

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 111, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 111, 177) contains.

RGB(135, 111, 177)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 111, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	876FB1
RGB	135, 111, 177
RGB Percent	53%, 44%, 69%
CMY	0.4706, 0.5647, 0.3059
CMYK	0.24, 0.37, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	262°, 30%, 56%
HSV	262°, 37%, 69%
XYZ	23.6119, 19.6941, 44.1518
YIQ	125.7000, -6.8820, 25.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

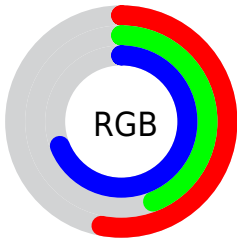
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 111, 177
Decimal	8875953
CIE _{Lab}	51.49, 23.41, -31.67
CIE _{LCh}	51, 39.387, 306.474
Yxy	19.6941, 0.2700, 0.2252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287066033 (0xFF876FB1)
YUV	125.7000, 25.2909, 8.1561
Hunter-Lab	44.3780, 17.3117, -27.9232

Details

The RGB color **135, 111, 177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **153, 177, 111**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 163, 233**, and **84, 63, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 93, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 129, 177**.

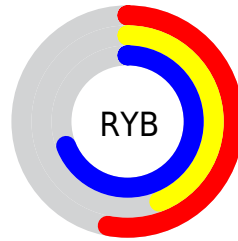
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (44%)

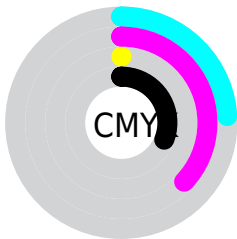
Blue (69%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (69%)

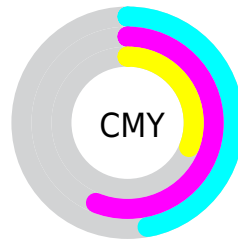


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 111, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 111, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 135, 111, 177

255, 255, 255

■ 189, 163, 233

■ 218, 190, 255

■ 246, 218, 255

■ 255, 246, 255

■ 135, 111, 177

■ 109, 86, 150

■ 84, 63, 124

■ 59, 41, 99

■ 35, 19, 75

■ 16, 0, 52

■ 0, 2, 30

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 135, 111, 177

■ 124, 93, 177

■ 135, 111, 177

■ 146, 129, 177

■ 112, 76, 177

■ 158, 146, 177

■ 101, 58, 177

■ 169, 164, 177

■ 90, 40, 177

■ 180, 182, 177

■ 79, 23, 177

■ 191, 200, 177

■ 67, 5, 177

■ 203, 217, 177

■ 64, 0, 177

■ 214, 235, 177

■ 225, 253, 177

■ 236, 255, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 124, 189



135, 111, 177



170, 99, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 111, 177



164, 111, 61



0, 140, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 111, 177



153, 177, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53, 138, 95



135, 111, 177



136, 123, 53

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 111, 177



182, 100, 84



100, 132, 67



0, 139, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 111, 177



183, 95, 128



100, 132, 67



0, 140, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 111, 177



213, 204, 230



111, 154, 177



105, 100, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 111, 177



164, 126, 230



167, 111, 177



84, 80, 89



56, 0, 153



9, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 111, 153



230, 126, 192



121, 177, 111



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 97



26, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 111, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

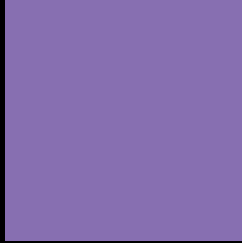
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 111, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

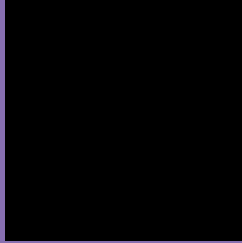
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 111, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 111, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 111, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

135, 111, 177

Protanopia

100, 121, 185

Deuteranopia

103, 122, 175



Tritanopia
127, 121, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color
135, 111, 177

Protanomaly
113, 117, 182

Deuteranomaly
115, 118, 176

Tritanomaly
130, 117, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color
135, 111, 177

Achromatopsia
126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly
129, 121, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 111, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 111, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 111, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 111, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 111, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 111, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 111, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 111, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 111, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 111, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 111, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 111,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 111, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 111, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
111, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor