

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 108, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 108, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 108, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	876C6C
RGB	135, 108, 108
RGB Percent	53%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.4706, 0.5765, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.20, 0.47
HSL	0°, 11%, 48%
HSV	0°, 20%, 53%
XYZ	18.0610, 16.9587, 16.5088
YIQ	116.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

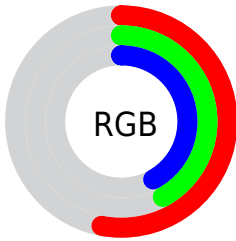
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 108, 108
Decimal	8875116
CIE _{Lab}	48.21, 10.70, 4.06
CIE _{LCh}	48, 11.441, 20.767
Yxy	16.9587, 0.3505, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287065196 (0xFF876C6C)
YUV	116.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990
Hunter-Lab	41.1810, 6.2192, 5.0583

Details

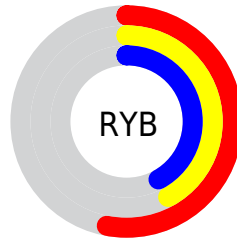
The RGB color **135, 108, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **108, 135, 135**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 159, 159**, and **85, 60, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 94, 94**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 122, 122**.

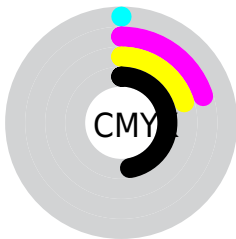
Distribution



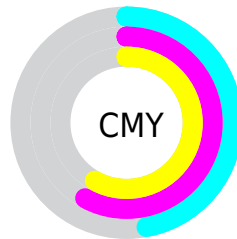
- Red (53%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 108, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 108, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 108, 108


 135, 108, 108


255, 255, 255

 109, 84, 84

 189, 159, 159

 85, 60, 61

 217, 186, 186

 61, 39, 39

 245, 214, 214

 39, 18, 18

 255, 243, 242

 8, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 135, 108, 108

 135, 108, 108

 135, 94, 94

 135, 122, 122

 135, 81, 81

 135, 135, 135

 135, 68, 68

 135, 149, 149

 135, 54, 54

 135, 162, 162

 135, 41, 41

 135, 176, 176

 135, 27, 27

 135, 189, 189

 135, 13, 13

 135, 203, 203

 135, 0, 0

 135, 216, 216

 135, 230, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 108, 118



135, 108, 108



132, 110, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 108, 108



104, 118, 102



100, 116, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 108, 108



108, 135, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 119, 129



135, 108, 108



94, 120, 111

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 108, 108



115, 116, 96



89, 120, 121



112, 113, 132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 108, 108



128, 112, 96



89, 120, 121



97, 117, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 108, 108



176, 165, 165



135, 108, 135



89, 83, 83



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 108, 108



176, 134, 134



135, 122, 108



66, 60, 60



130, 0, 0



3, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 135, 135



134, 176, 176



108, 122, 135



60, 66, 66



0, 130, 130



0, 3, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 108, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

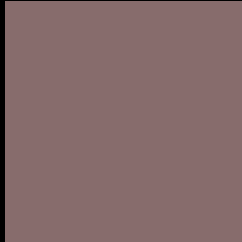
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 108, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 108, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 108, 108.

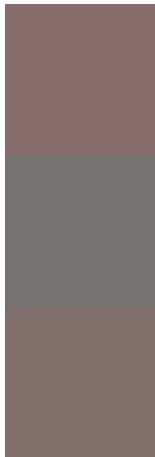


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 108, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
135, 108, 108

Protanopia
117, 114, 111

Deuteranopia
128, 111, 107



Tritanopia
136, 107, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 108, 108

Protanomaly

124, 112, 110

Deuteranomaly

131, 110, 107

Tritanomaly

136, 107, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 108, 108

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

123, 113, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 108, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 108, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 108, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 108, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 108, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 108, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

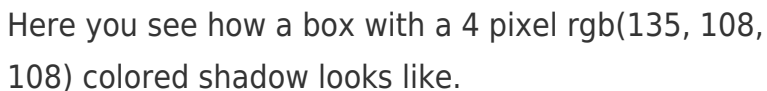
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 108, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 108, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 108, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 108, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 108, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 108, 108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 108, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 108, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
108, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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