

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 105, 146)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 105, 146) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 105, 146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	876992
RGB	135, 105, 146
RGB Percent	53%, 41%, 57%
CMY	0.4706, 0.5882, 0.4275
CMYK	0.08, 0.28, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	284°, 16%, 49%
HSV	284°, 28%, 57%
XYZ	20.2316, 17.3294, 29.4727
YIQ	118.6440, 4.7190, 19.1110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

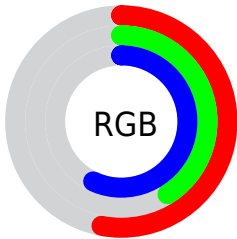
Format	Color
RYB	135, 105, 146
Decimal	8874386
CIELab	48.67, 19.78, -17.87
CIELCh	49, 26.656, 317.900
Yxy	17.3294, 0.3018, 0.2585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287064466 (0xFF876992)
YUV	118.6440, 13.4865, 14.3442
Hunter-Lab	41.6286, 13.9013, -12.8369

Details

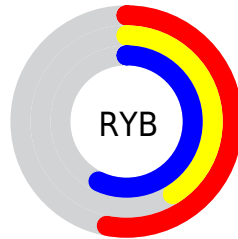
The RGB color **135, 105, 146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **116, 146, 105**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 156, 200**, and **85, 57, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 90, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 120, 146**.

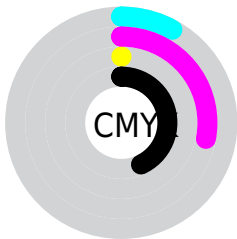
Distribution



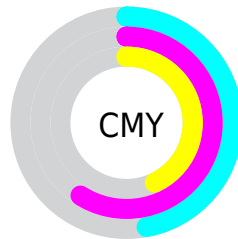
- Red (53%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 105, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 105, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 105, 146

255, 255, 255


 189, 156, 200

 217, 183, 228

 245, 211, 255

 255, 240, 255

 135, 105, 146


 131, 90, 146

 127, 76, 146

 135, 105, 146

 109, 81, 120

 85, 57, 95

 61, 35, 72


 38, 14, 49

 17, 0, 28

 0, 0, 0

 135, 105, 146

 139, 120, 146

 143, 134, 146

123, 61, 146

147, 149, 146

119, 47, 146

151, 163, 146

115, 32, 146

155, 178, 146

111, 17, 146

159, 193, 146

108, 3, 146

162, 207, 146

107, 0, 146

166, 222, 146

170, 236, 146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105, 113, 158



135, 105, 146



154, 99, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 105, 146



139, 111, 72



37, 128, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 105, 146



116, 146, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64, 127, 105



135, 105, 146



117, 118, 72

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 105, 146



154, 104, 83



92, 124, 85



36, 126, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 105, 146



159, 98, 110



92, 124, 85



45, 128, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 105, 146



185, 174, 189



105, 117, 146



92, 85, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 105, 146



171, 125, 189



146, 105, 137



72, 67, 74



101, 0, 138



7, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 105, 116



189, 125, 142



105, 146, 114



74, 67, 69



138, 0, 37



10, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 105, 146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

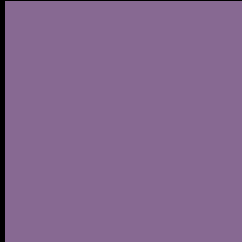
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 105, 146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

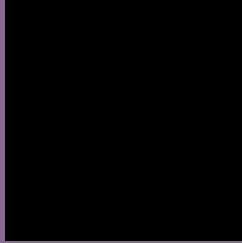
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 105, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 105, 146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 105, 146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
135, 105, 146

Protanopia
105, 114, 153

Deuteranopia
112, 113, 144



Tritanopia
131, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color
135, 105, 146

Protanomaly
116, 111, 150

Deuteranomaly
120, 110, 145

Tritanomaly
132, 108, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color
135, 105, 146

Achromatopsia
119, 119, 119

Achromatomaly
125, 114, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 105, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 105, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(135, 105, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 105, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 105, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 105, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 105, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 105, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 105, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 105, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 105, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 105,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 105, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 105, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
105, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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