

Converting Colors

RGB(134, 8, 190)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(134, 8, 190) contains.

RGB(134, 8, 190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(134, 8, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8608BE
RGB	134, 8, 190
RGB Percent	53%, 3%, 75%
CMY	0.4745, 0.9686, 0.2549
CMYK	0.29, 0.96, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	282°, 92%, 39%
HSV	282°, 96%, 75%
XYZ	19.2126, 8.9597, 49.4320
YIQ	66.4220, 16.6740, 83.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

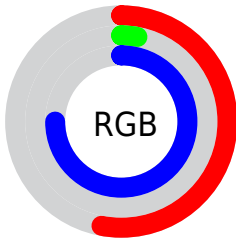
Format	Color
RYB	134, 8, 190
Decimal	8784062
CIELab	35.91, 69.70, -64.22
CIELCh	36, 94.778, 317.345
Yxy	8.9597, 0.2476, 0.1155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286974142 (0xFF8608BE)
YUV	66.4220, 60.9240, 59.2659
Hunter-Lab	29.9328, 62.1895, -76.9606

Details

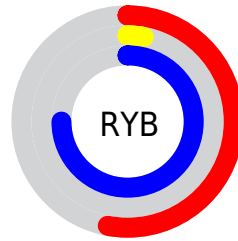
The RGB color **134, 8, 190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900CC**. A complement of this color would be **64, 190, 8**, and the grayscale version is **66, 66, 66**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 81, 247**, and **76, 0, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 0, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 27, 190**.

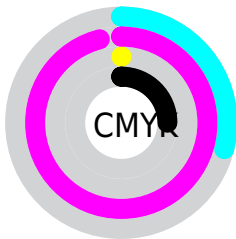
Distribution



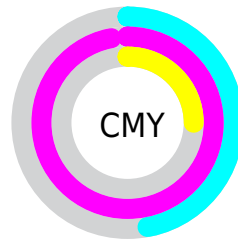
- Red (53%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 134, 8, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 134, 8, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



134, 8, 190



134, 8, 190

255, 255, 255



105, 0, 162



192, 81, 247



76, 0, 135



222, 109, 255



46, 0, 109



252, 137, 255



8, 0, 84



255, 165, 255



0, 0, 59



255, 194, 255



0, 2, 37



255, 223, 255



0, 1, 13



255, 253, 255



0, 0, 0



134, 8, 190



134, 8, 190

■ 132, 0, 190

■ 140, 27, 190

■ 146, 46, 190

■ 152, 65, 190

■ 157, 84, 190

■ 163, 103, 190

■ 169, 122, 190

■ 175, 141, 190

■ 181, 160, 190

■ 187, 179, 190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 81, 235



134, 8, 190



196, 0, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 8, 190



130, 70, 0



0, 111, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 8, 190



64, 190, 8

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 109, 48



134, 8, 190



61, 94, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 8, 190



179, 0, 0



0, 105, 0



0, 112, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 8, 190



207, 0, 70



0, 105, 0



0, 111, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 8, 190



225, 176, 247



8, 66, 190



111, 81, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 8, 190



171, 0, 247



190, 8, 157



91, 85, 94



109, 0, 158



21, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 8, 64



247, 0, 76



8, 190, 41



94, 85, 88



158, 0, 49



31, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 134, 8, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

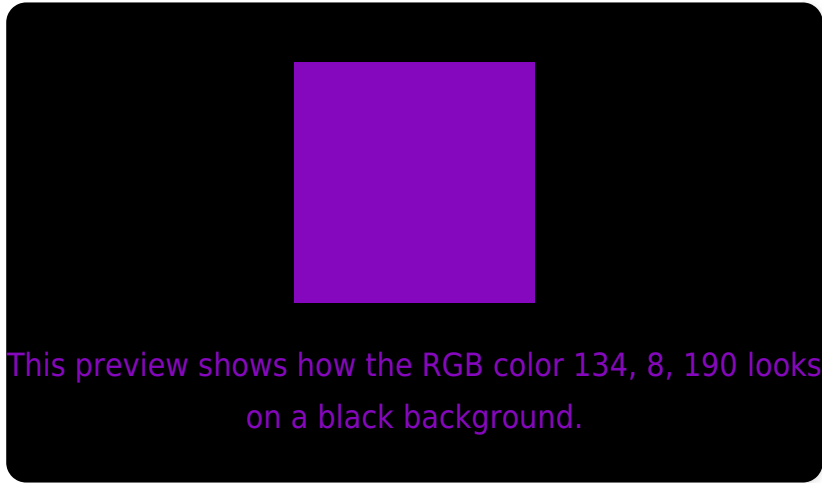
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

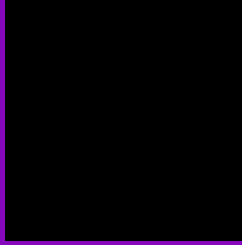
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 134, 8, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 8, 190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 134, 8, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

134, 8, 190

Protanopia

0, 83, 175

Deuteranopia

0, 88, 152



Tritanopia
115, 75, 80

Trichromacy



Original Color

134, 8, 190



Protanomaly

49, 56, 180



Deuteranomaly

49, 59, 166



Tritanomaly

122, 51, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

134, 8, 190



Achromatopsia

66, 66, 66



Achromatomaly

91, 45, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 8, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 8, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 8, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 8, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 8, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 134, 8, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 8, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 8, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 8, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 8, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 8, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 8,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 134, 8, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 8, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 8,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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