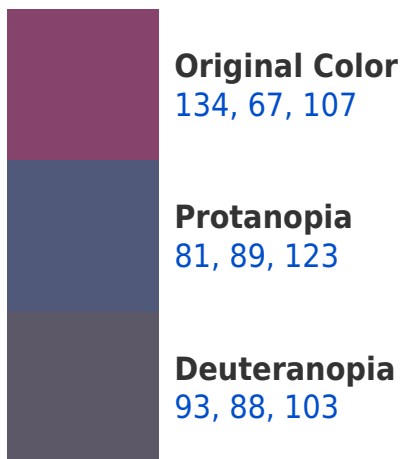


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 67, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
131, 73, 78

Trichromacy



Original Color

134, 67, 107

Protanomaly

100, 81, 117

Deuteranomaly

108, 80, 104

Tritanomaly

132, 71, 89

Monochromacy



Original Color

134, 67, 107

Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly

107, 83, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 67, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(134, 67, 107) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 67, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 67, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 67, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 134, 67, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 67, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 67, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 67, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 67, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 67, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 67,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 134, 67, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 67, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 67,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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