

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 133, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 133, 153) contains.

RGB(135, 133, 153)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 133, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	878599
RGB	135, 133, 153
RGB Percent	53%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4784, 0.4000
CMYK	0.12, 0.13, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	246°, 9%, 56%
HSV	246°, 13%, 60%
XYZ	24.1290, 24.2259, 33.5413
YIQ	135.8780, -5.2280, 6.6440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

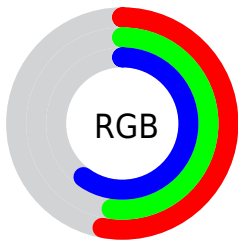
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 133, 153
Decimal	8881561
CIE _{Lab}	56.31, 4.90, -10.40
CIE _{LCh}	56, 11.492, 295.236
Yxy	24.2259, 0.2946, 0.2958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287071641 (0xFF878599)
YUV	135.8780, 8.4411, -0.7700
Hunter-Lab	49.2198, 1.3713, -5.9499

Details

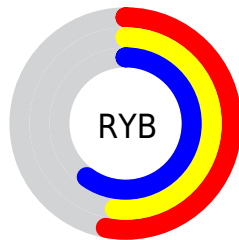
The RGB color **135, 133, 153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **151, 153, 133**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 186, 207**, and **85, 84, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121, 118, 153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 148, 153**.

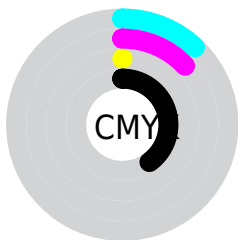
Distribution



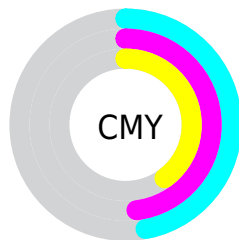
- Red (53%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 133, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 133, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 133, 153

255, 255, 255

 188, 186, 207

 216, 214, 236

 245, 242, 255

 135, 133, 153

 110, 108, 127

 85, 84, 102

 62, 60, 78


 40, 39, 55


 19, 18, 34

 0, 0, 10

 0, 0, 0

 135, 133, 153

 121, 118, 153

 135, 133, 153

 149, 148, 153

■ 107, 102, 153

■ 163, 164, 153

■ 94, 87, 153

■ 176, 179, 153

■ 80, 72, 153

■ 190, 194, 153

■ 66, 57, 153

■ 204, 210, 153

■ 52, 41, 153

■ 218, 225, 153

■ 39, 26, 153

■ 231, 240, 153

■ 25, 11, 153

■ 245, 255, 153

■ 15, 0, 153

■ 255, 255, 153

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 136, 155



135, 133, 153



147, 130, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 133, 153



153, 131, 119



113, 141, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 133, 153



151, 153, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 140, 123



135, 133, 153



145, 134, 115

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 133, 153



156, 129, 127



134, 137, 117



109, 141, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 133, 153



152, 129, 140



134, 137, 117



116, 141, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 133, 153



192, 191, 199



133, 151, 153



95, 94, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 133, 153



170, 167, 199



145, 133, 153



70, 69, 77



14, 0, 140



1, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 133, 151



199, 167, 196



141, 153, 133



77, 69, 76



140, 0, 126



13, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 133, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 133, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

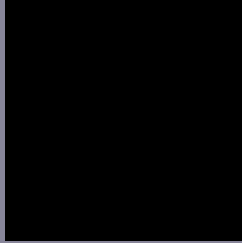
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

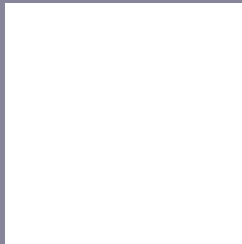
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 133, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 133, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 133, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
135, 133, 153

Protanopia
132, 134, 154

Deuteranopia
139, 132, 153



Tritanopia

134, 134, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 133, 153

Protanomaly

133, 134, 154

Deuteranomaly

138, 132, 153

Tritanomaly

134, 134, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 133, 153

Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly

136, 135, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 133, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 133, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 133, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 133, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 133, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 133, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 133, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 133, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 133, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 133, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 133, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 133,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 133, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 133, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
133, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor